

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.2524
TO BE ANSWERED ON 05.03.2020**

Potable Water Schemes in MP

†2524. SHRIMATI RITI PATHAK:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of schemes implemented by the Union Government in Madhya Pradesh for potable water and hygiene, district-wise;
- (b) whether the Union Government is aware about any type of irregularities in implementation of these schemes; and
- (c) if so, the details thereof?

**ANSWER
MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA)**

(a) Government of India, in partnership with the States, has launched Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) to enable every rural household in the country, including Madhya Pradesh, to have potable water at service level of 55 litre per capita per day (lpcd) through Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC) by 2024, with an estimated cost of Rs. 3.60 lakh Crore.

The information about district-wise details of schemes for all States/ UTs including Madhya Pradesh (as reported by the respective State/ UT) are in public domain and available on the website: <https://ejalshakti.gov.in> → *IMIS Reports* → *Schemes handed over to Community*.

For rural sanitation across the country, including Madhya Pradesh, Swachh Bharat Mission (Grameen) [SBM(G)] is also being implemented.

Under SBM(G), 67,80,850 Individual household latrines (IHHLs) have been constructed in Madhya Pradesh from 02.10.2014 to 02.03.2020 and all the 50,228 villages have declared themselves Open Defecation Free (ODF). District-wise details are annexed.

(b) & (c) Water & Sanitation being State subject, State Govt. plan, design, implement, operate & maintain the rural water supply & sanitation schemes. Further, whenever any grievance is received in this regard, the same is forwarded to the respective State Government for appropriate corrective measures.

Statement referred of the reply to Lok Sabha Un-starred Question No.2524 due for reply on 05-03-2020

District-wise, IHHLs constructed and ODF declared villages in MP

As on 03.03.2020

S.N.	District	IHHLs constructed from 2.10.2014	ODF declared villages
1.	Agar malwa	62,866	480
2.	Alirajpur	81,698	537
3.	Anuppur	1,06,235	537
4.	Ashoknagar	86,681	769
5.	Balaghat	1,61,882	1,217
6.	Barwani	1,53,068	690
7.	Betul	1,72,144	1,310
8.	Bhind	1,43,718	858
9.	Bhopal	58,074	466
10.	Burhanpur	70,606	256
11.	Chhatarpur	1,66,523	1,036
12.	Chhindwara	2,60,186	1,839
13.	Damoh	1,82,554	1,143
14.	Datia	56,114	588
15.	Dewas	1,35,442	1,008
16.	Dhar	2,05,874	1,451
17.	Dindori	1,32,604	889
18.	Guna	1,14,902	1,247
19.	Gwalior	82,415	505
20.	Harda	36,646	469
21.	Hoshangabad	1,09,085	883
22.	Indore	53,941	602
23.	Jabalpur	1,04,709	1,325
24.	Jhabua	1,48,959	771
25.	Katni	1,53,096	854
26.	Khandwa(east nimar)	1,40,647	696
27.	Khargone	1,89,846	1,094
28.	Mandla	1,78,807	1,200
29.	Mandsaur	1,56,209	878
30.	Morena	1,32,471	760
31.	Narsinghpur	1,07,921	1,007
32.	Neemuch	66,492	670
33.	Panna	1,24,309	909
34.	Raisen	1,25,690	1,385
35.	Rajgarh	1,47,460	1,647
36.	Ratlam	1,38,179	1,049
37.	Rewa	2,10,459	2,252

38.	Sagar	2,08,376	1,849
39.	Satna	2,15,847	1,643
40.	Sehore	1,13,341	1,048
41.	Seoni	1,91,279	1,582
42.	Shahdol	1,23,927	811
43.	Shajapur	1,03,280	576
44.	Sheopur	89,346	493
45.	Shivpuri	1,90,776	1,216
46.	Sidhi	1,55,894	1,000
47.	Singrauli	1,21,957	712
48.	Tikamgarh	1,43,934	851
49.	Ujjain	1,37,855	1,086
50.	Umaria	79,128	579
51.	Vidisha	1,47,398	1,505
	Total	67,80,850	50,228