TACKLING SICKLE CELL ANEMIA USING CRISP CAS-9 THERAPY

304. SHRI T.N. PRATHAPAN:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether any progress has been made by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) in its efforts to combat Sickle Cell Anemia using CRISPR CAS-9 therapy and if so, the details thereof;

(b) whether the Government has allocated any Budget and expenditure for research on Sickle Cell Anemia and if so, the details thereof, year-wise, since 2020;

(c) the details of the work accomplished so far on Sickle Cell Anemia by the Gene Therapy Advisory and Evaluation Committee (GTAEC) of the Department of Biotechnology (DBT) and the National Apex Committee for Stem Cell Research and Therapy (NAC-SRT); and

(d) the steps taken/proposed to be taken by the Government to achieve the target of eradicating Sickle Cell Anemia from India by 2047, considering the high cost and early stage of development of the cure involving gene therapy and stem implants?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

(PROF. S.P. SINGH BAGHEL)

(a) Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR), through its constituent laboratories namely, CSIR-Institute of Genomics and Integrative Biology (CSIR-IGIB), Delhi and CSIR-Indian Institute of Chemical Technology (CSIR-IICT), Kolkata has engaged in Research & Development for gene editing approaches for sickle cell anemia therapy under CSIR Sickle Cell Anemia Mission. Under this Mission, CSIR-IGIB along with CSIR-IICB has provided proof-of-concept correction of sickle cell anaemia mutation in patient-derived cells and the increase in Fetal hemoglobin (HbF) production through Hereditary Persistence of Fetal Hemoglobin (HPFH) editing [publication in Proceedings of the National Academy of
Sciences, 2019]. CSIR leads are now taken forward towards a dedicated Phase-I clinical trial with funding from Department of Science and Technology and the Ministry of Tribal Affairs.

(b) The details of funds allocated and expenditure for research on Sickle Cell Anemia Mission as per Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR) are as under;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FY 2020-21</th>
<th>FY 2021-22</th>
<th>FY 2022-23</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Budget</strong></td>
<td>Released</td>
<td>Expenditure</td>
<td>Released</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Non Recurring</strong></td>
<td>577.00</td>
<td>577.00</td>
<td>190.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Recurring</strong></td>
<td>681.01</td>
<td>619.51</td>
<td>920.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1258.01</td>
<td>1196.51</td>
<td>1110.90</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

[Beside above, Rs. 4317.6 lakh has been budget and spent by ICMR on Research Projects for Sickle Cell Anemia since 2020]

(c ) NAC-SCRT National Apex Committee for Stem Cell Research (NAC-SCRT) and Gene Therapy Advisory and Evaluation Committee (GTAEC) was constituted as an independent body of experts and stakeholders and same were notified by the Department of Health Research, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, Govt. of India in 2009 and 2017 respectively to oversee the activities in the field of stem cell research and gene therapy research in India to provide a hand holding for the investigators/ industry and also give pre- Investigational New Drug (IND) consultations. However, no specific research work/guidelines related to sickle cell anemia was allocated/conducted by NACSCRT and GTAEC till March 2023.

(d) Sickle cell disease is a genetic blood disease which affects the whole life of patient. It is more common in the tribal population of India, but occurs in non tribals too. It not only causes anemia but also pain crisis, reduced growth, and affects many organs like lungs, heart, kidney, eyes, bones and the brain.

To eliminate sickle cell disease, Sickle Cell Anaemia Elimination Mission has been launched by Hon’ble Prime Minister from Madhya Pradesh on 1st July, 2023. The Objectives of the Mission is provision of affordable and accessible care to all Sickle Cell Diseased patients, quality of care for SCD patients and reduction in the prevalence of Sickle Cell Disease through awareness creation, universal screening of 7 crore people in the age group of 0-40 years in affected 278 districts of tribal areas, and counselling through collaborative efforts of central ministries and state government.

Through ministry of tribal affairs, awareness and counseling material has been developed. IEC and media activities are adopted for propagation of disease, screening and management. State Govt. has to play an important role in implementation of mission activities. State Government is doing screening by scheduling outreach campaign in villages and schools/hostels. The preventive measurement and management of disease is also an important component of mission.
Under the National Sickle Cell Anaemia Elimination Mission, patients living with Sickle Cell disease are provided with the following services/facilities for improving their quality of life through Ayushman Bharat-Health and Wellness Centres (AB-HWC);

- Regular follow-up of diseased individuals at frequent intervals.
- Counseling regarding lifestyle management.
- Nutritional supplementation support through distribution of folic acid tablets.
- Conducting yoga and wellness sessions.
- Management of crisis symptoms and referral to higher facilities.

*****