GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.*44 ANSWERED ON 24.07.2023

Short Term Training Programmes For Women

*44. DR. NISHIKANT DUBEY: SHRI MANOJ TIWARI:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state:

(a) the details of short term training programmes that are available for women across the country;

(b) the number of women who have completed their vocational training during the last three years and were given employment in the industries, training institutions, yearwise; and

(c) whether the Government has proposed opening of more Training Institutes in all the industrial hubs and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP (SHRI DHARMENDRA PRADHAN)

(a) to (c) A Statement is laid on the table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PARTS (A) TO (C) OF LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO.*44 TO BE ANSWERED ON 24.07.2023 ASKED BY DR. NISHIKANT DUBEY AND SHRI MANOJ TIWARI REGARDING SHORT TERM TRAINING PROGRAMMES FOR WOMEN

(a) Under Skill India Mission, the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) has been imparting short term skill training through various programmes to all the sections of the society across the country including women as mentioned below:

(i) Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY) is a flagship Scheme of MSDE with an objective to impart short duration skill development training and certification to youth and to make them employable for better livelihood across the country. PMKVY has two components, namely Short Term Training (STT) and Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL). Posttraining placement is also tracked in respect of STT certified candidates, while RPL is not linked with placements as it recognizes the existing skills of candidates. In order to increase the participation of women, conveyance cost and boarding and lodging facilities are being provided to them.

(ii) Under Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS) scheme, MSDE is imparting skill training to non-literate, neo-literates, persons having rudimentary level of education upto 8th standard and school dropouts upto 12th standard in the age group of 15-45 years in rural and urban areas. Under the scheme, focus is being given to women and other vulnerable sections.

(iii) The National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) is being implemented by MSDE with the aim to promote apprenticeship training in the country by providing financial support for payment of stipend to apprentices.

(iv)Directorate General of Training (DGT) under MSDE has also developed 16 Short Term Training courses under Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS) to increase as well as encourage women participation in ITIs.

Further, National Skill Training Institutes (NSTIs) also offer courses under Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS) through 33 NSTIs across the country, which includes 19 NSTIs which are exclusively for women. In addition, 30% of the seats in General Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) are reserved for women trainees subject to the general reservation policy of the respective State.

(v) Apart from above, more than 20 Central Ministries are implementing Skilling/upskilling training programmes through various schemes, such as Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), the Rural Self Employment Training Institutes (RSETI) under Ministry of Rural Development, Deen Dayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Urban Livelihood Mission (NULM) under Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs, etc.

(b) As stated above, training under the skill development programmes is provided to all the sections of the society including women, with specific provisions for encouraging participation of women. During last three years (2020-21 to 2022-23), women constituted about 34% of total candidates trained, under schemes of MSDE with share of women being as high as 81.05% and 46.43% under short term training programmes, namely JSS and PMKVY respectively.The number of women trained under various Schemes/Programmes of MSDE during last three years i.e., from 2020-21, 2021-22 and 2022-23, is as under:

S.No	Name of the Scheme	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	Total No. of Women trained (3 years)	No. of Total candidates trained (3 years)	Per centage of women trained (3 years)
1.	PMKVY	8,77,631	3,05,742	1,10,973	12,94,346	27,87,986	46.43
2.	JSS	2,97,899	3,85,242	4,35,039	11,18,180	13,79,622	81.05
3.	NAPS	54,280	1,21,599	1,48,831	3,24,710	16,35,801	19.85
4.	CTS (ITIs) (Enrolled in years 2020, 2021 and 2022)	1,62,181	1,68,158	1,75,671	5,06,010	37,01,320	13.67

Under fee based training programme implemented by NSDC, 52,66,554 persons have been trained during 2020-21 to 2022-23 which includes 26,73,794 women, that is, about 50.77%. During the same period 45.51% of women trained got placed.

Under PMKVY, 12.94 lakh women candidates were trainedduring last three years (2020-21 to 2022-23), out of which 2.16 lakhhave been reported placed. Under the JSS Scheme, data regarding placement is not centrally maintained. As NAPS is an apprenticeship related scheme, no placement is tracked. The final report of tracer study of ITI Graduates (published in January, 2018 by the MSDE) mentions that 63.5% of total ITI pass-outs got employed (wage + self, out of which 6.7% are self-employed) and 55.3% of female are wage/self-employed.

(c) About 14,938 ITIs, 454 Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Kendras (PMKK), 288 JSS institutions are functioning across the country and as on 31.03.2023,37,047 establishments were actually engaging apprentices. Based on skilling requirement received from Industrial Hubs, MSDE may explore opening of more training institutes.