

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING  
DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING  
LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2117  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 14<sup>TH</sup> MARCH, 2023

**NATIONAL LIVESTOCK MISSION**

2117. DR. SHRIKANT EKNATH SHINDE:  
DR. HEENA VIJAYKUMAR GAVIT:  
DR. SUJAY RADHAKRISHNA VIKHE PATIL:  
SHRI UNMESH BHAIYYASAHEB PATIL:  
PROF. RITA BAHUGUNA JOSHI:  
DR. KRISHNA PAL SINGH YADAV:

Will the Minister of FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING  
मत्स्यपालन, पशुपालन और डेयरी मंत्री  
be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of main aims and objectives of National Livestock Mission (NLM);
- (b) whether NLM had been able to achieve its aims and objectives and if so, the details thereof;
- (c) the details of steps taken by the Government to improve the quality and production of fodder in the country;
- (d) the details of initiative taken by the Government to conserve and for genetically upgrading of indigenous breeds; and
- (e) the total amount released and spent by the Government for NLM during each of the last three years and the current year?

**ANSWER**

**THE MINISTER FOR FISHERIES, ANIMAL HUSBANDRY AND DAIRYING  
(SHRI PARSHOTTAM RUPALA)**

- (a) The main aims and objectives of the Realigned National Livestock Mission which is being implemented since 2021-22 are to bring sharp focus on entrepreneurship and breed improvement in poultry, sheep, goat and piggery including feed and fodder development, extension & innovation and the livestock insurance as well.

(b) The National Livestock Mission is under implementation since 2014. The erstwhile National Livestock Mission scheme was having 50 activities on which the States need to prioritize the activities depending on the demand. Therefore, activities under erstwhile National Livestock Mission were not implemented equally across the country. The Niti Aayog evaluated the erstwhile National Livestock Mission and suggested for modification as there was very little progress made by the States under National Livestock Mission. They also advised that the scheme should be focused and targeted towards employment generation, entrepreneurship development, feed and fodder development, genetic upgradation, extension & innovation and livestock insurance. Accordingly, the National Livestock Mission scheme has been realigned and is being implemented since 2021-22 after its approval by the Cabinet on 14.07.2021. The present National Livestock Mission is being successfully implemented with huge demand and acceptability.

(c) Under the Sub Mission on Feed and Fodder Development under the realigned National Livestock Mission, 100% financial assistance is provided for quality seed production of high yielding fodder varieties promoting fodder crop as a cash crop thereby diversifying more area under the fodder crops.

Further Entrepreneurial activities in feed and fodder is also operational under National Livestock Mission wherein the private entrepreneurs, Self Help Groups (SHG), Farmers Cooperative Organizations (FCO), Joint Liability Group (JLG), Farmers Producer Organizations (FPO), Dairy Cooperative societies, section 8 companies are incentivized for the value addition such as Hay/Silage/Total Mixed Ration (TMR)/ Fodder Block and storage of fodder by providing 50% percent capital subsidy (up to 50% of the total project cost ) to the beneficiary. In addition, Union Government is also implementing the Central Sector Scheme Animal Husbandry Infrastructure Development Fund since year 2020-21 for incentivizing investments for establishment of animal feed manufacturing units including establishment of Animal Feed Testing Laboratories so as to ensure production of quality feed. Indian Grassland and Fodder Research Institute (ICAR-IGFRI) has prepared Fodder Development Plan for 25 States to enhance the feed and fodder availability in the respective States based on their cropping pattern and livestock species.

(d) The Department of Animal Husbandry and Dairying is implementing the Rashtriya Gokul Mission (RGM) for development and conservation of indigenous bovine breeds since December 2014. The scheme is important for enhancing milk production and productivity of bovines to meet growing demand of milk and making dairying more remunerative to the rural farmers of the country. Further, under the National Livestock Mission, the sub-mission on breed improvement of livestock and poultry is being implemented. Under this submission, the activity namely establishment of entrepreneurs for breed development in rural poultry, small ruminants and piggery are implemented to encourage establishment of private breeder farm. Further, under the activity on genetic improvements, frozen semen technology is being promoted to propagate elite indigenous germplasm as well as high genetic merit germplasm to improve the indigenous breeds. All these aforementioned activities are focused towards the conservation and improvement of indigenous as well as high genetic merit animals.

(e) Amount spent under NLM during the last three years and the current year 2022-23 till 09.03.2023 is as under:

<b>Year</b>	<b>Budgetary Estimate (Rs. Crore)</b>	<b>Revised Estimate (Rs. Crore)</b>	<b>Actual Expenditure (Rs. Crore)</b>
2019-20	480.00	405.39	403.00
2020-21	370.00	425.00	424.83
2021-22	350.00	288.00	283.98
2022-23	410.00	350.00	146.62(till 09.03.2023)