

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE  
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 336  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 21<sup>st</sup> JULY, 2023**

**CASES OF CANCER**

**336. SHRI RAJVEER DILER:**

Will the **Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of cancer cases identified across the country including Uttar Pradesh during the last three years, State/UT-wise;
- (b) the number of death cases reported due to cancer during the said period State/UT-wise including Hathras district of Uttar Pradesh;
- (c) whether improper eating habits, improper lifestyle and other narcotic substance including liquor are the root cause of the spread of cancer disease and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether the hospitals functioning in Hathras district have the facility of the treatment of cancer patients and if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons thereof;
- (e) whether the Government has formulated any concrete action plan to control this fatal disease across the country including Uttar Pradesh; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof and the steps taken in this regard?

**ANSWER**

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE  
(PROF. S.P. SINGH BAGHEL)**

(a) and (b): As per the Indian Council of Medical Research's National Cancer Registry Programme (ICMR-NCRP), the estimated number of incidences of cancer cases by States / UTs wise during 2020 to 2022 including Uttar Pradesh are enclosed in Annexure I and the estimated number of mortalities of cancer cases by State/UTs wise during 2020 to 2022 including Uttar Pradesh are enclosed in Annexure II.

(c) to (f): The Department of Health & Family Welfare, Government of India, provides technical and financial support to the States/UTs under the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Non-Communicable Diseases (NP-NCD), as part of National Health Mission (NHM), based on the proposals received from the States/UTs and subject to the resource envelope. Cancer is an integral part of NP-NCD. The programme focusses on strengthening infrastructure, human resource development, health promotion & awareness generation for Cancer prevention, early diagnosis, management and referral to an appropriate level of healthcare facility for treatment of the Non-Communicable Diseases

(NCDs), including Cancer. Under NP-NCD, 724 District NCD Clinics, 326 District Day Care Centres, and 6110 Community Health Center NCD Clinics have been set up. In Uttar Pradesh, 65 District NCD Clinics and 332 Community Health Center NCD Clinics have been set up.

A population-based initiative for prevention, control and screening for common NCDs i.e. diabetes, hypertension and common cancers has been rolled out in the country under NHM and also as a part of Comprehensive Primary Health Care. Under the initiative, persons more than 30 years of age are targeted for their screening for the three common cancers i.e oral, breast and cervical. Screening of these common cancers is an integral part of service delivery under Ayushman Bharat – Health and Wellness Centres.

Preventive aspect of Cancer is strengthened under Comprehensive Primary Health Care through Ayushman Bharat Health Wellness Centre scheme, by promotion of wellness activities and targeted communication at the community level. Other initiatives for increasing public awareness about Cancer and for promotion of healthy lifestyle includes observation of National Cancer Awareness Day and use of print, electronic and social media for community awareness. Furthermore, healthy eating is also promoted through FSSAI. Fit India movement is implemented by Ministry of Youth Affairs and Sports, and various Yoga related activities are carried out by Ministry of AYUSH. In addition, NPCDCS gives financial support under NHM for awareness generation (IEC) activities for Cancer to be undertaken by the States/UTs as per their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs).

The Central Government is also implementing Strengthening of Tertiary Care of Cancer Scheme in order to enhance the facilities for tertiary care of cancer. 19 State Cancer Institutes (SCIs) and 20 Tertiary Care Cancer Centres (TCCCs) have been approved under the said scheme. Sanjay Gandhi Postgraduate Institute of Medical Sciences, Lucknow is approved and functional under the said scheme.

There is also focus on Oncology in its various aspects in case of new AIIMS and many upgraded institutions under Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojna (PMSSY). In Uttar Pradesh, cancer treatment facilities are approved in 2 AIIMS i.e., 1) AIIMS, Gorakhpur and 2) AIIMS, Rae Bareilly and 4 Government Medical Colleges/Institutions i.e., 1) Govt Medical College, Gorakhpur, 2) M.L.N Government Medical College, Allahabad, 3) LLRM Medical College, Meerut and 4) Govt Medical College, Agra.

