GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1814 TO BE ANSWERED ON 16.12,2022

LOANS FOR PM-ABHIM

1814. SHRI NAMA NAGESWARA RAO

Will the **MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- a) whether the Government is seeking loans from financial institutions like World Bank to meet the funds requirement for Pradhan Mantri-Ayushman Bharat Health Infrastructure Mission (PM-ABHIM).
- b) if so, details thereof along with the loans sanctioned so far;
- c) the present status of surveillance system for quick detection of pandemics, and capacity of core public health institutions to respond to emergencies; and
- d) the details of proposals initiated under PM-ABHIM and funds released so far across the country, state/UT wise?

ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH & FAMILY WELFARE (Dr. BHARATI PRAVIN PAWAR)

(a) to (d): Pradhan Mantri Ayushman Bharat Infrastructure Mission (PM-ABHIM) was launched on 25th October 2021 with an outlay of about Rs. 64,180 Cr (till FY 25-26) to strengthen health care infrastructure across the country.

As on 13th Dec 2022, loan agreements have been signed with Asian Development Bank (ADB) for USD 300 million and with Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) for 50 billion JPY. In addition, the World Bank has approved USD 1 billion IBRD loans for PM-ABHIM.

Integrated Disease Surveillance Program (IDSP) was launched in 2004 with the objective to strengthen and maintain decentralized laboratory-based IT enabled disease surveillance system for epidemic prone diseases to monitor disease trends and also to detect and respond to outbreaks in the early rising phase through trained Rapid Response Team (RRTs).

To further strengthen the disease surveillance, it has been upgraded from a paper-based weekly reporting to a real time digital reporting through Integrated Health Information Platform (IHIP). IHIP allows for near real-time information on case based health surveillance for more than 33 epidemic prone diseases.

Government provides financial assistance to States/UTs to set up, upgrade health infrastructure under National Health Mission to ensure universal access to equitable, affordable and quality health care services. In addition to this, PMABHIM was launched to accomplish the vision of comprehensive healthcare across the country with increased investment in health infrastructure and to fill gaps in public health infrastructure, especially in critical care facilities and primary care in both the urban and rural areas. The major initiatives planned under ABHIM include:

- Support for construction of 17,788 rural Health and Wellness Centres
- Establishment of 11,024 Urban Health and Wellness Centres
- Setting up 3382 Block Public Health Units
- Setting up of Integrated Public Health Labs in all districts.
- Establishing 602 Critical Care Hospital Blocks
- Critical Care Hospital Blocks in 12 Central Hospitals
- To strengthen National Centre for Disease Control (NCDC), 5 New Regional NCDCs, 10 BSL-III and 1 BSL-IV and 20 Metropolitan Surveillance Units (MSUs).
- Expansion of the Integrated Health Information Portal (IHIP) to all States/ UTs to with an aim to strengthen surveillance capacity.
- Operationalisation of 17 new Public Health Units and strengthening of 33 existing Public Health Units at Points of Entry, that is at 32 Airports, 11 Seaports and 7 land crossings.
- Setting up of 15 Health Emergency Operation Centres and 2 Container based Mobile Hospitals.
- Setting up of a National Institution for One Health, 4 New National Institutes for Virology, a Regional Research Platform for WHO South East Asia Region and 9 BSL III laboratories.

As on 28th November 2022, an amount of Rs 584.04 Cr. has been released during the year 2021-22 and Rs. 4176.84 Cr. has been allocated under PM ABHIM in the current financial year. State/UT wise details are at Annexure.

State/UT wise Central Release under PM-ABHIM during FY 2021-22

S. No.	Name of the State/UT	2021-22	2022-23
		Central Release	Central Allocation
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	-	2.12
2	Andhra Pradesh	3.75	54.25
3	Arunachal Pradesh	0.56	5.70
4	Assam	57.90	356.94
5	Bihar	125.86	662.22
6	Chandigarh	-	18.27
7	Chhattisgarh	11.25	80.16
8	Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	-	0.79
9	Delhi	-	170.21
10	Goa	-	-
11	Gujarat	-	118.30
12	Haryana	11.06	70.02
13	Himachal Pradesh	-	43.26
14	Jammu & Kashmir	16.11	95.79
15	Jharkhand	44.70	240.16
16	Karnataka	11.25	135.34
17	Kerala	3.75	47.98
18	Lakshadweep	-	-
19	Madhya Pradesh	22.85	191.25
20	Maharashtra	17.45	130.79
21	Manipur	4.56	21.44
22	Meghalaya	9.65	43.07
23	Mizoram	0.28	2.85
24	Nagaland	0.28	2.85
25	Odisha	32.15	208.67
26	Puducherry	0.42	7.15
27	Punjab	-	92.56
28	Rajasthan	45.37	312.75
29	Sikkim	-	1.19
30	Tamil Nadu	17.45	146.68
31	Tripura	-	1.66
32	Uttar Pradesh	124.63	650.23
33	Uttarakhand	1.56	63.80
34	West Bengal	9.95	95.46
35	Telangana	11.25	102.91
36	Ladakh	-	-