

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION**

**LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2948  
TO BE ANSWERED ON 10.07.2019**

**IMPROVEMENT IN GDP**

**2948. DR. M.K. VISHNU PRASAD:**

**Will the Minister of STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state :**

- (a) the present GDP growth rate and employment growth rate, according to the latest NSSO data;**
- (b) the reasons for low GDP growth rate in the last six months;**
- (c) the slew of measures proposed to be taken to improve the GDP growth rate; and**
- (d) the efforts made to improve the job growth rate from the present level, which is all-time low in the last twenty years?**

**ANSWER**

**MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING (RAO INDERJIT SINGH)**

**(a)& (b): The Annual GDP growth rate at constant (2011-12) prices for the years 2012- 13 to 2018-19 and the quarter-wise growth rates of GDP and sector-wise GVA growth rates at constant (2011-12) prices for the year 2018-19 are available on the website of this Ministry and the relevant extracts are at Annexure. In the last two quarters of 2018-19, some sectors, namely, Agriculture, forestry & fishing and manufacturing had relatively lower growth rate.**

**Workforce Participation Rate (WPR), Labour Force Participation Rate (LFPR) and Un-employment Rate (UR), as per the latest data for the year 2017-18 are as under:**

<b>WPR (in %)</b>	<b>LFPR (in %)</b>	<b>UR (in Labour Force) (in %)</b>
<b>34.7</b>	<b>36.9</b>	<b>6.1</b>

**(c): Reforms in the Indian Economy is a continuous process and various Ministries and Departments are implementing Government's strategic programmes and policies to enhance the economic growth. The Government has taken various steps to boost the GDP growth of the economy. These, inter-alia, include fillip to manufacturing via Make in India programme and measures to improve ease of doing business, concrete measures for transport sector including measures for regional connectivity and power sector via schemes like Ujjwal DISCOM Assurance Yojana (UDAY). Other measures include comprehensive reforms in the foreign direct investment policy and special package for textile industry. The introduction of the Goods and Services Tax (GST) is also intended to improve growth momentum by reducing barriers to trade, business and related economic activities. The Government through Minimum Support Price (MSPs) is providing boost to the farmers' income. In the Interim Budget 2019-20, Government, launched the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi Yojana (PM-Kisan) with the objective to supplement the financial needs of the small and marginal farmers in procuring various inputs to ensure proper crop health and appropriate yields, commensurate with the anticipated farm income.**

**(d): Achieving inclusive growth has been one of the main priorities of the Government. For promoting inclusive growth, the Government is implementing various programmes/schemes for creating better employment opportunities, strengthening social infrastructure and providing basic amenities like water, electricity, roads, sanitation and housing for covering all sections of population. Various schemes such as Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act Scheme (MGNREGA), Prime Minister's Employment Generation Programme (PMEGP), Pradhan Mantri**

**Rojgar Protsahan Yojana, Pt. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana-National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM) are being implemented by the Government to create additional employment opportunities to reap the benefits of the demographic dividend. The Government is considering setting up of Higher Education Commission. Also 10 million youth are to be imparted industry-relevant skill training under the Kaushal Vikas Yojana to enhance their employability.**

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**Table 1: GDP Growth Rate (in %) at Constant (2011-12 ) Prices**

2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
5.5	6.4	7.4	8.0	8.2	7.2	6.8

**Table 2: QUARTERLY ESTIMATES OF GDP and GVA Growth rate (in %) AT CONSTANT PRICES, 2011-12 SERIES**

Item	2018-19			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1. Agriculture, forestry & fishing	5.1	4.9	2.8	-0.1
2. Mining & quarrying	0.4	-2.2	1.8	4.2
3. Manufacturing	12.1	6.9	6.4	3.1
4. Electricity, gas ,water supply& other utility services	6.7	8.7	8.3	4.3
5. Construction	9.6	8.5	9.7	7.1
6. Trade, hotels, transport, communication and services related to broadcasting	7.8	6.9	6.9	6.0
7. Financial, real estate & professional services	6.5	7.0	7.2	9.5
8. Public administration, defence and Other Services	7.5	8.6	7.5	10.7
<b>9. Total GVA</b>	<b>7.7</b>	<b>6.9</b>	<b>6.3</b>	<b>5.7</b>
<b>10. GDP</b>	<b>8.0</b>	<b>7.0</b>	<b>6.6</b>	<b>5.8</b>

Q1: First Quarter (April-June), Q2: Second Quarter(July-September), Q3: (October- December), Q4:(January-March)