GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION No. 1317 TO BE ANSWERED ON 14.12.2022

CO-OPERATION IN SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

1317. SHRI RAJENDRA DHEDYA GAVIT:

Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी मंत्री be pleased to state

- (a) whether India and Canada are likely to sign MoU in the field of science and technology for extending mutual co-operation in various fields of specialization;
- (b) if so, the major areas in which such co-operation is likely to be extended;
- (c) whether any review of the ongoing programmes between the two countries in science and technology sectors has been undertaken; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof along with the outcome of the review and the areas wherein the progress could not be found satisfactory?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND EARTH SCIENCES (DR. JITENDRA SINGH)

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी तथा पृथ्वी विज्ञान मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (स्वतंत्र प्रभार) (डॉ. जितेंद्र सिंह)

(a) Government of India and Government of Canada signed an intergovernmental agreement for cooperation in Science & Technology at Toronto, Canada on 18 November 2005.

Department of Science & Technology (DST), Department of Biotechnology (DBT) and Innovative Multidisciplinary Partnerships to Accelerate Transformation and Sustainability (IC IMPACTS) & National Research Council (NRC) are the nodal implementing agencies from the Indian and Canadian sides, respectively.

In pursuance of the above-mentioned agreement, DST has concluded the

MOUs with few Canadian agencies namely, a) Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council (NSERC) and b) National Research Council (NRC) for academic R&D and Industrial Research & Development, respectively. Both these MoUs were renewed in May 2022 for next 03 years. Along with DST, DBT has also signed the MOU with NSERC in May 2022.

National Centre for Polar and Ocean Research (NCPOR), an autonomous Institute of Ministry of Earth Sciences, has a Memorandum of Cooperation (MoC) signed in 2020 with the Canadian High Arctic Research Station (CHARS) of Polar Knowledge (POLAR) Canada for cooperation in the area of polar research.

(b) The areas of S&T cooperation vary in each call depending upon the national priorities and scientific interests. The areas agreed under these MoUs for next three years are (i) Safe and Sustainable Infrastructure; (ii) Integrated Water Management; (iii) Health, Energy and Agritech; and other areas they may jointly decide upon by the DST and DBT in consultation with NSERC and NRC.

National Centre for Polar and Ocean Research (NCPOR), an autonomous Institute of Ministry of Earth Sciences collaborates with CHARS in the area of polar research.

- (c) Reviews are being done from time to time through India Canada Joint Science & Technology Committee meetings. The last review was held during India Canada Joint S&T Committee Meeting held on 19th May 2022.
- (d) As outcomes of cooperation, both sides focus on the development and implementation of community-based solutions in integrated water management, safe and sustainable infrastructure, public health, and food security. Since 2016, DST/DBT and IC-IMPACTS have provided financial support to joint India-Canada projects. Under these projects, a various research publications and patents were emerged out. A significant number of manpower was trained and several workshops were attended.

Also, through this cooperation, both sides are encouraging translational research and development in areas of Affordable Healthcare, Clean Technologies, Water Technologies, Information & Communication Technology and Electronic System Design & Manufacturing.
