

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3082
TO BE ANSWERED ON 6th AUGUST, 2021**

ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW HOSPITALS FOR CANCER TREATMENT

**3082. ADV. DEAN KURIAKOSE:
SHRI. NIHAL CHAND:**

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has done any assessment to ascertain the number and current status of cancer patients in the country, if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise;
- (b) whether the Government proposes to establish new cancer hospitals in the country;
- (c) if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise;
- (d) whether the Government has sought any proposals from States in this regard and if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise;
- (e) whether the Government has any proposal to start new cancer hospitals in Kerala to provide free and advanced treatment for cancer patients in the State; and
- (f) whether such a hospital is also proposed to be setup in the Idukki district in Kerala and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SMT. BHARATI PRAVIN PAWAR)**

- (a) Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) has published “National Cancer Registry Programme Report, 2020” based on Cancer Registry Data. The State/UT wise estimated incidence of cancer cases in the country is as per **Annexure-I**.
- (b) and (c) Health is a state subject. The Central Government is, however, implementing Strengthening of Tertiary Care for Cancer Scheme in order to enhance the facilities for tertiary care of cancer. 19 State Cancer Institutes (SCIs) and 20 Tertiary Care Cancer Centres (TCCCs) have been approved so far under the said scheme.

There is also focus on Oncology in its various aspects in case of new AIIMS and many upgraded institutions under Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojna (PMSSY). Setting up of National Cancer Institute at Jhajjar (Haryana) and second campus of Chittaranjan National Cancer Institute, Kolkata are also steps in this direction. All these will enhance the capacity for treatment of cancer in the country.

The treatment for in-patient care is also available under Ayushman Bharat - Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PMJAY) for 10.74 crore families eligible under AB-PMJAY as per Socio Economic Caste Census (SECC) database.

(d) to (f) The Government first intends to complete the setting up of 19 SCIs and 20 TCCCs. Fresh proposals from States/UTs have not been sought by the Government.

ANNEXURE-1**Estimated incidence of cancer cases in India by different State/UT –****All sites (ICD10:COO-C97) – (2018-2020) *Both sexes**

State	2018	2019	2020
Jammu & Kashmir	12344	12675	13012
Himachal Pradesh	8412	8589	8799
Punjab	36888	37744	38636
Chandigarh	966	994	1024
Uttaranchal	10932	11216	11482
Haryana	27665	28453	29219
Delhi	23678	24436	25178
Rajasthan	67380	69156	70987
Uttar Pradesh	192019	106652	201319
Bihar	98383	101014	103711
Sikkim	437	443	445
Arunachal Pradesh	991	1015	1035
Nagaland	1684	1719	1768
Manipur	1803	1844	1899
Mizoram	1742	1783	1837
Tripura	2454	2507	2574
Meghalaya	2741	2808	2879
Assam	36029	36948	37880
West Bengal	103309	105814	108394
Jharkhand	32150	33045	33961
Orissa	48491	49604	50692

Chattisgarh	26443	27113	27828
Madhya Pradesh	73957	75911	77888
Gujarat	66069	67841	69660
Daman	107	118	124
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	173	186	206
Maharashtra	110696	113374	116121
Telangana	45335	46464	47620
Andhra Pradesh	67370	68883	70424
Karnataka	81729	83824	85968
Goa	1543	1591	1618
Lakshadweep	27	27	27
Kerala	55145	56148	57155
Tamil Nadu	84320	86596	88866
Pondicherry	1469	1523	1577
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	351	357	366
TOTAL	1325232	1358415	1392179

Ref. National Cancer Registry Program Report 2020

*Projected Cancer Cases for India were computed using age specific incidence rate of 28 PBCRs of 2012 to 2016 and the projected population (person-years)