GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.5222 ANSWERED ON 03.04.2023

SKILL DEVELOPMENT OF WOMEN

5222. SHRI E.T. MOHAMMED BASHEER:

Will the Minister of SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government have taken effective steps to ensure the women participation in the Skill development sector;

(b) whether the Government is giving any incentive for education and Skill development in the Skill development sector; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SKILL DEVELOPMENT AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

(SHRI RAJEEV CHANDRASEKHAR)

(a) to (c) Under Skill India Mission, the Ministry of Skill Development and Entrepreneurship (MSDE) delivers Skill, Re-Skill and Up-Skill training programme to youth across the country including women through an extensive network of skill development Centres/ Institutes/Schools/Colleges/Universities under various schemes viz. Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY), Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS), National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS) and Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS) through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs). The brief of these schemes is as under:

Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana (PMKVY): It is the flagship scheme of MSDE with an objective to impart short duration skill development training and certification to youth and to make them employable for better livelihood across the country. PMKVY has two training components, namely, Short Term Training (STT) and Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL). The placement opportunities are being provided to STT certified candidates, while RPL is not linked with placements as it recognizes the existing skills of candidates. In order to increase the participation of women, conveyance cost and boarding & lodging facilities are being provided to them.

Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS): Under JSS scheme of MSDE skill training is imparted to nonliterate, neo-literates, and persons with rudimentary level of education upto 8th standard and school dropouts upto 12th standard in the age group of 15-45 years in rural and urban areas. Under the scheme, focus is being given to women and other vulnerable sections.

National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS): This Scheme is for promoting apprenticeship training and increasing the engagement of apprentices by providing financial support to industrial establishments undertaking apprenticeship programme under the Apprentices Act, 1961. Training consists of Basic Training and On-the-Job Training / Practical Training at workplace in the industry.

Craftsmen Training Scheme (CTS): This scheme is for providing long-term training through Industrial Training Institutes (ITIs) across the country. To increase women participation, ITIs exclusively for women are opened and presently there are 311 women ITIs in the country. Further, out of 33 National Skill Training Institutes (NSTI) in the country, 19 are exclusively for women. In general NSTIs also, 30% of the seats are reserved for women candidates.