

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1732
TO BE ANSWERED ON 08.12.2021

DEVELOPMENT OF TEXTILE INDUSTRY

1732. SHRI SADASHIV KISAN LOKHANDE:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES वस्त्र मंत्री
be pleased to state :

- (a) the number of handloom, powerloom, synthetic yarn, readymade garments and hosiery manufacturing units, location-wise in the country, as on date;
- (b) the quantum of amount spent on development of textile industry by the Government during each year of the last three years, till date; and
- (c) the steps taken/proposed to be taken by the Government to encourage export of textiles produced by such units?

उत्तर

ANSWER

वस्त्र राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती दर्शना जरदोश)
THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES
(SMT. DARSHANA JARDOSH)

(a): The Government does not set up / establish textile industries/units. The role of the Government is to ensure conducive policy environment, facilitating in creating enabling conditions for the industry and private entrepreneurs to set up units through its various policy initiatives and schemes. Due to these interventions a number of handloom, powerloom, readymade garments, synthetic yarn and hosiery manufacturing units have been setup across the country. Details of such Units may be seen at **Annexure A, B, C & D**.

(b): The details of the amount spent for development of textile industry through various sectoral scheme during the last three years and current year is at **Annexure E**.

(c): The government has taken following major initiatives/ measures to help ameliorate the conditions in textile sector to boost exports, production, demand and job opportunities in the sector on pan-India basis:

- (i) To boost exports in MMF sector, Government has removed anti-dumping duty on PTA (Purified Terephthalic Acid), a key raw material for the manufacture of MMF fibre and yarn and also on Acrylic fibre, a raw material for yarn and knitwear industry.
- (ii) The Government has approved setting up of Seven PM Mega Integrated Textile Region and Apparel (PM MITRA) Parks in Greenfield/Brownfield sites including plug and play facility with an outlay of Rs. 4445 cr for a

period of seven years upto 2027-28. These parks will enable the textile industry to become globally competitive, attract large investment and boost employment generation. The scheme will enable creation of global champions in exports.

- (iii) The Production Linked Investment scheme of Rs 10,683/- crore over a five-year period covering MMF and Technical Textiles sector has been announced which will create global champions in exports and domestic production in textile sector will also grow substantially.
- (iv) In order to make the textile sector competitive by rebating all taxes/levies in international market, Government has also given its approval for continuation of Rebate of State and Central Taxes and Levies (RoSCTL) on exports of Apparel/Garments and Made-ups till 31st March 2024.

Further, Government is implementing various policy initiatives and schemes for supporting the development of textile industry viz. the Amended Technology Upgradation Fund Scheme (A-TUFS), Schemes for the development of the Powerloom Sector(Power-Tex), Schemes for Technical Textiles, Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks (SITP), Scheme for Additional Grant for Apparel Manufacturing Units under SITP (SAGAM), SAMARTH- The Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector (SCBTS), Jute (ICARE-Improved Cultivation and Advanced Retting Exercise), Incentive Scheme for Acquisition of Plant and Machinery (ISAPM), Export Market development Assistance(EMDA), Retail Outlet of Jute Diversified Products and Bulk Supply Scheme, Integrated Processing Development Scheme (IPDS), Silk Samagra, National Handloom Development Programme, National Handicraft Development Programme, Integrated Wool Development Programme (IWDP), North East Region Textiles Promotion Scheme (NERTPS), National Technical Textile Mission, Scheme for Production and Employment Linked Support for Garmenting Units (SPELSGU) etc.

These schemes and initiatives which promote technology upgradation, creation of infrastructure, skill development and sectoral development in the textile sector, create a conducive environment and provide enabling conditions for textile manufacturing in the country and help in boosting the textile sector.

