

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 469
TO BE ANSWERED ON 20TH JULY, 2018**

DIABETES AMONG CHILDREN

469. SHRI KAUSHALENDRA KUMAR:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether it is a fact that according to a diabetes survey conducted in different parts of the country, the sugar level of children have not been found satisfactory;
- (b) if so, the details thereof; and
- (c) the measures being taken by the Government in this regard?

**ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)**

(a) to (c): With the aim of getting information on youth onset diabetes in India, the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR) established the Registry of People with Diabetes in India with Young Age at Onset. The primary objective of the registry is to understand the disease pattern or types of youth onset diabetes including their geographical variations within the country and to estimate the burden of diabetes complications in youth. The first phase of the registry has enrolled 5546 patients with youth onset diabetes. There were more than ten variants of youth onset diabetes reported, in which Type 1 Diabetes Mellitus (T1DM) was the most prevalent (63.9%) followed by youth onset Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus (T2DM) (25.3%).

To supplement the efforts of State Governments, the Government of India is implementing National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) under National Health Mission. The objectives of the programme include health promotion, early diagnosis, management and referral of cases, besides strengthening the infrastructure and capacity building to prevent and control common Non-Communicable Diseases including Diabetes.

In addition, free/ affordable testing for diabetic individuals is being offered at various levels of healthcare such as Primary Health Centres, Community Health Centres and at the District Hospitals including in tertiary care Centre and State Government facilities.

.....