

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2623
TO BE ANSWERED ON 09.07.2019

MIGRATION OF RURAL YOUTH

2623. SHRI DILIP SAIKIA:

Will the Minister of RURAL DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether migration problem among rural youth has increased;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government has prepared any plan to prevent the migration of rural youth; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER
MINISTER OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT
(SHRI NARENDRA SINGH TOMAR)

(a) & (b): As per National Sample Survey Office (NSSO), NSS 64th Round report, migration rates, including those of rural youths, for the period 1983 to 2007-08, from different NSS rounds are as under:

All-India (Rural)

Round (year)	Migration rates (per 1000 persons)
64 th (July 07-Jun 08)	261
55 th (July 1999-June 2000)	244
49 th (Jan-June,1993)	228
43 rd (July 1987- June 88)	232
38 th (Jan-Dec,1983)	209

(c) & (d): Ministry of Rural Development is implementing various rural development schemes for creating employment opportunities, providing access to basic needs and creating rural infrastructure. Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Scheme (MGNREGS) provides guaranteed wage employment of 100 days in a financial year to a rural

household whose adult members are willing to take up manual work. An additional 50 days of wage employment is provided over and above 100 days in the notified drought affected areas or natural calamity affected areas in the country on recommendation of the Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare. Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana – National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM) is implemented with the objective of providing self-employment to the members of the rural poor families. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya- Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY) and Rural Self Employment and Training Institutes (RSETIs) provides for placement linked skill development programme for wage employment and self employment. DDU-GKY guidelines provide for State concerned to set up Migration Support Centers (MSCs) in areas of high concentration of placement of skilled youth. The Department of Rural Development is implementing Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM) aimed at developing 300 rural growth clusters called ‘Rurban Clusters’ which have latent potential for growth, in all States and UTs. The Objective of the Mission is to bridge the rural urban divide and to reduce migration from rural to urban areas and eventually to facilitate reverse migration. Besides, Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana – Gramin (PMAY-G) and Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY) are also implemented to provide basic needs and developing rural infrastructure for improving living conditions of rural masses so that distress migration of people from rural to cities could be reduced.
