

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2821
TO BE ANSWERED ON 05.08.2021

FEATURES OF JJM

2821. DR. KALANIDHI VEERASWAMY:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the features of the Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM);
- (b) the details of the funds sanctioned, allocated and utilized under this mission within Tamil Nadu during the last three years and the current year;
- (c) the details of the number of areas covered under this mission within Tamil Nadu so far;
- (d) whether the Government is aware that amid water scarcity in Chennai, mixing of sewage water with potable drinking water has become a common problem in the localities of North Chennai, making these localities susceptible to waterborne infections;
- (e) whether the Government has made any plan of relaying the sewage and water lines under this mission; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI PRAHLAD SINGH PATEL)

(a) Since August, 2019, Government of India in partnership with States, is implementing Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) across the country including Tamil Nadu, to make provision of potable water supply to every rural household through Functional Household Tap Connections (FHTCs), by 2024.

(b) The details of Central fund allocated, fund drawn by the State and reported utilization in Tamil Nadu under the then National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) in 2018-19 and under JJM in 2019-20, 2020-21 & 2021-22 (as on 02.08.2021) is as under:

(Amount in ₹ Crore)

Year	Central					Expenditure under State share
	Opening Balance	Allocation	Fund Drawn	Total fund available	Reported utilization	
2018-19	0.68	180.99	167.31	167.99	168.92	363.02
2019-20	1.49	373.87	373.10	374.59	114.58	99.14
2020-21	264.09	921.99	690.36	954.45	576.97	399.57
2021-22*	377.48	3,691.21	614.25	991.73	72.90	84.00

Source: JJM-IMIS * As on 02.08.2021

(c) At the time of announcement of Jal Jeevan Mission on 15th August, 2019, out of total 1.26 Crore rural households in Tamil Nadu, 21.76 lakh (17.15%) rural households had tap water connections. Since then, 21.20 lakh (16.71%) rural households have been provided tap water connections. Thus, as on date, 42.97 lakh (33.86%) rural households have provision of tap water supply. State/ UT, district and village-wise progress as well as status of provision of tap water supply is available in public domain at:

<https://ejalshakti.gov.in/jjmreport/JJMIndia.aspx>

(d) to (f) As informed by the Ministry of Housing & Urban Affairs, sanitation is a State subject and Government of India supplements the efforts of the States and Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) in providing infrastructure for basic services inter alia which include sewerage infrastructure.

In June, 2015, the Government has launched Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation (AMRUT) in 500 selected cities across the country including Chennai. The mission focuses on development of basic infrastructure, in the selected cities and towns, in the sectors of water supply; sewerage and septage management; storm water drainage; green spaces and parks; and non-motorized urban transport.

The water supply component includes new, augmentation and rehabilitation of water supply system; rejuvenation of water bodies for drinking water supply and special water supply arrangement for difficult areas, hills and coastal cities, including those having water quality problem.

Government of Tamil Nadu has taken up four (4) projects of water supply worth Rs. 1,393,41 Crore in Chennai, which are under implementation. Similarly, the State Government has taken up four sewerage and septage management projects worth Rs. 1,810.89 Crore, of which two projects worth Rs. 685 Crore have been completed and remaining two projects worth Rs. 1,125.89 Crore are under implementation.
