

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1768
TO BE ANSWERED ON 13.12.2023

TEXTILE TRAINING CENTRES

1768. SHRI VIJAY KUMAR DUBEY:

Will the Minister of TEXTILES वस्त्र मंत्री
be pleased to state :

- (a) the total number of textile training centres which have been registered and made operational across the country under the Samarth Scheme in the last three years, State and year-wise;
- (b) the number of persons skilled by imparting training after the launch of Samarth Scheme across the country in the last three years, State/UT-wise;
- (c) whether the Government has conducted any assessment to understand the impact of the skill training activities on textile industry and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) the manner in which the scheme has been beneficial in terms of employment, earning foreign exchange and well-being of the people engaged thereon; and
- (e) the further steps being taken by the Government for the development of handloom and textile sector?

उत्तर

ANSWER

वस्त्र राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती दर्शना जरदोश)

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR TEXTILES
(SMT. DARSHANA JARDOSH)

(a): Ministry of Textiles is implementing (Samarth)- Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector (SCBTS) with the objective to provide demand driven, placement oriented National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF) compliant skilling programme to incentivize and supplement the efforts of the industry in creating jobs in the organized textile (excluding Spinning and Weaving) and related sectors. The scheme also provides skilling and skill upgradation courses to weavers/ artisans in the traditional sectors such as Handlooms, Handicrafts, Silk and Jute. Details of textile training centres registered and made operational across the country under the Samarth Scheme in the last three years, State/UT-wise and year-wise are given in Annexure-I.

(b): State/UT-wise details of beneficiaries trained under Samarth Scheme in the last three years is given in Annexure-II.

(c): An evaluation of the impact of previous version of skilling scheme in textile sector (Integrated Skill Development Scheme) was carried out in 2017-18 and the recommendations of the study were utilized while formulating the ongoing scheme i.e. Samarth.

(d): Samarth- Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector has been formulated with a provision for sustainable livelihood either by wage or self employment to all the sections of the society. The scheme provides demand driven, placement oriented skilling programme to supplement the efforts of the industry in creating jobs in the organized textile and related sectors, covering the entire value chain of textiles, excluding Spinning and Weaving. As per scheme guidelines, Implementing Partners are mandated to provide placement to 70% and 90% of trained beneficiaries under entry level course and upskilling courses respectively for the courses in organised sector. The scheme also addresses the skilling and skill upgradation requirements in the traditional sectors of Handlooms, Handicrafts, Sericulture and Jute, with the provision of self-employment.

(e): Government is implementing various schemes for the development of textile sector viz, Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme, Pradhan Mantri Mega Integrated Textile Region and Apparel (PM MITRA), SAMARTH (Scheme for Capacity Building in Textile Sector), Silk Samagra, National Handicraft Development Programme, Integrated Wool Development Programme (IWDP), National Technical Textile Mission (NTTM), Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks (SITP) etc. and for development of the handloom sector, National Handloom Development Programme and Raw Material Supply Scheme are being implemented.

Annexure-I

Details of textile training centers registered and made operational across the country under Samarth Scheme in the last three years

S. No.	State	2020-21		2021-22		2022-23	
		Number of centres registered	Number of centres made operational	Number of centres registered	Number of centres made operational	Number of centres registered	Number of centres made operational
1	Andaman and Nicobar	0	0	1	1	0	0
2	Andhra Pradesh	4	4	12	19	18	17
3	Arunachal Pradesh	2	0	0	1	1	3
4	Assam	5	9	89	38	9	54
5	Bihar	6	5	7	11	18	14
6	Chandigarh	0	0	0	1	0	0
7	Chhattisgarh	4	4	5	10	3	2
8	Delhi	5	9	12	10	7	6
9	Goa	0	0	0	1	0	0
10	Gujarat	19	11	40	22	8	11
11	Haryana	14	16	29	16	11	9
12	Himachal Pradesh	1	1	2	2	1	3
13	Jammu And Kashmir	2	4	11	11	12	13
14	Jharkhand	10	9	7	5	3	5
15	Karnataka	44	120	191	149	162	177
16	Kerala	0	1	0	3	0	2
17	Madhya Pradesh	7	7	15	25	2	10
18	Maharashtra	26	20	26	17	6	9
19	Manipur	6	1	15	0	1	1
20	Meghalaya	1	0	1	4	0	1
21	Mizoram	0	0	0	2	0	0
22	Nagaland	2	2	4	9	0	2
23	Odisha	5	8	7	9	11	18
24	Puducherry	1	1	2	2	0	0
25	Punjab	2	2	17	4	4	1
26	Rajasthan	2	7	45	17	12	15
27	Sikkim	0	1	1	1	0	0
28	Tamilnadu	211	159	183	188	148	180
29	Telangana	11	17	14	19	44	14
30	The Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	0	2	2	1	1	3
31	Tripura	2	2	6	9	9	7
32	Uttar Pradesh	86	63	204	178	58	58
33	Uttarakhand	3	3	0	3	0	1
34	West Bengal	0	6	4	7	3	6

Annexure-II

State/UT-wise details of beneficiaries trained under Samarth Scheme in the last three year

S. No.	State	No of beneficiaries trained (passed) during last three years (2020-21, 2021-22 & 2022-23)
1	Andaman and Nicobar	41
2	Andhra Pradesh	4,277
3	Arunachal Pradesh	57
4	Assam	4,538
5	Bihar	2,399
6	Chandigarh	87
7	Chhattisgarh	1,617
8	Delhi	2,698
9	Goa	29
10	Gujarat	6,139
11	Haryana	8,502
12	Himachal Pradesh	262
13	Jammu and Kashmir	1,687
14	Jharkhand	1,407
15	Karnataka	31,171
16	Kerala	1,494
17	Madhya Pradesh	3,246
18	Maharashtra	6,635
19	Manipur	1,077
20	Meghalaya	110
21	Mizoram	421
22	Nagaland	810
23	Odisha	3,858
24	Puducherry	277
25	Punjab	661
26	Rajasthan	6,029
27	Sikkim	66
28	Tamil Nadu	34,287
29	Telangana	4,986
30	The Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu	1,383
31	Tripura	926
32	Uttar Pradesh	19,641
33	Uttarakhand	464
34	West Bengal	1,457
	Total	1,52,739
