GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.287 TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 17TH DECEMBER, 2021

HEALTHCARE FACILITIES TO MIDDLE CLASS

*287. SHRIMATI SUNITA DUGGAL: SHRI VISHNU DATT SHARMA:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of healthcare services provided to the middle class section of society by the Government;
- (b) whether the Government has rolled out any specific scheme to provide healthcare facilities to the middle class section of society on the lines of Employees' State Insurance Corporation (ESI) and Central Government Health Scheme (CGHS) facilities;
- (c) if so, the details thereof; and
- (d) if not, whether the Government proposes to launch any such scheme to address the healthcare needs of middle class section of society?

ANSWER THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. MANSUKH MANDAVIYA)

(a) to (d) A Statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 287* FOR 17TH DECEMBER, 2021

(a) to (d) "Public Health and Hospitals" is a State subject, the primary responsibility of providing healthcare services to the people including the middle class section of society lies with the State Governments. However, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Government of India provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs to strengthen the public healthcare facilities. Support is provided to states/UTs under the National Health Mission (NHM) for universal access to equitable, affordable & quality health care services to all citizens of the country including middle class sections of society based on the requirements posed by states/UTs in their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs) and within their overall resource envelope. Further, under NHM, several initiatives for strengthening the health systems to provide healthcare services to people include:

- Ayushman Bharat Health & Wellness Centres (AB-HWCs): 1,50,000 Sub- Health Centres (SHCs), Primary Health Centres (PHCs) and Urban Primary Health Centres (UPHCs) are being transformed into Ayushman Bharat- Health and Wellness Centres (AB-HWCs) to deliver twelve packages of Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) that includes preventive, promotive, curative, palliative and rehabilitative services which are universal. Another essential component of AB-HWCs is the roll out of tele-consultation services through 'eSanjeevani'.
- National Free Drugs Initiative provides essential drugs based on the level of public health facilities free of cost to all who access these facilities. States are assisted to set up robust IT backed procurement, quality assurance, warehouses, and supply chain systems that are benchmarked for key management processes with the best practices in this field.
- Free Diagnostics Initiative (FDI) provides support to States/UTs to provide a set of essential diagnostics at various levels of care, free of cost (14 tests at Sub Centre/Health and Wellness Centre level, 63 tests at PHC/PHC-HWC level, 97 tests at CHC level, 111 tests at SDH level and 134 tests at DH level).
- National Ambulance Services (NAS) supports emergency medical services in States/UTs through a functional National Ambulance Service (NAS) network linked with a centralised toll-free number 108/102.
- National Mobile Medical Units (NMMU) facilitates access to public health care at the doorstep particularly to people living in remote, difficult, under-served and unreached areas to provide primary care services.

• Further, initiatives such as Mission Parivar Vikas, Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS), Pradhan Mantri Surakshit Matritva Abhiyan (PMSMA), Surakshit Matritva Aashwasan (SUMAN), Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY), Facility Based Newborn Care (FBNC), Social Awareness and Actions to Neutralize Pneumonia Successfully (SAANS), Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakram (RBSK) etc. are supported to increase access to quality healthcare services. Support is also provided to strengthen Universal Immunization programme and introduction of new vaccines etc.

The other important health programmes/schemes with the focus to strengthen the health care systems to improve access are:

- Fifteen Finance Commission: Health sector grants through local government has recommended grants aggregating to Rs. 70,051 Crores over the period of five years (2021-2026) through local government to strengthen the healthcare system in states.
- Pradhan Mantri Ayushman Bharat Health Infrastructure Mission (PM-AB-HIM) with an outlay of Rs. 64,180 Crores aims to fill critical gaps in public health infrastructure. It is a Centrally Sponsored Scheme with some Central Sector components. The Centrally Sponsored Scheme (CSS) Components includes support for infrastructure development for Sub-Health Centres, Urban Health and Wellness Centres, Support for 3382 BPHUs, Integrated District Public Health Laboratories and Critical Care Hospital Blocks.
- A Centrally Sponsored Scheme for 'Establishment of new Medical Colleges attached with existing district/referral hospitals', under the ministry has approved establishment of 157 new medical colleges in three phases. Out of these, 70 medical colleges have become functional till date. This Scheme aims to increase the availability of health professionals, reduce disparities in the existing geographical distribution of medical colleges in the country, promote affordable medical education in the country and improve tertiary care in the Government sector which will benefit all citizens of the country including middle class sections of society.
- "Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojana (PMSSY) under the ministry aims to correct regional imbalances in the availability of affordable/reliable tertiary healthcare services and also to augment facilities for quality medical education in the country benefitting all citizens of the country including middle class sections of society. PMSSY, a Central Sector Scheme, has two components setting up of AIIMS-like institutions; and up-gradation of existing State Government Medical College/Institutions. As on date, establishment of 22 AIIMS and 75 upgradation projects of GMCs/Institutes have been sanctioned under PMSSY.