

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, COOPERATION AND FARMERS WELFARE

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.5220
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 27TH MARCH, 2018

GROWTH OF FARM SECTOR

5220. SHRI P.V. MIDHUN REDDY:
SHRIMATI KAMLA DEVI PAATLE:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE **†ãðŠãäÓã** एवं किसान कल्याण **½ãâ¨ããè** be pleased to state:

- the target set for Agricultural growth rate during each of the last three years and achievements made in this regard, State-wise including Chhattisgarh;
- whether the growth rate of agriculture/farm sector has declined in the country;
- if so, the reasons therefor;
- the target set for the growth of agriculture sector for the year 2017-18; and
- the steps taken by the Government to increase the growth rate?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

†ãðŠãäÓã एवं किसान कल्याण **½ãâ¨ããÈ¾ã ½ãñâ Àã¾ã ½ãâ¨ããè** (SHRI PARSHOTTAM RUPALA)

(a): The growth target set for the Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-2017) by the then Planning Commission was 4% for agriculture and allied sector. The details of 'expected' growth rates for the Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-2017) for the States (including Chhattisgarh) are given at **Annexure I**.

The latest available details of the growth of Gross State Value Added (GSVA) for agriculture & allied sector (at constant 2011-12 prices) for the years 2014-15 to 2016-17, achieved by the States (including Chhattisgarh) are given at **Annexure II**.

(b) & (c): As per the Estimates of National Income released by the Central Statistics Office (CSO), Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation (MoSPI) the growth rate of Gross Value Added (GVA) of agriculture and allied sector in the country at constant (2011-12) prices was 6.3 and 3.0 percent for 2016-17 and 2017-18 respectively. The CSO's approach of estimation of GVA in agriculture sector is predominantly production based. Since 2016-17 marked a record production of foodgrains and the base year 2015-16 (for calculating growth of GVA 2016-17) was a drought year, the GVA in agriculture and allied sector recorded a high growth during 2016-17. In spite of a better agricultural output estimated for 2017-18, the GVA growth rate is moderate on account of the high output in the base year, viz. 2016-17.

(d): The growth target for the Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-2017) by the then Planning Commission was 4% for agriculture and allied sector. No year-wise targets were indicated beyond the Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-2017).

(e): Agriculture is a state subject. However, Government of India supplements the efforts of States through appropriate policy measures and budgetary support. Government has launched several schemes to increase growth of agriculture sector in the country and for welfare of the farmers through increase in production and productivity of agricultural crops and to improve the income level of farmers. These include programmes like National Food Security Mission (NFSM), Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana (RKVY), Bringing Green Revolution to Eastern India (BGREI), National Mission on Oilseeds and Oil Palm (NMOOP), National Mission on Agriculture Extension & Technology (NMAET), National Mission for Sustainable Agriculture (NMSA) and Pradhan Mantri Krishi Sinchai Yojana (PMKSY) etc.

Further, the minimum support prices (MSPs) of major agricultural commodities has been progressively increased to ensure remunerative price to the farmers. The budget for 2018-19 has announced that as a pre-determined principle, Government has decided to keep MSP at one and half times of the cost of production of the ensuing Kharif crops also in line with that already implemented for the majority of rabi crops of 2018-19 marketing season.

Annexure-I

State-wise 'expected' growth rates for the Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-17)

(In Percentage)

Sl. No.	State	Agriculture Sector Growth Rates Target by Planning Commission
1	Andhra Pradesh	5
2	Bihar	6
3	Chhattisgarh	6
4	Goa	0.5
5	Gujarat	4
6	Haryana	4.2
7	Jharkhand	6
8	Karnataka	5
9	Kerala	1
10	Madhya Pradesh	6.5
11	Maharashtra	3
12	Odisha	3.2
13	Punjab	1.6
14	Rajasthan	5.5
15	Tamil Nadu	3.4
16	Uttar Pradesh	3.2
17	West Bengal	2.5
	Special Category States	
18	Arunachal Pradesh	5.7
19	Assam	4.8
20	Himachal Pradesh	2
21	Jammu & Kashmir	1.5
22	Manipur	6
23	Meghalaya	2.8
24	Mizoram	6.9
25	Nagaland	4.8
26	Sikkim	4
27	Tripura	5
28	Uttarakhand	3
	All India	4

Source : Planning Commission Twelfth Five Year Plan (2012-17)

Annexure II

Annexure referred in reply to part (a) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No.5220 due for answer on 27.03.18

Growth Rates of Gross State Value Added (GSVA) of Agriculture and Allied Sector (Agriculture, forestry and fishing) at 2011-12 prices for the years 2014-15 to 2016-17

(% Growth over previous year)

Sl. No.	State/Uts	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
1	Andhra Pradesh	3.92	8.13	14.03
2	Arunachal Pradesh	10.28	-5.94	-10.03
3	Assam	2.68	3.40	N.A
4	Bihar	-0.28	2.67	6.89
5	Jharkhand	30.67	-25.83	11.38
6	Goa	0.11	0.75	N.A
7	Gujarat	0.01	-1.39	1.99
8	Haryana	-1.92	2.90	6.40
9	Himachal Pradesh	-3.23	3.84	-4.98
10	Jammu & Kashmir	-10.91	24.89	N.A
11	Karnataka	4.24	-9.40	3.61
12	Kerala	0.02	-4.11	1.92
13	Madhya Pradesh	4.66	1.76	26.91
14	Chattisgarh	2.71	0.94	5.87
15	Maharashtra	-11.21	-4.55	12.54
16	Manipur	1.95	-8.27	N.A
17	Meghalaya	15.29	4.45	-7.61
18	Mizoram	109.57	3.72	N.A
19	Nagaland	4.03	-7.40	N.A
20	Orissa	8.87	-13.65	21.22
21	Punjab	-3.50	1.36	4.46
22	Rajasthan	2.69	0.78	3.54
23	Sikkim	2.57	-1.32	5.04
24	Tamil Nadu	7.32	2.84	0.09
25	Telangana	-9.68	-6.54	14.93
26	Tripura	3.69	-1.43	N.A
27	Uttar Pradesh	-2.02	4.31	8.87
28	Uttarakhand	-0.29	-0.81	0.18
29	West Bengal	N.A	N.A	N.A
30	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	4.36	2.07	N.A
31	Chandigarh	-0.25	0.71	-6.31
32	Delhi	-5.90	20.36	-21.90
33	Puducherry	10.59	1.70	8.15

Source: Central Statistics Office (CSO), MoSPI

Note: N.A- Not Available

