GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF CIVIL AVIATION LOK SABHA

STARRED QUESTION NO. : 248 (To be answered on the 5th August 2021)

SETTING UP OF FLYING TRAINING INSTITUTES

*248. SHRIMATI SAJDA AHMED

Will the Minister of CIVIL AVIATION नागर विमानन मंत्री

be pleased to state:-

(a) whether the Government has taken any steps for advancement of the flying training in the country and if so, the details thereof;

(b) the number of commercial pilots trained during the last three years;

(c) whether the Government proposes to set up new flying training institutes in the country including West Bengal and if so, the details thereof;

(d) whether the Government has assessed the job loss of pilots during Covid-19 pandemic and if so, the details thereof; and

(e) whether any scheme has been introduced to help/support those pilots and

ANSWER

Minister of CIVIL AVIATION नागर विमानन मंत्री

(Shri Jyotiraditya M. Scindia)

(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 248 REGARDING "SETTING UP OF FLYING TRAINING INSTITUTES" TO BE ANSWERED ON 05.08.2021

(a) Yes, Sir. The Government has taken several steps for advancement of

flying training in the country, which include the following:

i. Airports Authority of India (AAI) has come up with a liberalised Flying Training Organisations (FTO) policy wherein the concept of airport royalty (revenue share payment by FTOs to AAI) has been abolished and land rentals have been significantly rationalised. Under this policy, eight new FTOs are likely to be established at five AAI airports - Belagavi (Karnataka), Jalgaon (Maharashtra), Kalaburgi (Karnataka), Khajuraho (Madhya Pradesh) and Lilabari (Assam). Agreements between AAI and the winning bidders have been signed.

ii. DGCA is planning to increase the frequency of examinations of flying cadets with a view to reduce the lead time for obtaining the Commercial Pilot

Licence (CPL).

iii. DGCA has modified its regulations to empower Flying Instructors with the right to authorise flight operations at FTOs. This may help increase the flying hours and aircraft utilisation at each FTO and lead to faster completion of the CPL requirements.

iv. India's largest flying academy - Indira Gandhi Rashtriya Uran Akademi (IGRUA) at Amethi (Uttar Pradesh) - has been permitted to carry out pilot training in Gondia (Maharashtra) and Kalaburagi (Karnataka) to enhance its flying hours and aircraft utilisation, which get severely affected during winter months due to visibility issues.

v. IGRUA has been directed to operate on all weekends and holidays in order to enhance its flying hours. Other private FTOs are also being encouraged to

do so.

(b) The number of commercial pilots who have completed flying training in India during the last three years are as under:

Year Number of pilots

2018 415 2019 430

2019 430 2020 335

- (c) Flying training institutes can be established as per the guidelines laid down under Civil Aviation Requirements (CAR) Section 7, Series D, Part I issued by DGCA. Any State Government or private entity may apply to DGCA for setting up of an FTO.
- (d) and (e) The Covid-19 pandemic has resulted in job losses in the aviation sector across the world, including in India. According to information received from airlines in India, while they have undertaken several measures to rationalise their cost-structure, so far, no person employed by them in the pilot category has had his/her services discontinued due to the Covid-19 pandemic.