MAKE IN INDIA PROGRAMME

1818. SHRI DHANUSH M. KUMAR:
SHRI SELVAM G.:

Will the Minister of COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) the present status of ‘Make in India (MII)’ programme announced by the Government;

(b) the number of manufacturing companies which came forward under this programme, along with the details thereof;

(c) the details of the incentives and subsidies offered to them and the foreign companies which have utilised these benefits to manufacture in the country; and

(d) the details of manufacturing units established in the country, particularly in the State of Tamil Nadu?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY
(SHRI SOM PARKASH)

(a) to (d): ‘Make in India’ is an initiative which was launched on 25th September, 2014 to facilitate investment, foster innovation, build best in class infrastructure, and make India a hub for manufacturing, design, and innovation. It is one of the unique ‘Vocal for Local’ initiatives that promoted India’s manufacturing domain to the world. Presently, Make in India 2.0 focuses on 27 sectors implemented across various Ministries and Departments and state governments.

The activities under the Make in India initiative are also being undertaken by several Central Government Ministries/Departments and various State Governments. Ministries formulate action plans, programs, schemes and policies for the sectors being dealt by them, while States also have their own Schemes for attracting investments. As Make in India initiative is implemented across various ministries/departments and state governments, information on number of manufacturing companies under this initiative is not centrally maintained.
In addition to ongoing schemes of various Departments and Ministries, Government has taken various steps to boost domestic and foreign investments in India in terms of incentives/benefits/subsidies etc. These include the introduction of Goods and Services Tax, reduction in corporate tax, improving ease of doing business, FDI policy reforms, measures for reduction in compliance burden, measures to boost domestic manufacturing through public procurement orders, Phased Manufacturing Program (PMP) and QCOs (Quality Control Orders), to name a few.

The Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Schemes for 14 key sectors (with an incentive outlay of Rs. 1.97 lakh crore) are under implementation across various ministries/departments to enhance India’s manufacturing capabilities and exports. With announcement of PLI Schemes, significant improvement in production, skills, employment, economic growth and exports is expected over the next five years and more. The beneficiaries under PLI schemes also include foreign companies.

Industry is a State subject. Establishing new manufacturing units depends upon business strategy. Hence, the data on establishing new manufacturing units is not centrally maintained. However, under PLI Scheme, 746 applications in 14 sectors have been approved across the country including state of Tamil Nadu.

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