

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. 104
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 28TH JUNE, 2019
EMPANELMENT OF HOSPITALS UNDER AYUSHMAN BHARAT**

***104. SHRI MANOJ TIWARI:
SHRI RAJIV PRATAP RUDY:**

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has identified adequate number of hospitals under the scheme and completed their empanelment and if so, the details thereof along with the number of hospitals covered currently, State/UT-wise including Delhi/ NCR;
- (b) whether the Government has achieved the target set under the Ayushman Bharat Yojana (ABY), if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise;
- (c) whether some States/UTs have not yet implemented the ABY, if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor along with the number of States/UTs which have signed MoU to implement PMJAY and the number of States which have already launched the scheme;
- (d) whether ABY provides paperless and cashless access to the beneficiaries during the service taken by them in empanelled hospitals, if so, the details thereof; and
- (e) the details of the limitations and bottlenecks faced by the Government during the implementation of the ABY?

**ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SHRI ASHWINI KUMAR CHOUBEY)**

(a) to (e): A statement is laid on the Table of the House

**STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA
STARRED QUESTION NO. 104* FOR 28TH JUNE, 2019**

(a) & (b) Ayushman Bharat Yojana comprises two components namely (i) provision of Comprehensive Primary Healthcare through Ayushman Bharat – Health and Wellness Centers (AB-HWC); and (ii) Ayushman Bharat – Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana (AB-PMJAY).

Under AB-PMJAY, all public hospitals (Community Health Centre and above), in the States implementing PMJAY, are deemed empanelled. Hospitals belonging to Employee State Insurance Corporation (ESIC) may also be empanelled based on the bed occupancy ratio parameter. All National institutes under Ministry of Health & Family Welfare as well as Institute of National Importance are part of the empanelled healthcare provider network for PMJAY. As far as private hospitals are concerned, they are empanelled by State Health Agencies of respective States. For empanelment, guidelines have been issued to all the States laying down the detailed criteria and process. Details of hospitals empanelled under AB-PMJAY State/UT- wise are at Annexure-I.

Facilities under AB-HWCs are available to all. The list of operational HWCs is at Annexure – II.

AB-PMJAY is an entitlement based scheme and it provides health coverage to around 10.74 crore poor and vulnerable families as per Socio Economic Caste Census data (approx. 50 crore beneficiaries).

(c) AB-HWC is being implemented in all States/ UTs except Union Territory of Delhi.

For implementation of AB-PMJAY, Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) has been signed with 33 States/UTs out of which 30 States/UTs have started its implementation. The States of Odisha, Telangana, and the Union Territory of Delhi have not signed the MoU for implementation of AB- PMJAY. The State Government of West Bengal has opted out of this scheme in January, 2019.

(d) Yes, PMJAY provides paperless and cashless treatment to the entitled beneficiaries in the empanelled hospitals. As on 25.06.2019, the total number of hospital admissions under PMJAY are 29,96,635 and claim amount is 4042.87 crore.

(e) PMJAY has gained positive momentum in a short period of time. Systems supporting the scheme proved effective. However, the issues that have been observed while implementing the scheme are: most of the entitled beneficiaries are poor & vulnerable and reaching out to them poses challenge; and capacity building of all stakeholders is a continuing exercise. Also, since PMJAY is implemented by the State Governments, the quality of implementation depends upon factors like involvement of State Governments and availability of infrastructure in the States etc.

The challenges in the implementation of AB-HWC are: ensuring adequate human resources at PHC-HWC; procurement and use of IT system to enable a system of digital records so as to improve appropriate referrals and continuum of care; ensuring uninterrupted supplies of medicines particularly for non-communicable diseases to respond to increasing footfalls; issues relating to governance and capacity, especially in the high focus states; and moving from delivery of services to mostly women and children to addressing adults including men, over thirty years of age for non-communicable disease screening, prevention, and management.

State-wise number of hospitals empanelled under AB-PMJAY (As on 24.06.2019)

Sl. No.	State	Private	Public	Grand Total
1	Andaman And Nicobar Islands		3	3
2	Andhra Pradesh	467	225	692
3	Arunachal Pradesh		2	2
4	Assam	138	36	174
5	Bihar	84	564	648
6	Chandigarh	10	5	15
7	Chhattisgarh	584	698	1,282
8	Dadra And Nagar Haveli		4	4
9	Daman and Diu		3	3
10	Goa	5	9	14
11	Gujarat	1,217	1,967	3,184
12	Haryana	276	155	431
13	Himachal Pradesh	51	156	207
14	Jammu And Kashmir	33	126	159
15	Jharkhand	416	218	634
16	Karnataka	371	405	776
17	Kerala	164	177	341
18	Lakshadweep		1	1
19	Madhya Pradesh	86	300	386
20	Maharashtra	402	87	489
21	Manipur	6	9	15
22	Meghalaya	13	155	168
23	Mizoram	3	79	82
24	Nagaland	5	55	60
25	NHCP*	17	11	28
26	PSU		83	83
27	Puducherry	5	1	6
28	Punjab	3	200	203
29	Sikkim	2	5	7
30	Tamil Nadu	1,086	1,169	2,255
31	Tripura	2	62	64
32	Uttar Pradesh	1,376	431	1,807
33	Uttarakhand	81	100	181
34	West Bengal	804	436	1,240
Total		7,707	7,937	15,644

***NOTE: 17 private and 7 public hospitals are empanelled in the Delhi region**

Operational AB-HWCs

Sl. No.	State / UT	HWCs Operational
		TOTAL
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	30
2	Andhra Pradesh	2106
3	Arunachal Pradesh	54
4	Assam	935
5	Bihar	600
6	Chandigarh	10
7	Chhattisgarh	793
8	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	31
9	Daman & Diu	23
10	Delhi	0
11	Goa	5
12	Gujarat	1628
13	Haryana	452
14	Himachal Pradesh	17
15	Jammu & Kashmir	231
16	Jharkhand	364
17	Karnataka	706
18	Kerala	673
19	Lakshadweep	0
20	Madhya Pradesh	227
21	Maharashtra	2479
22	Manipur	65
23	Meghalaya	7
24	Mizoram	4
25	Nagaland	46
26	Odisha	1001
27	Puducherry	17
28	Punjab	848
29	Rajasthan	535
30	Sikkim	29
31	Tamil Nadu	1572
32	Telangana	1120
33	Tripura	71
34	Uttar Pradesh	2071
35	Uttarakhand	133
36	West Bengal	399
Total HWCs Operational		19282

Source: HWC Portal