GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL EDUCATION & LITERACY

LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 206 TO BE ANSWERED ON 18.11.2019

KV AND JNV

†206. SHRI RAMCHARAN BOHRA:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the present number of Kendriya Vidyalayas and Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas is sufficient to meet the growing demand for such schools in the country;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government proposes to increase the number of Kendriya Vidyalayas and Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas in the near future;
- (d) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;
- (e) whether the Government is also considering to increase the number of seats in the existing Kendriya Vidyalayas and Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas to ensure admission of students belonging to the poor and disadvantaged sections; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof and the steps taken by the Government in this regard?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI RAMESH POKHRIYAL 'NISHANK')

- (a) As on date there are 1224 KVs and 637 JNVs functioning in the country providing good quality education to over 13 lakhs students and 2.73 lakhs students respectively. While Kendriya Vidyalayas (KVs) are opened primarily to cater to the educational needs of the children of transferable Central Government Employees including Defence & Para-Military personnel by providing a common programme of education, the Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas (JNVs) are established with the objective of providing good quality modern education to children predominantly from the rural areas without regard to their family's socio-economic condition.
- (b) State/UT-wise details of the KVs and JNVs functioning in the country are annexed.

(c) & (d) Opening of KVs is a continuous process. Proposals for opening of new KVs are considered only if sponsored by Ministries or Departments of the Government of India/State Governments / Union Territories Administrations thereby committing resources for setting up a new KV as well as the availability of necessary sanction of the Government. The proposals received from various sponsoring authorities for opening of new KVs also have to compete among other proposals under the "Challenge Method".

The Navodaya Vidyalaya Scheme provides for opening of one Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalaya (JNV) in each district of the country. Opening of new JNVs is a continuous process which depends on the willingness of the concerned State Government to make available requisite suitable land free of cost for construction of school buildings and the required temporary accommodation (free of rent) to start the Vidyalaya. However, actual sanction and opening of the JNV depends on the availability of funds and approval by the Competent Authority. One JNV each has been sanctioned in all the districts of the country as on 31st May 2014, excluding Tamil Nadu which has not yet accepted the Navodaya Vidyalaya Scheme.

- (e) No such proposal is under consideration at present.
- (f) Does not arise.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (b) OF THE LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 206 FOR 18th NOVEMBER, 2019 RAISED BY SHRI RAMCHARAN BOHRA, HON'BLE MEMBER OF PARLIAMENT REGARDING KV AND JNV

STATE/UT WISE DETAILS OF KENDRIYA VIDYALAYAS AND JAWAHAR NAVODAYA VIDYALAYAS (As on 13.11.2019)

Sr. No.	Name of State/ UT	Number of KVs	Number of JNVS
1	A & N Islands	02	03
2	Andhra Pradesh	35	15
3	Arunachal Pradesh	17	16
4	Assam	58	27
5	Bihar	48	39
6	Chandigarh	05	01
7	Chhattisgarh	35	28
8	Dadara & Nagar Haveli	01	01
9	Daman & Diu	01	02
10	Delhi	46	02
11	Goa	05	02
12	Gujarat	45	31
13	Haryana	34	21
14	Himachal Pradesh	25	12
15	Jammu & Kashmir	36	18
16	Jharkhand	39	26
17	Karnataka	51	31
18	Kerala	38	14
19	Lakshadweep	01	01
20	Ladakh	03	02
21	Madhya Pradesh	110	54
22	Maharashtra	59	34
23	Manipur	09	11
24	Meghalaya	07	09
25	Mizoram	04	08
26	Nagaland	06	11
27	Odisha	62	31
28	Puducherry	04	04
29	Punjab	50	22
30	Rajasthan	76	35
31	Sikkim	02	04
32	Tamil Nadu	43	-
33	Telangana	35	09
34	Tripura	09	07
35	Uttar Pradesh	118	74
36	Uttarakhand	44	13
37	West Bengal	61	19
	TOTAL	1224	637
