

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP
LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.5245
ANSWERED ON 03.04.2023

ANALYZING THE DATA OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES

5245. SHRI RAVINDRA KUSHWAHA: SHRI RAVI KISHAN:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state :

- (a) whether the Government is analyzing the data of the skill development programmes throughout the country; and
- (b) if so, the plan of the Government to increase skill in various deprived areas, States and skills areas?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND
ENTREPRENEURSHIP

(SHRI RAJEEV CHANDRASEKHAR)

- (a) Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) regularly monitors progress of its schemes delivering Skilling, Re-Skilling and Up-Skilling training programme to youth across the country through an extensive network of skill development Centres/ Institutes/Schools/Colleges/Universities under various schemes viz. Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS), National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) and Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS) through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs). The data maintained through online portals of schemes is analysed and corrective action taken, whenever required.
- (b) MSDE has made following efforts at the institutional and structural levels to increase skill in various deprived areas, States and skills areas:
 - (i) Expansion in infrastructure of Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) through new ITIs in Public and Private Sectors.
 - (ii) Upgradation and modernization of ITIs in terms of their infrastructure, pedagogy, curriculum and technology interventions.
 - (iii) Introduction of new-age courses in Internet of Things (IoT), Renewable Energy, Additive Manufacturing Technology (3-D Printing), Mechatronics, Drone Technology in ITIs.
 - (iv) Launching of the Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), for imparting short-term skill training to the youth.
 - (v) Implementation of JSS to impart Vocational Skills to non-literates, neo-literates and the persons having rudimentary level of education upto 8th standard and school dropouts upto 12th standard in the age group of 15-45 years.

- (vi) Notification of common norms for bringing about uniformity and standardization in implementation of various Skill Development schemes by different Central Ministries/ Departments.
- (vii) Setting up of Sector Skill Councils (SSCs) as industry-led bodies to develop National Occupation Standards (NOSs).
- (viii) Implementation of Skills Acquisition and Knowledge Awareness for Livelihood Promotion (SANKALP), an outcome-oriented World Bank supported project for strengthening institutional mechanisms at both national and state levels.
- (ix) Implementation of Skills Strengthening for Industrial Value Enhancement (STRIVE) scheme, a World Bank assisted project launched with the objective of improving the relevance and efficiency of skills training provided through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) and apprenticeships.
- (x) Mobilisation/outreach activities through Kaushal/Rozgar Melas, Skills Career Counselling Scheme in making skilling aspirational.
- (xi) Alignment of courses as per National Skill Qualification Framework (NSQF).
- (xii) Trainings of Trainers through National Skill Training Institutes (NSTIs) and Institutes of Training of Trainers (IToTs).
