# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

# LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1455 TO BE ANSWERED ON FRIDAY, THE 10.02.2023

#### **Committee for Appointment of Judges in Higher Judiciary**

1455. SHRIMATI MALA ROY: DR. G. RANJITH REDDY: SHRIMATI KAVITHA MALOTHU: DR. KALANIDHI VEERASWAMY: SHRI VENKATESH NETHA BORLAKUNTA: PROF. SOUGATA RAY: SHRI KODIKUNNIL SURESH: SHRI MANICKAM TAGORE B.:

### Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

- a) whether the Government envisages to set up a search cum evaluation Committee for the process of appointment of judges in SC and HCs and to include a Government nominee in the decision making process for short listing of the judges in these courts;
- b) if so, the mechanism proposed for the Committee to be set up and if not, the mechanism being presently followed by the Government to select the judges of SC and HCs;
- c) whether such moves are likely to impinge upon the autonomy of the Collegium of the Apex Court and if so, the details thereof;
- d) whether the said moves of the Government have received criticism across the country;
- e) if so, the details thereof and the response of the Government thereto; and
- f) the present status of the Memorandum of Procedure for the appointment of Judges in SC and HCs?

#### ANSWER

# MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI KIREN RIJIJU)

(a) to (f): In order to replace the Collegium system of appointments of Judges of the Supreme Court and High Courts with a more broad-based, transparent, accountable appointment mechanism and to bring greater objectivity in the system, Government brought into operation the Constitution (Ninety-Ninth the Amendment) Act, 2014 and the National Judicial Appointments Commission Act, 2014 w.e.f. 13.04.2015. However, both the Acts were challenged in the Supreme The Supreme Court vide Judgment dated 16.10.2015 declared Court. both the Acts as unconstitutional and void. The Collegium system as existing Constitution (Ninety-Ninth prior the Amendment) to Act. 2014 was declared to be operative.

Hon'ble Supreme Court while hearing WP(C) 13 of 2015 in NJAC matter issued detailed Order on 16-12-2015 on supplementing the Memorandum of Procedure (MoP) and laid down that Government of India may finalize the Memorandum of Procedure by supplementing it in consultation with the Chief Justice of India. The Chief Justice of India will take a decision based on the unanimous view of the Collegium comprising of four senior most puisne Judges of the Supreme Court. The order stated that they shall take the following factors into consideration such as eligibility criterion, transparency in the appointment process, secretariat, complaint mechanism and miscellaneous matter considered appropriate for ensuring transparency and accountability including interaction with the recommendees by the Collegium of the Supreme Court, without sacrificing the confidentiality of appointment.

In pursuance of the above orders, the Government of India, after due diligence sent the revised MoP to Hon'ble Chief Justice of India on 22.3.2016 and the response of the Supreme Court Collegium on the revised draft MoP was received on 25.05.2016 and 01.07.2016. The views of the Government in response

to the views of the SCC were conveyed to the CJI on 03.08.2016. Subsequent comments of SCC on the views of Government on the draft MoP were received on 13.03.2017.

Thereafter, the Supreme Court in judgment dated 04.07.2017 in Suo-Motu Contempt proceedings against a Judge of Calcutta High Court brought out the system's failure of not providing an appropriate procedure for making assessment of the personality of the contemnor at the time of recommending his name for elevation as High Court Judge inter-alia highlighting the need to revisit the process of selection and appointment of Judges to the Constitutional Courts. The views of the Government on the relevant points was conveyed to Supreme Court of India vide letter dated 11.07.2017.

A two-judge Bench of Supreme Court vide its judgment dated 28.03.2018 in Criminal Appeal No. 470 of 2018, brought out deficiencies in the system and emphasized the need to improve the process of appointment of Judges to the Constitutional Courts.

In another case, while hearing a matter involving M/s PLR Projects Pvt Ltd. vs Mahanadi Coalfield Ltd. and Ors [Transfer Petition (Civil) no: 2419 of 2019] regarding issue of appointment of High Court Judges, the three-judge Bench of the Supreme Court, vide order dated 20.04.2021, laid down additional timelines in respect of the time taken by the Government in processing the proposal for appointment of Judges of High Courts. However, these timelines are not yet a part of MoP.

The Supreme Court, while hearing another case No. WP(C) 1236 of 2019 on the matter of appointment of retired judges at sittings of High Courts under Article 224A of the Constitution of India, vide its judgment dated 20.04.2021 has laid down fresh criterion for their appointment. After detailed deliberation, Government has submitted its views to the Chief Justice of India on 18.08.2021 to supplement para 24 of existing MoP which provides for the appointment of retired judges at the sitting of High Courts under Article 224A. The issue is still under consideration of the Supreme Court.

While sending the proposal for supplementation of MoP on the criteria fixed in Supreme Court order dated 16.12.2015 in W.P.(C) 13 of 2015 in NJAC matter, Government has made suggestions including the need for a Screening-cum-Evaluation Committee at the Supreme Court and High Court levels to assist the Collegiums of Supreme Court and High Courts, respectively. It was proposed that the Committees may screen and evaluate relevant material on the suitability of the prospective candidates and would act as a facilitator. The decision to make recommendations will continue to be exercised by the respective Collegiums of the Supreme Court and High Courts. However, the Supreme Court did not agree to set up such Committees.

In its recent communication dated 06.01.2023 to the Chief Justice of India, the Government has emphasized the need to finalize the MoP in view of various judicial pronouncements and *inter-alia* suggested that the Search-cum-Evaluation Committee in respect of appointment of Judges in the Supreme Court and Chief Justices of High Courts should consist of a representative nominated by Government of India. For appointment of Judges in the High Courts, the Committee should consist of a representative nominated by Government of India and a representative of State Government(s) under the jurisdiction of High Court as nominated by the Chief Minister(s). The existing MoP stipulates that if the Chief Minister desires to recommend the name of any person, he/she should forward the same for consideration. However, since this has not been put in actual practice, the names recommended by the Chief Minister can also be received by the Searchcum-Evaluation Committee along with the names taken from senior Judges outside the Collegium and eligible candidates taken from the database (Judicial Officers and Advocates) as maintained by the proposed Secretariat. The High Court Collegium may deliberate upon panel of names drawn up by the said Committee and recommend the names of most suitable candidates for appointment as Judges

in the Supreme Court, Chief Justices and Judges of the High Courts. The Collegium at appropriate level may address the above requirements of drawing up panel of eligible candidates from aforementioned sources and draw up their proceedings by rendering requisite reasons and thereafter send the proposal to the Government with relevant documents. The said Committees will be entrusted to prepare a panel of eligible candidates from which the respective Collegiums will make recommendation.

Government is totally committed to uphold the Constitution, its values and importantly the independence of Judiciary which is an integral feature of the Constitution of India. The finalization of MoP is aimed at making the system of appointment of Judges to the Constitutional Courts more transparent, fair, representative and accountable.

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