GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI DEPARTMENT OF DRINKING WATER & SANITATION LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1820 TO BE ANSWERED ON 28.11.2019

Fluoride affected Habitations

†1820. SHRI KANAKMAL KATARA:

Will the Minister of JAL SHAKTI be pleased to state:

(a) the number of habitations and population affected by fluoride in Rajasthan, district-wise;

(b) the details of the habitation and population affected by fluoride during each of the last five years, district-wise;

(c) the funds sought by the Government of Rajasthan under 'National Drinking Water Programme' to deal with problems related to fluoride; and

(d) the details of suggestions given by the Union Government to the State Government?

ANSWER MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI (SHRI RATTAN LAL KATARIA)

(a) & (b) As reported by the State Government, district-wise number of Fluoride-affected habitations and population is at **Annexure**.

(c) & (d) Rural drinking water supply is a State subject and Government of India assists States/ UTs by providing financial and technical assistance to provide potable water to rural population. Powers to plan, approve and implement rural water supply schemes are vested with States. The funds provided to the States under JJM can be utilized for taking up schemes in water qualityaffected areas on priority.

In March 2016, with the recommendation of NITI Aayog, an amount of ₹ 1,000 Crores was released to various Arsenic & Fluoride -affected States for installation of Community Water Purification Plants and commissioning of Piped Water Supply Schemes. An amount of ₹ 431.29 crores was released to Rajasthan State.

Further, in March 2017, National Water Quality Sub-Mission (NWQSM) was launched as a part of National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP), which has now been subsumed under Jal Jeevan Mission, to provide safe drinking water to 27,544 Arsenic/ Fluoride affected rural habitations in the country. An amount of ₹ 895.50 Crores has been released to Rajasthan State under NWQSM.

Annexure referred in the reply to Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 1820 to be answered on 28/11/2019

S.		As on 01-Apr-2015		As on 01-Apr-2016		As on 01-Apr-2017		As on 01-Apr-2018		As on 01-Apr-2019		As on 21-Nov-2019	
No.										Habitatio Populati			
			on		on		on	ns	on	ns	on	ns	on
1	Ajmer	100	39,685	20	8,821	57	37,272	57	37,272	24	9,612	24	9,612
2	Alwar	287	2,21,966	207	1,36,748	203	1,39,333	170	1,24,912	147	1,10,644	147	1,10,644
3	Banswara	139	1,13,198	288	2,46,367	233	1,76,000	145	1,07,811	104	74,689	102	71,276
4	Baran	8	6,268	8	6,268	8	6,268	2	1,060	2	1,060	2	1,060
5	Barmer	662	1,27,089	644	1,17,597	629	1,16,488	625	1,14,512	549	1,06,449	543	1,02,074
6	Bharatpur	13	19,244	43	74,874	50	73,308	4	1,754	4	1,754	4	1,754
7	Bhilwara	76	22,423	74	23,647	130	74,841	116	69,533	66	32,482	65	31,970
8	Bikaner	36	54,121	16	20,645	12	19,006	8	11,930	6	8,484	6	8,484
9	Bundi	26	24,003	36	35,499	98	97,529	69	61,084	57	44,340	56	43,729
10	Chittaurgarh	90	70,966	136	1,10,558	150	1,05,328	147	1,02,766	141	1,00,527	133	94,316
11	Churu	220	3,55,044	203	3,39,754	110	1,77,585	94	1,56,349	41	51,270	20	27,088
12	Dausa	37	25,307	151	1,54,478	154	1,58,968	153	1,57,719	97	1,09,037	95	1,07,183
13	Dhaulpur	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Dungarpur	279	1,21,939	233	1,07,686	148	65,721	148	65,721	137	60,305	5 134	58,124
15	Ganganagar	16	4,695	5	2,346	4	1,266	3	1,264	2	822	2 2	822
16	Hanumangar h	4	985	4	2,113	2	784	2	784	2	784	2	784
17	Jaipur	397	3,26,964	366	2,95,546	444	3,40,718	159	1,13,728	108	63,755	5 108	63,755
18	Jaisalmer	373	88,636	363	86,362	359	86,716	346	80,786	273	58,821	268	53,881
19	Jalor	507	3,85,816	467	3,76,011	537	3,32,951	517	3,05,260	480	2,60,362	469	2,51,626
20	Jhalawar	3	2,095	4	2,586	12	8,937	12	8,937	8	5,407	8	5,407
21	Jhunjhunun	155	1,52,611	84	91,551	82	1,09,606	49	42,928	29	32,829	29	32,829
	Jodhpur	1,353	3,08,180	1,048	2,07,900	852	1,87,930	598	92,996		53,753	204	,
23	Karauli	157	1,48,241	131	1,21,313	130	1,20,225	125	1,15,568	67	66,300	66	65,276
	Kota	49	60,315	59	72,206	55	61,963	48	53,051	30	27,610	30	27,610
25	Nagaur	872	8,86,854	1,078	12,45,21 4	1,016	10,28,01 1	939	9,74,418	781	7,78,864	772	7,75,913
26	Pali	206	3,05,228	142	1,96,340	182	1,79,054	176	1,65,308	144	1,30,093	144	1,30,093
27	Pratapgarh	2	2,099	2	2,099	37	19,270	37	19,270	37	19,270) 37	19,270
28	Rajsamand	258	89,128	249	84,688	233	80,532	231	78,445	199	65,523	197	65,112
-	SawaiMadh opur	66	40,374	61	39,645	73	69,224	38	51,436	35	50,744	27	44,622
30	Sikar	96	1,03,020	103	1,13,332	109	1,47,321	104	1,36,633	31	49,702	2 27	46,279
31	Sirohi	67	2,15,659	67	2,15,659	146	3,16,002	115	2,56,891	92	1,75,143	92	1,75,143
32	Tonk	490	2,25,235	553	2,30,772	428	2,16,174	214	86,766	149	62,783	132	58,063
33	Udaipur	12	5,912	13	6,530	12	5,394	23	16,102	20	7,849	20	7,849
Total		7,056	45,53,300	6,858	47,75,155	6,695	45,59,725	5,474	36,12,994	4,177	26,21,067	3,965	25,35,141

District-wise number of fluoride affected habitations and population for Rajasthan State

Source: IMIS, DDWS