

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF JAL SHAKTI,
DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES, RIVER DEVELOPMENT & GANGA REJUVENATION
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2622

ANSWERED ON 16.03.2023

BENEFICIARIES UNDER PMKSY

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Will the Minister of **JAL SHAKTI** be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the beneficiaries under the PMKSY in the States of Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra during the last two years along with the funds sanctioned especially for Siddhartha Nagar and Aurangabad districts;
- (b) whether the Government also proposes to bring any new Yojana to increase the cultivable area for the farmers and increase overall production in the country and if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;
- (c) the budget for the Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) during the current year; and
- (d) the details of the other schemes under implementation for helping farmers in increasing their cultivation area of land?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE FOR JAL SHAKTI

(SHRI BISHWESWAR TUDU)

(a) & (b) Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchayee Yojana (PMKSY) was launched during the year 2015-16, with an aim to enhance physical access of water on farm and expand cultivable area under assured irrigation, improve on-farm water use efficiency, introduce sustainable water conservation practices, etc.

PMKSY is an umbrella scheme, consisting of two major components being implemented by this Ministry, namely, Accelerated Irrigation Benefits Programme (AIBP), and Har Khet Ko Pani (HKKP). HKKP, in turn, consists of four sub-components: Command Area Development & Water Management (CAD&WM), Surface Minor Irrigation (SMI), Repair, Renovation and Restoration (RRR) of Water Bodies, and Ground Water (GW) Development. CAD&WM sub-component of HKKP is being implemented pari-passu with AIBP.

In addition, PMKSY consists of two components being implemented by other Ministries. Per Drop More Crop (PDMC) component, implemented by Department of Agriculture, and Farmers Welfare, was a part of PMKSY from the inception of PMKSY in 2015, till December, 2021. Thereafter, it is being implemented by Department of Agriculture, and Farmers Welfare as a part of Rashtriya Krishi Vikas

Yojana, and is no more a part of PMKSY. Further, Watershed Development component (WDC) of PMKSY is being implemented by Department of Land Resources, Ministry of Rural Development.

The details of the central assistance released during last two years (2020-2022) and number of beneficiaries under different components of PMKSY including those added during the last two years, in the State of Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra are given below.

Component of PMKSY	Uttar Pradesh (central assistance in Rs. in crore, beneficiaries in number)		Maharashtra (central assistance in Rs. in crore, beneficiaries in number)	
	Central assistance released during 2020-2022	Number of beneficiaries	Central assistance released during 2020-2022	Number of beneficiaries
PMKSY-AIBP	391.84	Not maintained	580.92	Not maintained
PMKSY-HKKP-CADWM	6.00	<i>Pari passu</i> with PMKSY-AIBP	75.11	<i>Pari passu</i> with PMKSY-AIBP
PMKSY-HKKP-SMI & RRR	-	-	-	-
PMKSY-HKKP-GW	-	16,505	-	-
PMKSY-PDMC*	350	1,92,253	500	1,01,5454
PMKSY-WDC	21.77	Not maintained	50.08	Not maintained

* *With effect from December, 2021, PDMC is being implemented as a part of Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana, in lieu of PMKSY.*

One of the projects from Uttar Pradesh included under PMKSY-AIBP, namely Saryu Nahar pariyojna, benefits Siddhartha Nagar district. Central assistance of Rs. 358.21 crore has been released to the project during 2020-21 to 2021-22, and an additional irrigation potential of 17.78 thousand hectare has been created by this project during this period.

Similarly, one of the projects from Maharashtra included under PMKSY-AIBP, namely, Nandur Madhmeshwar Phase-II project, benefits Aurangabad district. This project was completed in June, 2018.

New projects or schemes can be taken up under AIBP, SMI, RRR and WDC components/sub-components of PMKSY subject to their meeting the eligibility criteria and availability of funds.

(c) The budget under different components of PMKSY during the current financial year, is as under:

Component of PMKSY	Revised Budget allocation (RE) for 2022-23
	Rs. in crore
PMKSY-AIBP	1,800
PMKSY-HKKP-CADWM	140
PMKSY-HKKP-SMI & RRR	427
PMKSY-HKKP-GW	127
PMKSY-WDC	1,000

(d) Implementation of schemes for increasing cultivation area of land for the benefit of the farmers, lies in the domain of the State Government concerned. However, Government of India promotes, and provides technical assistance, as well as partial financial assistance under its ongoing schemes for the identified irrigation projects. Some of the key initiatives of Government of India in this regard in the recent past, are given below.

1. Extension of PMKSY for the period 2021-22 to 2025-26 has been approved by Government of India, with an overall outlay of Rs. 93,068.56 crore (central assistance of Rs. 37,454 crore, debt servicing to NABARD for Rs. 20,434.56 crore and an outlay for Rs. 35,180 crore by the State Governments towards State share).
2. A special package for completion of 8 MMI and 83 surface minor irrigation (SMI) projects of Maharashtra, having estimated balance cost of Rs. 13,651.61 crore as on April, 2018, has been approved for financial assistance by Government of India during 2018-19. Central assistance component for the said package is Rs. 3,831.41 crore, with irrigation potential creation of 3.77 lakh hectare.
3. In June, 2018, Government of India has approved financial assistance to Shahpurkandi dam (National) project benefitting J&K and Punjab, for project cost of Rs. 2,715.70 crore. The approved central assistance liability for the project is Rs. 485.38 crore.
4. In December, 2021, Government of India has approved central assistance to Renukaji dam and Lakhwar multipurpose (National) projects, in the State of Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand, respectively. The estimated cost of the two projects is Rs. 6,946.99 crore, and Rs. 5,747.17 crore, respectively.
5. In December, 2021, Government of India has also approved Ken-Betwa link project in the States of Madhya Pradesh and Uttar Pradesh, at an estimated cost of Rs. 44,605 crore.
