#### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

### LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.5594 TO BE ANSWERED ON 26<sup>TH</sup> JULY, 2019

#### ASSISTANCE TO CANCER PATIENTS

#### 5594. SHRIMATI SANGEETA KUMARI SINGH DEO: SHRI RAHUL RAMESH SHEWALE: SHRI BHARTRUHARI MAHTAB:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the number of cancer patients has increased in the country during each of the last three years and the current year;
- (b) if so, the details thereof along with the number of patients who died therefrom during the said period State/UT-wise;
- (c) whether the Government has conducted any study on the role of adulterated food, air and water pollution in increase of such patients;
- (d) if so, the details and the outcome thereof and if not, the reasons therefor; and
- (e) the schemes/programmes being implemented by the Government to extend assistance to cancer patients belonging to weaker sections of the society in the country?

# ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY)

- (a) and (b): As per Indian Council of Medical Research's National Cancer Registry Program, the estimated number of incidence of cancer cases and deaths due to cancer reported from 2016 to 2018, State/UT wise are at **Annexure I & II** respectively.
- (c) & (d): As per studies undertaken from time to time, risk factors for non communicable diseases, including cancer, inter alia include unhealthy diet, lack of physical activities, ageing population, use of tobacco/alcohol products and air pollution.

- (e): The Central Government supplements the efforts of the State Governments to prevent and control cancer and to provide affordable and accessible care. Some of the steps taken by Central Government are as follows:
- (i) The objectives of National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) being implemented under National Health Mission (NHM) for interventions upto the district level include awareness generation for Cancer prevention, screening, early detection and referral to an appropriate level institution for treatment. For Cancer, the focus is on three Cancers namely breast, cervical and oral.
- (ii) A population level initiative for prevention, control and screening for common Non-Communicable Diseases (diabetes, hypertension and cancer viz. oral, breast and cervical cancer) has been rolled out in over 215 districts of the country under NHM, as a part of comprehensive primary healthcare. Screening for common NCDs is also an integral part of service delivery under Ayushman Bharat- Health and Wellness Centres.
- (iii) The Government of India is also implementing "Strengthening of Tertiary Care Cancer facilities" Scheme under NPCDCS to assist to establish/set up State Cancer Institutes (SCI) and Tertiary Care Cancer Centres (TCCC) in different parts of the country. Oncology is one of the focus areas in case of new AIIMS and many upgraded institutions under Pradhan Mantri Swasthya Suraksha Yojna (PMSSY). Setting up of National Cancer Institute at Jhajjar (Haryana) and 2nd campus of Chittranjan National Cancer Institute, Kolkata has also been approved. All these will enhance the capacity for prevention and treatment of cancer in the country.
- (iv) The Government is providing financial assistance to patients living below poverty line for life threatening diseases under the schemes such as Rashtriya Arogya Nidhi (RAN), Health Minister's Cancer Patient Fund (HMCPF) and Health Minister's Discretionary Grant (HMDG).
- (v) Affordable Medicines and Reliable Implants for Treatment (AMRIT) Deendayal outlets have been opened at 159 Institutions/Hospitals with an objective to make available Cancer and Cardiovascular Diseases drugs and implants at discounted prices to the patients.
- (vi) Treatment of cancer is also available under Ayushman Bharat-Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojna (PMJAY).

## Estimated Incidence of cancer cases in India by different State/UT – All sites - (2016 to 2018)\* - Both sexes

States	2016	2017	2018	
Jammu & Kashmir	15652	16480	17351	
Himachal Pradesh	8029	8348	8679	
Punjab	32474	33781	35137	
Chandigarh	1274	1335	1398	
Uttaranchal	12381	12995	13640	
Haryana	30611	32049	33558	
Delhi	20015	20899	21821	
Rajasthan	82836	86675	90686	
Uttar Pradesh	245231	257353	270053	
Bihar	130628	137656	145051	
Sikkim	479	485	490	
Arunachal Pradesh	1272	1292	1313	
Nagaland	1300	1309	1318	
Manipur	2998	3082	3168	
Mizoram	1652	1687	1723	
Tripura	2199	2229	2260	
Meghalaya	3311	3376	3442	
Assam	31825	32177	32530	
West Bengal	107906	112466	117220	
Jharkhand	40959	43071	45289	
Orissa	49674	51763	53936	
Chhattisgarh	31817	33477	35223	
Madhya Pradesh	89315	93754	98403	
Gujarat	73551	77097	80820	
Daman & Diu	440	504	579	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	497	542	591	
Maharashtra	132726	138271	144032	
Telangana	41939	43784	45713	
Andhra Pradesh	58072	60475	62978	
Karnataka	73511	76867	80381	
Goa	1726	1801	1881	
Lakshadweep	89	96	104	
Kerala	42004	44566	47382	
Tamil Nadu	80999	83554	86180	
Pondicherry	1596	1687	1783	
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	429	443	458	
Total	1451417	1517426	1586571	
Ref: Three-year Report of the PBCRs: 2012-2014, Bengaluru, 2016				

<sup>\*</sup>Projected cancer cases for India were computed using a projected incidence rates and the population (person-years)

Estimated Mortality of cancer cases in India by different State/UT - All sites – (2016 to 2018)\* - Both sexes

States	2016	2017	2018
Jammu & Kashmir	7925	8345	8788
Himachal Pradesh	4048	4210	4378
Punjab	16423	17084	17771
Chandigarh	646	678	709
Uttaranchal	6245	6556	6883
Haryana	15491	16219	16983
Delhi	10127	10573	11039
Rajasthan	41848	43795	45829
Uttar Pradesh	123985	130134	136579
Bihar	66040	69607	73361
Sikkim	242	245	248
Arunachal Pradesh	649	659	670
Nagaland	667	672	676
Manipur	1500	1542	1585
Mizoram	841	859	878
Tripura	1125	1140	1156
Meghalaya	1710	1744	1777
Assam	16206	16383	16561
West Bengal	54443	56750	59154
Jharkhand	20671	21741	22864
Orissa	25035	26091	27190
Chhattisgarh	16030	16868	17751
Madhya Pradesh	45110	47358	49713
Gujarat	37182	38983	40873
Daman & Diu	229	263	303
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	254	276	301
Maharashtra	67035	69843	72762
Telangana	21126	22058	23033
Andhra Pradesh	29244	30458	31725
Karnataka	37052	38747	40523
Goa	870	908	948
Lakshadweep	45	48	53
Kerala	21062	22348	23761
Tamil Nadu	40796	42091	43422
Pondicherry	802	848	895
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	217	224	232
Total	732921	766348	801374
Ref: Three-year Report of the P	BCRs: 2012-20	14, Bengaluru	, 2016

Mortality/Incidence (MI) ratio to the projected incidence cancer cases.