GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE

LOK SABHA  
UN-STARRED QUESTION NO. 1877  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 13/03/2023

Plastic Pollution

1877. SHRI PRADEEP KUMAR SINGH:  
SHRI PARBATBHAI SAVABHAI PATEL:  
SHRI POCHA BRAHMANANDA REDDY:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND CLIMATE CHANGE  
be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is true that country’s plastic waste generation has more than doubled during  
the last five years with an average annual increase of 21.8 per cent, if so, the reasons  
for the same despite the presence of various regulatory mechanism;
(b) whether the Government intends to launch a Production Linked Incentive Scheme (PLI)  
in the biodegradable and recyclable plastics sector, if so, the details thereof and if not,  
the reasons therefor;
(c) whether the Government is aware that Plastic pollution is also being considered as a big  
cause of Global challenges like climate change;
(d) whether the Government is also aware that the biggest challenge in curbing Plastic  
pollution is to transport the used plastic for recycling in the factory; and
(e) if so, the measure being taken by the Government in this regard?

ANSWER  
MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FOREST AND  
CLIMATE CHANGE  
(SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY)

(a) As per the Annual Reports of Central Pollution Control Board, plastic waste generated in  
the country during the last five years, is given below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S. No.</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Plastic Waste Generated (TPA)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2015-16</td>
<td>1,589,418</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2016-17</td>
<td>1,568,714</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>2017-18</td>
<td>660,787</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>2018-19</td>
<td>3,360,043</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2019-20</td>
<td>3,469,780</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Plastic Waste Management Rules (PWMR), 2016, provides the statutory framework for management of plastic waste in an environmentally sound manner throughout the country.

(b) There is no proposal under consideration at present for launching a Production Linked Incentive Scheme (PLI) in the biodegradable and recyclable plastics sector. The Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016, provide the statutory framework for use of compostable plastic conforming to Indian Standard IS:17088 after certification by Central Pollution Control Board before marketing or selling. As per Plastic Waste Management (Second Amendment) Rules, 2022, biodegradable plastics shall conform to the standard notified by Bureau of Indian Standards and certified by Central Pollution Control Board before marketing or selling.

(c) to (e): Keeping in view that unmanaged and littered plastic waste has adverse impacts on terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, identified single use plastic items, which have low utility and high littering potential, have already been prohibited, with effect from 1st July, 2022, vide Plastic Waste Management Amendment Rules, 2021 notified on 12th August 2021. The Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change has also notified the Guidelines on Extended Producer Responsibility (EPR) for plastic packaging vide Plastic Waste Management (Amendment) Rules, 2022, on 16th February 2022.

The objective of enforceable obligations of minimum level of recycling of plastic packaging waste under Guidelines on Extended Producer Responsibility is to strengthen circular economy of plastic packaging waste and development of recycling infrastructure for plastic packaging waste. Schemes of Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises and Department of Chemicals and Petrochemicals, Government of India, are available for technical and financial assistance for development of recycling infrastructure for plastic waste, as per scheme guidelines.

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