## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2930 TO BE ANSWERED ON 05.12.2019

## Supply of Safe Drinking Water

## 2930. SHRI T.R. BAALU:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

(a) whether the targets of 12th Five year Plan for providing all rural habitations, schools and anganwadis with safe drinking water by December, 2017 have been achieved;

(b) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;

(c) whether the Government has any plan to provide piped water supply to at least 50 per cent of the rural population at 55 litres per capita per day (lpcd) within the household premises or at a distance of not more than 100 metres from their households, if so, the details and the current status thereof;

(d) whether it is true that a large number of States did not prepare States Specific Sectors Policy Frameworks and if so, the details thereof; and

(e) if not, the measures taken by the Government for making the States to prepare the policy frameworks in this regard?

## ANSWER MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI (SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA)

(a) & (b) Under erstwhile National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP), as reported by States/ UTs, as on 01.04.2018, out of total 17.25 lakh rural habitations, *inter alia* covering Government schools and anganwadis, 13.61 lakh habitations were fully covered with provision of 40 litre or more per capita per day (lpcd) and around 3 lakh habitations were partially covered, i.e. with provision of less than 40 lpcd whereas 64,743 habitations were having water quality issues.

(c) Government of India has launched Jal Jeevan Mission (JJM), which aims at providing potable water to every rural household through Functional Household Tap Connection (FHTC) at service level of 55 litre per capita per day (lpcd) by 2024. As reported, as on 02.12.2019, 18.41% [3.29 Crore] rural households have piped water supply with tap connection.

(d) & (e) Based on the 'National Policy Framework' each State should prepare State specific Sector Policy Framework (SSSPF). As reported by States, a majority of States have prepared SSSPF, however, rural water supply being State subject, details are not maintained by this Department.