801. DR. SHASHI THAROOR:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Swachh Bharat Mission- Gramin (SBM-G) 2014-19 that aimed to achieve an “Open-Defecation Free” (ODF) rural India by constructing millions of toilets and monitoring efficient toilet use has met its objectives;

(b) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether most of the built toilets are completely functional and have maintained water supply structures and if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether the Government has proposed any plans for tackling water and soil pollution and management of excreta for sustainable sanitation and if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI
(SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA)

(a) to (b) The Government had launched Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin) [SBM(G)] with effect from 2nd October, 2014 with the aim to attain Open Defecation Free (ODF) status in the rural areas of the country by 2nd October, 2019 by providing access to toilet facilities to all rural households in the country. As per the data reported by the States on the Online Integrated Management
Information System of SBM(G), sanitation coverage in the rural areas of the country which was 38.7% on 2.10.2014 has increased to 100% and all the 5,99,963 villages of the country have already declared themselves as ODF.

(c) The SBM(G) promotes the twin-pit toilet system with a steep slope rural pan. This toilet requires only about 1.5-2 litres of water to flush the fecal material, meaning that adequate water is available. Further, the incentive for IHHL under SBM(G) was increased from Rs.10,000 to Rs.12,000 for ensuring water storage facility in the toilet for hand-washing and cleaning. As per National Annual Rural Sanitation Survey (NARSS) conducted in 2018-19, 96.5 of the households having access to toilet use them regularly. Also as per Swachhata Status Report 2016 of National Sample Survey Office, 93.9% households having access to water for use in toilets out of the households having toilets. Additionally, the Government of India has also launched Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM) recently which aims at providing Functional Household Tap Connection to every rural household.

(d) Under SBM(G), construction of twin-pit toilet is promoted, which is a safe and eco-friendly onsite sanitation technology. Under this technology, human faeces are automatically converted into organic manure in less than one year. The Department of Drinking Water and Sanitation had also issued a technical handbook suggesting specifications for a safely built toilet which inter-alia provides size of toilet pits, distance of the toilet from a water sources etc. to prevent ground and surface water pollution.

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