

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH & EDUCATION

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4916
TO BE ANSWERED ON 23/07/2019

AGRICULTURAL UNIVERSITIES AND INSTITUTIONS

4916. SHRI VISHNU DATT SHARMA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
कृषि और किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of agricultural universities/institutions in India under the Union Government along with their functioning and allocation of funds during the last 5 years;
- (b) whether the agricultural universities/institutes could fruitfully use the allocated funds, if so, the details thereof and if not, the action taken by the Government in this regard;
- (c) the details of the total number of private agricultural universities in the country along with their locations;
- (d) the admission process in these universities;
- (e) whether there is any control of the Government in the functioning of such universities; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof and if not, whether the Government would consider setting up any council/committee for monitoring of the functioning of these universities?

A N S W E R

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
कृषि और किसान कल्याण मंत्री **(SHRI NARENDRA SINGH TOMAR)**

(a) There are three Central Agricultural Universities (CAU) namely Central Agricultural University (CAU), Imphal, Rani Laxmi Bai Central Agriculture University (RLBCAU), Jhansi, Dr. Rajendra Prasad Central Agriculture University (Dr.RPCAU), Pusa, Bihar and four ICAR-Deemed Universities, viz. National Dairy Research Institute (NDRI), Karnal, Indian Veterinary Research Institute (IVRI), Izatnagar, Indian Agriculture Research Institute (IARI), New Delhi, Central Institute of Fisheries Education (CIFE), Mumbai under the Union Government. Further, there are 101 ICAR- Research Institutes/ Research Centres/ Project Directorate/ Bureaux and 11 ICAR-Agricultural Technology Application Research Institutes (ATARI). Main function of the above Agricultural Universities/Institutions are to plan, undertake, aid, promote and coordinate education, research and its application in Agriculture, Agro-Forestry, Animal Husbandry, Fisheries, Home Science & allied sciences.

Details of allocation of funds for three CAUs for last 5 years are given below:

Name of the University	Amount (Rs. in crore)					Total
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	
CAU, Imphal	119.00	165.99	120.00	120.00	191.20	716.19
RLBCAU	2.00	10.00	35.49	33.50	43.16	124.15
Dr. RPCAU, Pusa	-	-	50.19	82.09	132.10	264.38
Total	121.00	175.99	205.68	235.59	366.46	1104.72

Details of allocation of funds for ICAR Institutes for last 5 years are given below:

Name of the University	Amount (Rs. in crore)					Total
	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	
ICAR Institutes including Deemed Universities	5258.46	5077.87	6073.22	6549.02	7466.00	30424.57

(b) Yes, Sir.

The details of fund utilization percentage during last 5 years in respect of CAUs:

Central Agricultural Universities (CAUs)	Utilization (%)
CAU, Imphal	99.71
RLBCAU	96.79
Dr. RPCAU, Pusa	100.00

The details of fund utilization percentage during last 5 years in respect of Institutes:

Institutions	Utilization (%)
Institutions under ICAR including Deemed Universities	95.19

(c) As Agricultural Education is a State subject, Private Agriculture Universities are established with the approval of State Government.

(d) Admission in Private Universities is done by the respective Universities. The admission in CAUs is done through entrance exam conducted by ICAR/National Testing Agency (NTA). In case of CAU, Imphal there is a provision of admission of students from North Eastern States up to 85% of total seats. In four Deemed Universities (DUs) (NDRI, IVRI, CIFE and IARI) admission is done through ICAR/NTA/DU concerned.

(e) Yes, Sir.

(f) The Central Agricultural Universities (CAUs) are under the administrative control of Union Government. Private Agricultural Universities are under the control of the concerned State Governments. Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR), an autonomous body under the Union Government does accreditation through National Agricultural Education Accreditation Board (NAEAB) to ensure the quality of Agricultural Education in the Universities.
