GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI,
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANZA REJUVENATION
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2982
ANSWERED ON 05.12.2019

AVIRALTA AND NIRMALTA OF GANGA RIVER

2982. SHRI VINAYAK RAUT SHRI HEMANT SRIRAM PATIL
SHRI RATANSINH MAGANSINH RATHOD SHRI A.K.P. CHINRAJ
SHRI SHRIRANG APPA BARNE DR. HEENA GAVIT

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

(a) the details of the various initiatives carried out by the Government in order to restore river Ganga’s
Aviralta and Nirmalta during the last three years;
(b) whether the Government has launched a unique open-water rafting and kayaking expedition on the
Ganga River to create awareness on Ganga rejuvenation and water conservation recently and if so, the
details thereof;
(c) the details of the various awareness exercises along with the expedition carried out by the team;
(d) the amount of the funds earmarked for this purpose and the details of the number of States to be
covered under this initiative;
(e) whether the Government is successful in popularizing the said awareness campaign and if so, the
details thereof; and
(f) the other steps taken by the Government in this regard to create awareness among people?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI & SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT
(SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA)

(a) Cleaning of river is a continuous process and the Government of India is supplementing the efforts of
the State Governments in addressing the challenges of pollution of river Ganga by providing financial and
technical assistance.

Under Namami Gange Programme, diverse set of interventions for cleaning and rejuvenation of
river Ganga have been taken up. These include pollution abatement activities including sewage, industrial
effluent, solid waste etc., river front management, aviraldhara, rural sanitation, afforestation, biodiversity
conservation, public participation along with the initiatives taken by Government towards Aviralta
(continuous flow) of river Ganga.

A total of 305 projects have so far been sanctioned at an estimated cost of Rs. 28,613.75 Crore,
out of which 109 projects have been completed and rest of the projects are at various stages of
implementation.

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(b) The National Mission for Clean Ganga organised a River Rafting and Kayaking Expedition named ‘Ganga Aamantran’ from Devprayag to Gangasagar, aimed at creating awareness about Ganga Rejuvenation and Water Conservation. The expedition also drew attention to the ecological challenges being faced by Ganga during its journey over the five Ganga basin states i.e. Uttarakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Jharkhand, Bihar and West Bengal, with 34 halt at locations including Rishikesh, Haridwar, Kanpur, Prayagraj, Varanasi, Patna, and Kolkata.

(c) The team, during the expedition, took up public awareness campaigns on the various locations at which they stopped. They organised mass cleaning drives on Ghats and streets, interacted with students of the village/city and spread the message of river conservation. These public participation programmes were duly supported by local organisations. Several cultural programmes, rallies were organised involving youths, students and general public.

(d) There are no funds earmarked specifically for this purpose. The funds have been allocated by the respective SPMG and NMCG for the expedition. An amount of Rs. 8,80,150/- was allocated to the expedition team. However, NMCG, district and state authorities organised reception and logistic arrangements as part of normal public outreach programmes.

All the five Ganga main stem States namely Uttrakhand, Uttar Pradesh, Bihar, Jharkhand and West Bengal have been covered during this expedition.

(e) This was the longest rafting expedition on Ganga in terms of total length covering over 2,500 kms and one of the biggest social campaigns in the world through an adventure sporting event and the message touched large number of people all the way through direct and indirect contacts.

The expedition concluded successfully achieving the intended objectives in large measures. The response of the local population and specially students throughout the expedition was very encouraging which was one of the principal objectives of the expedition.

(f) NMCG is committed to make Ganga Cleaning Programme a People’s Movement and towards this goal, it organises several public outreach programmes to connect with people and directly carry messages to them. Some of the interventions are mass cleaning drives, ghat cleaning drives, organising campaigns, putting up exhibitions, conducting quiz and other competitions etc.