GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF PLANNING

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4609 TO BE ANSWERED ON 29.03.2023

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

4609. DR. G. RANJITH REDDY: SHRI VENKATESH NETHA BORLAKUNTA: SHRI SUBBARAYAN K.:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of each of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs);
- (b) the status of timelines of each of the SDGs along with the progress made in achieving each of them by India;
- (c) whether the Government has carried out any study about the progress made in achieving the 17 goals and 169 targets of the SDGs signed in 2015 by 2030, if so, the details and findings thereof;
- (d) the manner in which the Government looks at the recent report of The Lancet that India is not on the target to achieve 19 of the 33 Sustainable Development Goals; and
- (e) the details of the corrective measures taken/ proposed to be taken by the Government to achieve targets of SDGs within the timeframe?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION; MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS

(RAO INDERJIT SINGH)

(a): The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are a set of 17 goals and 169 targets to help organize and streamline development actions for greater achievement of human wellbeing, while leaving no one behind – by 2030. They are part of Transforming our world: the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, which was adopted by 193 Member States at the historic United Nations General Assembly Summit in September 2015, and came into effect on January 1, 2016. A statement indicating SDG goals is annexed (Annexure-I).

- (b) &(c) : The SDGs are designed to be achieved by 2030. SDG India Index was conceived in 2018 by NITI Aayog following the need for a monitoring framework to track the progress of SDG implementation in the country. It is the most comprehensive single performance measurement policy tool to gauge the performance of India and its States/UTs. It represents evidence-based policymaking by supporting States and UTs to benchmark their progress, identify the priority areas and take corrective measures to achieve SDG targets. A statement indicating State-wise achievement as per SDG India Index Report 2020-21 is annexed (**Annexure-II**).
- (d) & (e): Many international agencies are publishing global indices based on different databases and methodologies. Many times they use open source data, which may or may not be reliable and often do not reflect the true status of development. The Government of India has been focusing on inclusive growth and is implementing several schemes in the country. These include Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (Mahatma Gandhi NREGS), Pradhan Awaas Yojana - Gramin (PMAY-G), Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana Mantri (PMGSY), Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM), Deen Dayal Upadhayay - Gramin Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), Rural Self Employment Training Institutes (RSETIs), National Social Assistance Programme (NSAP), PM Street Vendor's AtmaNirbhar Nidhi (PM SVANidhi) Scheme, Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM), Pradhan Mantri Garib Kalyan Anna Yojna (PMGKAY), Aspirational Districts Programme, Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi, Pradhan Mantri Kisan Maan-Dhan Yojana, Skill India, Sansad Adarsh Gram Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY), Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana, Atal Pension Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana, Ayushman Bharat Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB PM-JAY), Stand Up India Scheme, Pradhan Krishi Sinchai Yojana, Swachh Bharat Mission (Rural and Urban), etc.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (a) of LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4609 FOR 29.03.2023 REGARDING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS BY DR. G. RANJITH REDDY: AND SHRI VENKATESH NETHA BORLAKUNTA AND : SHRI SUBBARAYAN K.:

Details of SDGs

Goal 1	End poverty in all its forms everywhere	
Goal 2	End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and	
	promote sustainable agriculture	
Goal 3	Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages	
Goal 4	Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote	
Oour i	lifelong learning opportunities for all	
Goal 5	Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	
Goal 6	Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and	
	sanitation for all	
Goal 7	Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy	
	for all	
Goal 8	Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full	
	and productive employment and decent work for all	
Goal 9	Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable	
	industrialization and foster innovation	
Goal 10	Reduce inequality within and among countries	
Goal 11	Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and	
	sustainable	
Goal 12	Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns	
Goal 13	Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts	
Goal 14	Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources	
	for sustainable development	
Goal 15	Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems,	
	sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and	
	reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	
Goal 16	Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable	
	development, provide access to justice for all and build effective,	
	accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels	
Goal 17	Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global	
	partnership for sustainable development	

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (b) & (c) of LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4609 FOR 29.03.2023 REGARDING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS BY DR. G. RANJITH REDDY: AND SHRI VENKATESH NETHA BORLAKUNTA AND : SHRI SUBBARAYAN K.:

State	Composite Score	
Andhra Pradesh	72	
Arunachal Pradesh	60	
Assam	57	
Bihar	52	
Chhattisgarh	61	
Goa	72	
Gujarat	69	
Haryana	67	
Himachal Pradesh	74	
Jharkhand	56	
Karnataka	72	
Kerala	75	
Madhya Pradesh	62	
Maharashtra	70	
Manipur	64	
Meghalaya	60	
Mizoram	68	
Nagaland	61	
Odisha	61	
Punjab	68	
Rajasthan	60	
Sikkim	71	
Tamil Nadu	74	
Telangana	69	
Tripura	65	
Uttar Pradesh	60	
Uttarakhand	72	
West Bengal	62	
UTs		
Andaman and Nicobar Islands	67	
Chandigarh	79	
Dadra and Nagar Haveli	62	

Statewise Details of SDG Score as per SDG India Index 2020-21.

Daman and Diu	62
Delhi	68
Jammu and Kashmir	66
Ladakh	66
Lakshadweep	68
Puducherry	68
All India	66
