

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, COOPERATION AND FARMERS WELFARE

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.3306
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 1ST JANUARY, 2019

AGRARIAN CRISIS

3306. SHRI K.N. RAMACHANDRAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government has identified several regions in various States/ UTs facing agrarian crisis;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government has deputed Central teams to assess the agrarian crisis in several areas of the country;
- (d) if so, the findings thereof; and
- (e) the corrective measures taken/ proposed to be taken by the Government to resolve the agrarian crisis?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (SHRI PARSHOTTAM RUPALA)

(a) to (d): Agriculture being a State subject, the State Governments undertake development of perspective plans and ensures effective implementation of the programmes/ schemes. Also, Government of India supplements the efforts of the State Governments through various Schemes/ Programmes.

During 2018-19, State Governments of Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Rajasthan and Jharkhand have submitted Memorandum in the wake of drought during Kharif. Inter-Ministerial Central Teams (IMCTs) are constituted to visit the drought affected States to assess the damage and recommend the financial assistance from National Disaster Response Fund (NDRF). As per existing procedure, the report of IMCT is placed before the Sub-Committee of National Executive Committee (SC-NEC). Thereafter, the recommendations of the SC-NEC are considered by the High Level Committee (HLC), headed by Home Minister to approve quantum of financial assistance from NDRF.

(e): The Government is targeting to double the income of the farmers by the year 2022. To achieve this, the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers' Welfare has taken a

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number of measures. The Government is aiming to reorient the agriculture sector by focusing on an income-centeredness in addition to pure production centeredness approach. The Department has, therefore, implemented various Schemes to meet this objectives, viz. Soil Health Card (SHC), Neem Coated Urea, Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana (PKVY), Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana (PMKSY), National Agriculture Market scheme (e-NAM) and Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY), Pradhan Mantri Annadata Aay Sanrakshan Abhiyan (PM-AASHA), Interest Subvention schemes and Kisan Credit Card. The Government has also implemented several centrally sponsored Schemes viz. National Food Security Mission (NFSM); Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (MIDH); National Mission on Oilseeds & Oilpalm (NMOOP); National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA); National Mission on Agricultural Extension & Technology (NMAET) and Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY) for enhancing production and productivity and development of the sector as a whole.