Cancer is diagnosed and treated at various levels in the health care facilities. The treatment in Government Hospitals is either free or highly subsidized for the poor and needy. Treatment of Cancers is also available under Ayushman Bharat – Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (PMJAY). Besides, quality generic medicines are made available at affordable prices to all, under Pradhan Mantri Bhartiya Janaushadhi Pariyojana (PMBJP) in collaboration with the State Governments. Affordable Medicines and Reliable Implants for Treatment (AMRIT) Pharmacy stores have been set up in some hospitals/institutions, with an objective to make available Cancer drugs at a substantial discount vis-à-vis the Maximum Retail Price.

<b>Estimated incidence of cancer cases in India by States/UTs wise - All sites (ICD10: C00-C97) - (2020-2022) - both sexes</b>			
<b>State</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>
Jammu & Kashmir	12726	13060	13395
Ladakh	286	294	302
Himachal Pradesh	8799	8978	9164
Punjab	38636	39521	40435
Chandigarh	1024	1053	1088
Uttaranchal	11482	11779	12065
Haryana	29219	30015	30851
Delhi	25178	25969	26735
Rajasthan	70987	72825	74725
Uttar Pradesh	201319	206088	210958
Bihar	103711	106435	109274
Sikkim	445	465	496
Arunachal Pradesh	1035	1064	1087
Nagaland	1768	1805	1854
Manipur	1899	2022	2097
Mizoram	1837	1919	1985
Tripura	2574	2623	2715
Meghalaya	2879	2943	3025
Assam	37880	38834	39787
West Bengal	108394	110972	113581
Jharkhand	33961	34910	35860
Orissa	50692	51829	52960
Chhattisgarh	27828	28529	29253
Madhya Pradesh	77888	79871	81901
Gujarat	69660	71507	73382
Daman	124	135	150
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	206	219	238
Maharashtra	116121	118906	121717
Telangana	47620	48775	49983
Andhra Pradesh	70424	71970	73536
Karnataka	85968	88126	90349
Goa	1618	1652	1700
Lakshadweep	27	28	28
Kerala	57155	58139	59143
Tamil Nadu	88866	91184	93536
Pondicherry	1577	1623	1679
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	366	380	393
<b>Total</b>	<b>13,92,179</b>	<b>14,26,447</b>	<b>14,61,427</b>

<b>Estimated Mortality of cancer cases in India by different State/UT - All sites (ICD10: C00-C97) - (2020-2022)** - Both sexes</b>			
<b>State</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2021</b>	<b>2022</b>
Jammu & Kashmir	7027	7211	7396
Ladakh UT	162	166	171
Himachal pradesh	4856	4953	5058
Punjab	22276	22786	23301
Chandigarh	564	582	598
Uttaranchal	6337	6500	6655
Haryana	16109	16543	16997
Delhi	14057	14494	14917
Rajasthan	39111	40117	41167
Uttar pradesh	111491	114128	116818
Bihar	57531	59043	60629
Sikkim	276	288	308
Arunachal pradesh	635	655	670
Nagaland	1008	1029	1060
Manipur	1105	1175	1220
Mizoram	1183	1231	1271
Tripura	1571	1600	1651
Meghalaya	1887	1928	1980
Assam	22824	23395	23974
West bengal	59786	61213	62652
Jharkhand	18716	19241	19766
Orissa	28024	28656	29287
Chattisgarh	15279	15666	16057
Madhya pradesh	42966	44056	45176
Gujarat	38306	39328	40356
Daman	66	70	77
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	109	117	128
Maharashtra	63797	65326	66879
Telangana	26038	26681	27339
Andhra pradesh	38582	39443	40307
Karnataka	47113	48290	49516
Goa	893	909	932
Lakshadweep	13	14	14
Kerala	31166	31713	32271
Tamil nadu	48314	49571	50841
Pondicherry	852	879	905
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	200	205	214
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,70,230</b>	<b>7,89,202</b>	<b>8,08,558</b>