

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 133
TO BE ANSWERED ON 2nd FEBRUARY, 2024**

CERVICAL CANCER

133. SHRI RAVIKUMAR D.:

Will the **MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of Cervical Cancer Patients and the current prevalence of cervical cancer cases in the country, State/UT-wise;
- (b) whether the Government is aware that the incidences of cervical cancer has changed over the past decade in the State of Tamil Nadu and if so, the details thereof along with the highest number of cervical cancer cases being reported in the districts of the State Tamil Nadu, district-wise;
- (c) the details of the screening programme in place to address cervical cancer cases in the country along with the measures taken/proposed to be taken by the Government in this regard;
- (d) whether there are regional variations in the distribution of Cervical Cancer in the country and if so, the details thereof along with the factors contributing towards such variations; and
- (e) whether the Government has any plan to provide the necessary tools to screen the cervical cancer cases through all Primary Health Centres (PHCs) and Health Sub-Centres (HSCs) in Tamil Nadu and if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
(PROF. SATYA PAL SINGH BAGHEL)**

(a) and (b): As per the Indian Council of Medical Research's National Cancer Registry Program (ICMR-NCRP), the estimated number of prevalence of cervical cancer cases in the country during 2023 is available at Annexure 1. The estimated number of incidence of cervical cancer cases in the State of Tamil Nadu during last ten years is available at Annexure 2.

(c): The Department of Health & Family Welfare, Government of India, provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs under the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD), as part of National Health Mission (NHM), based on the proposals received from the States/UTs and subject to the resource envelope. The programme focusses on strengthening infrastructure, human resource development, health promotion & awareness generation for prevention, early diagnosis, management and referral to an appropriate level of healthcare facility for treatment of the Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) including cancer. Under NP-NCD, 753 District NCD Clinics and 6237 Community Health Center NCD Clinics have been setup.

A population-based initiative for prevention, control and screening for common NCDs i.e. diabetes, hypertension and common cancers has been rolled out in the country under NHM and also as a part of Comprehensive Primary Health Care. Under the initiative, persons more than 30 years of age are

targeted for their screening for the three common cancers i.e. cervical, breast and oral. Screening of these common cancers is an integral part of service delivery under Ayushman Arogya Mandir.

(d) : As per the ICMR - NCRP Report, the Age Adjusted Incidence Rates (AAR) for cervical cancer in different Population Based Cancer Registries in India under NCRP is enclosed in Annexure 3.

(e) : For activities upto district level and below, States/UTs including Tamil Nadu are given financial assistance under NHM in the ratio of 60:40 (90:10 in case of NE and hilly States) based on the proposals received from the States/UTs. It includes financials for equipment to screen cervical cancer.

Estimated prevalence of cancer cases in India by different State/UT - Cervix Cancer	
State	2023
Jammu & Kashmir	2887
Ladakh UT	71
Himachal pradesh	2135
Punjab	10377
Chandigarh	266
Uttaranchal	2768
Haryana	7081
Delhi	5883
Rajasthan	17023
Uttar pradesh	45682
Bihar	23164
Sikkim	122
Arunachal pradesh	329
Nagaland	536
Manipur	494
Mizoram	646
Tripura	861
Meghalaya	519
Assam	8237
West bengal	25822
Jharkhand	8128
Orissa	12002
Chattisgarh	6862
Madhya pradesh	18475
Gujarat	17083
Daman	51
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	72
Maharashtra	30414
Telangana	11525
Andhra pradesh	17146
Karnataka	20678
Goa	460
Lakshadweep	25
Kerala	7765
Tamil nadu	36014
Pondicherry	624
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	106
Total	342333
Ref: National Cancer Registry Programme Report	

Estimated cancer cases in Tamil Nadu (2014- 2023)	
- Cervix Cancer	
Year	Incidence
2014	6872
2015	7046
2016	7224
2017	7402
2018	7584
2019	7768
2020	7958
2021	8144
2022	8337
2023	8534

Table 3: Age Adjusted Incidence Rate (AAR) per 100,000 population in PBCRs under NCRP - Cervix Cancer	
Registry, State	AAR
Papumpare district, Arunachal Pradesh	27.7
Aizawl district, Mizoram	27.4
Mizoram state	23.2
Pasighat, Arunachal Pradesh	20.3
Bangalore, Karnataka	17.7
Barshi rural, Maharashtra	15.3
Cachar district, Assam	15.3
Chennai, Tamil Nadu	14.8
Aurangabad, Maharashtra	14.2
Kamrup urban, Assam	14.2
Delhi, Delhi NCT	14.0
Patiala district, Punjab	13.7
Nagaland, Nagaland	13.3
Osmanabad & Beed, Maharashtra	13.1
Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh	12.8
Hyderabad district, Telangana	11.7
Nagpur, Maharashtra	11.3
Pune, Maharashtra	10.0
West Arunachal, Arunachal Pradesh	10.0
Sikkim state	9.9
Tripura state	9.5
East Khasi Hills district, Meghalaya	9.4
Imphal West district, Manipur	9.4
Meghalaya, Meghalaya	8.8
Kolkata, West Bengal	8.7
Mumbai, Maharashtra	8.3
Wardha district, Maharashtra	8.2
Ahmedabad urban, Gujarat	6.9
Thiruvananthapuram district, Kerala	6.8
Manipur state	6.7
Kollam district, Kerala	6.6
Dibrugarh district, Assam	4.8