

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2784
TO BE ANSWERED ON 10.07.2019**

PER CAPITA INCOME

2784. SHRI SHIVAKUMAR C. UDASI:

Will the Minister of STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is huge disparity in per capita income among various States and if so, the details thereof, State/Union Territory-wise;

(b) the urban and rural per capita income differentials in the country during the current year; and

(c) the corrective steps taken/being taken by the Government in this regard?

ANSWER

**MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF STATISTICS AND PROGRAMME IMPLEMENTATION AND MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING
(RAO INDERJIT SINGH)**

(a): As per the latest information received from State Governments, State-wise Per Capita Net State Domestic Product (NSDP) at current and constant (2011-12) prices for 2014-15 to 2016-17 are given in Annexure.

(b) : The Per Capita Net Value Added (NVA) for rural and urban area is estimated only for the Base-Year of National Account, and is given below:

Per Capita Net Value Added (NVA) (in Rs.)		
Year	Rural	Urban
2011-12	40,925	98,435

(c): Government is focusing on inclusive growth as reflected in its commitment of Sabka Saath, Sabka Vikas. Various steps have been taken to address the rural urban disparity. “Gaon, Gareeb aur Kisan” has been at the centre of government policies. Under the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Pension Yojana, small and marginal farmers will get a minimum fixed pension of Rs 3,000 per month on attaining the age of 60 years. The Government has launched the Pradhan Mantri Kisan Samman Nidhi Yojana (PM-Kisan) with the objective of supplementing the financial needs of small and marginal farmers in procuring various inputs to ensure proper crop health and appropriate yields, commensurate with the anticipated farm income. The Government is also providing boost to the farmers’ income through Minimum Support Price (MSPs). The ‘Scheme of Fund for Upgradation and Regeneration of Traditional Industries’ (SFURTI) aims to set up more Common Facility Centers (CFCs) to facilitate cluster based development of Bamboo, Honey and Khadi. The Government is also encouraging private entrepreneurs in agriculture and also focusing on agricultural infrastructure. The zero-budget farming, as a model for farmers is being considered and would help in doubling the farmers’ income. The Government will enable the creation of 10,000 new Farmer Producer Organisations (FPOs) by 2022 to ensure economies of scale for farmers access to inputs and markets. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana – Gramin (PMAY-G) aims to achieve the objective of “Housing for All” by 2022. The Government’s rural road scheme has brought about socio-economic improvements. Under phase three of PM Gram Sadak Yojana, 1.25 lakh kms of road is to be built in the next five years.

Per Capita Net State Domestic Product (NSDP) (In Rs.)							
S.	State\UT	CURRENT PRICES			CONSTANT PRICES		
No.		2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
1	Andhra Pradesh	93,903	1,08,002	1,24,401	79,174	88,609	97,086
2	Arunachal Pradesh	1,10,929	1,12,212	1,19,150	87,973	84,538	85,942
3	Assam	52,895	60,817	67,303	44,809	50,642	52,416
4	Bihar	28,671	30,213	34,409	23,223	23,987	25,950
5	Chhattisgarh	72,936	73,590	81,808	61,122	61,504	65,948
6	Goa	2,89,185	3,34,576	3,75,550	2,41,081	2,78,601	3,08,823
7	Gujarat	1,27,017	1,39,254	1,56,527	1,11,370	1,20,683	1,31,853
8	Haryana	1,48,485	1,62,034	1,80,174	1,24,302	1,33,591	1,43,211
9	Himachal Pradesh	1,23,299	1,35,512	1,49,028	1,05,241	1,12,723	1,18,888
10	Jammu & Kashmir	61,213	73,229	78,163	50,724	59,924	62,145
11	Jharkhand	57,301	52,754	59,799	48,781	44,524	49,174
12	Karnataka	1,30,024	1,48,110	1,61,922	1,05,697	1,16,832	1,24,033
13	Kerala	1,35,537	1,48,011	1,63,475	1,12,444	1,19,665	1,28,550
14	Madhya Pradesh	56,069	62,616	74,787	44,336	47,763	53,253
15	Maharashtra	1,32,611	1,47,610	1,65,491	1,14,750	1,22,588	1,33,141
16	Manipur	52,717	55,447	57,888	44,101	46,389	46,206
17	Meghalaya	64,638	68,836	72,870	55,936	56,039	57,752
18	Mizoram	1,03,049	1,14,055	1,28,241	85,056	91,845	99,461
19	Nagaland	78,367	82,466	90,168	60,372	60,663	63,568
20	Odisha	63,173	65,650	74,234	54,211	58,165	63,674
21	Punjab	1,08,970	1,18,858	1,29,321	95,807	1,00,141	1,05,894
22	Rajasthan	76,429	83,456	89,678	64,496	68,596	71,080
23	Sikkim	2,14,148	2,45,987	2,70,572	1,80,675	1,95,066	2,06,178
24	Tamil Nadu	1,28,372	1,40,441	1,50,036	1,06,189	1,14,581	1,17,806
25	Telangana	1,24,104	1,40,840	1,60,062	1,01,424	1,12,267	1,22,873
26	Tripura	69,474	83,680	91,266	63,642	61,183	65,854
27	Uttar Pradesh	42,267	47,062	50,942	34,583	36,923	38,965
28	Uttarakhand	1,35,881	1,47,592	1,57,643	1,18,788	1,26,952	1,32,464
29	West Bengal	68,876	75,992	83,126	54,520	57,255	61,245
30	And. & Nic. Islands	1,19,291	1,26,445	1,36,824	1,00,754	1,06,031	1,13,796
31	Chandigarh	2,06,760	2,22,710	2,37,599	1,83,029	1,97,663	2,07,000
32	Delhi	2,49,589	2,73,301	2,98,832	2,15,726	2,35,737	2,47,255
33	Puducherry	1,46,921	1,72,727	1,84,869	1,17,102	1,21,000	1,26,842