LIST OF HANDLOOM UNITS STATE-WISE

S.No.	States/UTs	Households Own Looms	No of Own Looms In Non-Households
1	ANDHRA PRADESH	92026	1349
2	ARUNACHAL PRADESH	99450	4
3	ASSAM	1246613	2193
4	BIHAR	8378	69
5	CHHATTISGARH	12364	379
6	DELHI	1081	1417
7	GOA	1	15
8	GUJARAT	9771	132
9	HARYANA	681	11078
10	HIMACHAL PRADESH	14273	929
11	JAMMU AND KASHMIR	14711	39
12	JHARKHAND	6976	1631
13	KARNATAKA	22249	1822
14	KERALA	10728	20891
15	MADHYA PRADESH	10163	1906
16	MAHARASHTRA	3354	1000
17	MANIPUR	215397	795
18	MEGHALAYA	43220	0
19	MIZORAM	21861	1014
20	NAGALAND	69363	726
21	ODISHA	47625	536
22	PUDUCHERRY	104	825
23	PUNJAB	644	114
24	RAJASTHAN	5449	997
25	SIKKIM	130	2
26	TAMIL NADU	190716	28032
27	TELANGANA	11544	5551
28	TRIPURA	165713	337
29	UTTAR PRADESH	91732	32510
30	UTTARAKHAND	6264	1104
31	WEST BENGAL	278499	4905
Total		2701080	122302

Number of Powerloom Units in the Country

STATE	UNITS	TOTAL LOOMS	SHUTTLE LESS LOOMS
UP	59038	190874	2690
RAJASTHAN	945	22980	16434
HARYANA	1600	25510	1128
PUNJAB & HP,J&K	1162	14511	1251
Madhya Pradesh	8344	39979	1063
NORTH ZONE TOTAL	71089	293854	22566
GUJARAT	34966	524102	34331
MAHARASHTRA	149613	948891	35429
CHATTISGARH	49	166	NA
WEST ZONE TOTAL	184628	1473159	69760
ORISSA	824	1793	NA
West Bengal	3509	12690	25
BIHAR	3839	20511	12
ASSAM/NE	30	464	NA
EAST ZONE TOTAL	8202	35458	37
Tamil Nadu	89449	562513	8794
Andhra Pradesh	12635	48176	1435
KARNATAKA	18566	68795	199
KERALA	1027	4463	350
SOUTH ZONE TOTAL	121677	683947	10778
ALL INDIA	385596	2486418	103141

Number of Knitted Ready-Made Garment(RMG) units in the Country

STATE	Unit
BIHAR	10
DELHI	481
GUJARAT	14
HARYANA	11
KARNATAKA	52
MADHYA PRADESH	4
MAHARASHTRA	162
NOIDA	236
PUNJAB	4350
TAMILNADU	7990
UP	866
WEST BENGAL	4467
OTHERS (HP & UK)	9
TOTAL	18652

Woven RMG Units in the Country	
STATE	Unit
ANDHRA PRADESH	653
ASSAM	61
BIHAR	8
CHATTISGARH	14
DELHI	22674
GUJARAT	2362
HARYANA	387
JHARKHAND	3
JAMMU	1
KARNATAKA	1584
KERALA	35
MADHYA PRADESH	965
MAHARASHTRA	13837
NOIDA	1067
ORISSA	239
PUNJAB	404
RAJASTHAN	455
TAMILNADU	564
UTTAR PRADESH	1103
UTTARAKHAND	1
WEST BENGAL	6403
NORTH EAST (Meghalaya & Manipur)	7
Total	52,827

Man-made Filament Yarn Unit details:

S.No.	State	Number of Unit
1.	TELANGANA	01
2.	GUJARAT	11
3.	MAHARASHTRA	06
4.	ORISSA	01
5.	PUNJAB	02
6.	RAJASTHAN	02
7.	UTTAR PRADESH	01
8.	WEST BENGAL	01
9.	DAMAN & DIU	01
10.	DADRA NAGAR HAVELI	06

Annexure-E

Details of Expenditure(pan-India) under various Textile Sector Schemes

(Rs. in crores)

Textile Sector	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
Name of the Scheme/ Project/ Programme	Expenditure	Expenditure	Expenditure	Expenditure (upto 26.11.2021)
Handloom	334.33	373.37	317.34	184.79
Handicrafts	195.26	267.73	270.18	137.45
Wool	3.3	16.5	9.33	5.20
Silk	601.29	787.61	650.01	635.47
Powerloom	92	41.51	55.03	15.35
Jute	28.00	104.42	71.50	38.42
Technology Upgradation Funds Schemes (TUFs)	615.68	317.90	556.39	280.82
Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks(SITP)	20.29	41.01	79.91	34.94
Research & Capacity Building	50.27	149.36	199.02	185.91
North Eastern Textiles Promotion	65.71	115.23	79.21	13.60
Total	2006.13	2214.64	2287.92	1531.95
