 DECLINE IN GARMENT MANUFACTURING

731. DR. SHASHI THAROOR:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES वस्त्र मंत्री be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government is aware that there has been a steep decline of 22.6 percent in India’s garment manufacturing between April and August 2023 as compared with the same period in 2022;

(b) if so, the details of efforts made to address those concerns, if not made, reasons therefor;

(c) whether any measures are being taken by the Government to address the acute cash loss being experienced by several mills within the textile and apparel sector;

(d) if so, details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;

(e) whether the Government is planning to support and revitalize the export of cotton yarn, fabrics, made-ups, and handloom products that have experienced a year-on-year decline of 1.21 percent in shipments; and

(f) if so, the time line by which such action will be completed?

उत्तर

ANSWER

वस्त्र राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती दर्शना जर्दोश)
THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES (SMT. DARSHANA JARDOSH)

(a) to (d): The Government of India is implementing various schemes/initiatives aimed at promoting and addressing any challenges being faced by the textiles sector. The major schemes/initiatives include PM Mega Integrated Textile Regions and Apparel (PM MITRA) Parks Scheme which seeks to create a modern, integrated large scale, world class industrial ecosystem, which will help in attracting investments and boosting employment; Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme focusing on MMF Fabric, MMF Apparel and Technical Textiles to boost large scale manufacturing and enhancing competitiveness; National Technical Textiles Mission focusing on Research Innovation & Development, Promotion and Market Development, Skilling and Export Promotion; SAMARTH – Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector with the objective providing demand driven, placement oriented, skilling program; ATUFS to incentivize technology upgradation and modernization through capital investment subsidy for eligible investment in benchmarked textile machinery; Silk Samagra-2 for comprehensive development of sericulture value chain; National Handloom Development Program (NHDP) and National Handicraft Development Program (NHDP) for end to end support for handloom and handicraft sectors etc.

(e) & (f): In order to boost export of textiles products, Government is implementing scheme for Rebate of State and central Taxes and Levies (RoSCTL) on exports of Apparel/Garments and Made-ups upto 31st March, 2026. Further, textiles products not covered under the RoSCTL are covered under Remissions of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP) along with other products. Government also provides financial support to various Export Promotion Councils and Trade Bodies engaged in promotion of textiles and garments exports, for organizing and participating in trade fairs, exhibitions, buyer-seller meets etc. Ministry is also supporting Export Promotion Councils/Association in organizing a Mega Textile Show i.e BHARAT TEX, 2024 in February, 2024 to showcase the strength of the Indian textile value chain, highlighting the latest progress/innovations/trends in textile and fashion industry and positioning India as the most preferred destination for sourcing and investment in textile sector.

****