GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF PLANNING

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION No. 1366 TO BE ANSWERED ON 25.07.2018

PEOPLE LIVING BELOW POVERTY LINE

1366. SHRI C.N. JAYADEVAN: SHRI SHARAD TRIPATHI:

Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

- (a) whether a large number of people are living below poverty line in the country;
- (b) if so, the details thereof during the last three years and as on date, State/UTwise;
- (c) whether it is a fact that India has been able to reduce the number of people living below the poverty line considerably during the last few years;
- (d) if so, the details of the number of people living in poverty according to various studies by national as well as international agencies and the basis of measuring poverty rate in each study; and
- (e) the measures taken/proposed to be taken by the Government to uplift the BPL people?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF PLANNING AND MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF CHEMICALS & FERTILIZERS

(RAO INDERJIT SINGH)

- (a) to (d) The official poverty estimates are based on Large Sample Surveys on Household Consumer Expenditure carried out by the National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) of the Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation. The latest data of Large Sample Survey on Household Consumer Expenditure has been collected by NSSO in its 68th round conducted in 2011-12. Based on this data, the erstwhile Planning Commission estimated poverty lines and poverty ratio in 2011-12 following the extant Tendulkar Committee methodology and released through a Press Note issued on 22nd July 2013. According to this press note the number of persons living below poverty line in India has been estimated as 2697.83 Lakh in 2011-12. The number of persons living below poverty in 2011-12 State/UT-wise are given at **Annexure.** According to the Press Note issued on 22nd July 2013 the poverty line has been defined on the basis of Monthly Per Capita Consumption Expenditure (MPCE) as the criterion. According to the Press Note, the number of persons living below poverty line in the country has come down from 4076.1 Lakh (37.2%) in 2004-05 to 2697.83 Lakh (21.9%) in 2011-12. In rural areas, it has reduced from 41.8 percent during 2004-05 to 25.7 percent in 2011-12 whereas in urban areas the poverty ratio has declined from 25.7 percent to 13.7 percent during the same period.
- (e) The primary policy objective of the Government is development of all segments of the population. The Government is implementing a number of targeted programmes in this regard, like Pradhan Mantri Awaas Yojana (PMAY), Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA), Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana National Rural Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NRLM), Deendayal Antyodaya Yojana National Urban Livelihoods Mission (DAY-NULM), Pradhan Mantri Jan-Dhan Yojana (PMJDY), Deen Dayal Upadhyaya Grameen Kaushalya Yojana (DDU-GKY), Shyama Prasad Mukherji Rurban Mission (SPMRM), Pradhan Mantri Suraksha Bima Yojana (PMSBY), Pradhan Mantri Jeevan Jyoti Bima Yojana, Atal Pension Yojana, Pradhan Mantri Mudra Yojana, Stand Up India Scheme etc. These interventions are expected to yield better results over time towards overall balanced development in the country.

Number and Percentage of Population below poverty line by states - 2011-12 (Tendulkar Methodology)

Annexure

Crederka	(Methodology)	Rural		Urban		Total	
S.No.	States	%age of	No. of	%age of	No. of	%age of	No. of
B.110.	States	Persons	Persons	Persons	Persons	Persons	Persons
1			(lakhs)		(lakhs)		(lakhs)
1	Andhra Pradesh	10.96	61.80	5.81	16.98	9.20	78.78
2	Arunachal Pradesh	38.93	4.25	20.33	0.66	34.67	4.91
3	Assam	33.89	92.06	20.49	9.21	31.98	101.27
4	Bihar	34.06	320.40	31.23	37.75	33.74	358.15
5	Chhattisgarh	44.61	88.90	24.75	15.22	39.93	104.11
6	Delhi	12.92	0.50	9.84	16.46	9.91	16.96
7	Goa	6.81	0.37	4.09	0.38	5.09	0.75
8	Gujarat	21.54	75.35	10.14	26.88	16.63	102.23
9	Haryana	11.64	19.42	10.28	9.41	11.16	28.83
10	Himachal Pradesh	8.48	5.29	4.33	0.30	8.06	5.59
11	Jammu & Kashmir	11.54	10.73	7.20	2.53	10.35	13.27
12	Jharkhand	40.84	104.09	24.83	20.24	36.96	124.33
13	Karnataka	24.53	92.80	15.25	36.96	20.91	129.76
14	Kerala	9.14	15.48	4.97	8.46	7.05	23.95
15	Madhya Pradesh	35.74	190.95	21.00	43.10	31.65	234.06
16	Maharashtra	24.22	150.56	9.12	47.36	17.35	197.92
17	Manipur	38.80	7.45	32.59	2.78	36.89	10.22
18	Meghalaya	12.53	3.04	9.26	0.57	11.87	3.61
19	Mizoram	35.43	1.91	6.36	0.37	20.40	2.27
20	Nagaland	19.93	2.76	16.48	1.00	18.88	3.76
21	Odisha	35.69	126.14	17.29	12.39	32.59	138.53
22	Punjab	7.66	13.35	9.24	9.82	8.26	23.18
23	Rajasthan	16.05	84.19	10.69	18.73	14.71	102.92
24	Sikkim	9.85	0.45	3.66	0.06	8.19	0.51
25	Tamil Nadu	15.83	59.23	6.54	23.40	11.28	82.63
26	Tripura	16.53	4.49	7.42	0.75	14.05	5.24
27	Uttarakhand	11.62	8.25	10.48	3.35	11.26	11.60
28	Uttar Pradesh	30.40	479.35	26.06	118.84	29.43	598.19
29	West Bengal	22.52	141.14	14.66	43.83	19.98	184.98
30	Puducherry	17.06	0.69	6.30	0.55	9.69	1.24
31	Andaman & Nicobar						
	Islands	1.57	0.04	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.04
32	Chandigarh	1.64	0.004	22.31	2.34	21.81	2.35
33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	62.59	1.15	15.38	0.28	39.31	1.43
34	Daman & Diu	0.00	0.00	12.62	0.26	9.86	0.26
35	Lakshadweep	0.00	0.00	3.44	0.02	2.77	0.02
	All India	25.70	2166.58	13.70	531.25	21.92	2697.83

Notes: 1. Population as on 1st March 2012 has been used for estimating number of persons below poverty line. (2011 Census population extrapolated)

^{2.} Poverty line of Tamil Nadu has been used for Andaman and Nicobar Island.

^{3.} Urban Poverty Line of Punjab has been used for both rural and urban areas of Chandigarh.

^{4.} Poverty Line of Maharashtra has been used for Dadra & Nagar Haveli.