GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4795 TO BE ANSWERED ON 23rd MARCH, 2018

KIDNEY PATIENTS

4795. SHRI RAM PRASAD SARMAH: SHRI UDAY PRATAP SINGH: SHRI VIJAY KUMAR HANSDAK: SHRIMATI RAMA DEVI:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has taken note of the rising number of kidney patients in the country and if so, the details thereof, State/UT-wise;

(b) whether the Government proposes to increase the amount of funds given to the poor patients under assistance fund;

(c) if so, the details thereof including the time by which it will be implemented and if not, the reasons therefor;

(d) whether the Government has identified such areas where the number of kidney patients has increased due to contamination reasons/ natural reasons; and

(e) if so, the details thereof and the reaction of the Government thereto?

ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)

(a): Nationwide scientific estimation of number of patients of Chronic Kidney Diseases (CKD) has not been carried out. However, in some of the small population based studies, prevalence was found to be 0.79 % in North India and 0.16% in South India.

Health being a State subject, State/UT-wise data on kidney patients is not maintained centrally.

(b) & (c): Financial assistance is provided under Rashtriya Arogya Nidhi (RAN) and Health Minister's Discretionary Grant (HMDG) Schemes to patients living Below Poverty Line (BPL) who are suffering from major life threatening diseases like cancer, kidney problem, liver problem, etc. to receive medical treatment in Government Hospitals.

(d) & (e): Government constitutes expert groups from time to time to look into rise in kidney diseases in some parts of the country. The reports suggested multifactorial causation for such rise.

As informed by Ministry of Water Resources, River Development and Ganga Rejuvenation (RD & GR), ground water in isolated pockets in parts of various States is contaminated with Salinity, Fluoride, Nitrate, Arsenic, Iron and Heavy metals. The State-wise details of number of districts affected in parts with ground water contamination are given at Annexure.

As informed by Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation, Government is providing technical and financial assistance through the centrally sponsored National Rural Drinking Water Programme (NRDWP) for providing safe drinking water to rural habitations.

Many of the risk factors for CKD are common with other common Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) such as Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Disease, etc. Interventions for Chronic Kidney Diseases have been included under the National Programme for Prevention and Control of Cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS) under the umbrella of National Health Mission (NHM).

For early diagnosis, Population-based Screening for common NCDs including Diabetes and Hypertension, which are the biological risk factors of CKD, has been initiated by Government of India by utilizing the services of the Frontline-workers and Health-workers under existing Primary Healthcare System.

Support under the NHM is being provided to States for dialysis services free of cost to the poor under Pradhan Mantri National Dialysis Programme (PMNDP). Such support is based on the proposals received from States in their annual Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs).

States Wise Details of Affected Districts with Ground Water Contamination by different Chemical Constituents

| States Wise Details of Affected Districts with Ground Water Contamination by different Chemic | | | | | | | | | its |
|---|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| SI No | | Salinity (EC above 3000 micro mhos/ cm) (EC : Electrical Conductivity) | Fluoride (above 1.5 mg/l) | Nitrate (above 45 mg/l) | Arsenic (above 0.01 mg/l) | Iron (above 1mg/l) | Heavy metals: Lead (above 0.01 mg/l) | Cadmium (above 0.003 mg/l) | Chromium (above 0.05 mg/l) |
| | Name of the State/UTs | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Andhra Pradesh | 11 | 11 | 13 | 3 | 7 | | | |
| | Arunachal | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Pradesh | | | | | 4 | | | |
| 3 | Assam | | 6 | | 19 | 18 | | | |
| 4 | Bihar | | 13 | 10 | 23 | 19 | | | |
| 5 | Chhattisgarh | | 13 | 12 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | Delhi | 7 | 7 | 8 | 2 | | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| 7 | Goa | | | | | 2 | | | |
| 8 | Gujarat | 21 | 19 | 21 | 12 | 6 | | | |
| 9 | Haryana | 15 | 20 | 19 | 15 | 17 | 17 | 7 | 1 |
| 10 | Himachal Pradesh | | | 6 | 1 | | | | |
| | Jammu & | | 2 | 4 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 1 | |
| 11 | Kashmir | | Δ | 4 | 5 | 0 | 5 | 1 | |
| 12 | Jharkhand | | 12 | 11 | 1 | 6 | 1 | | |
| 13 | Karnataka | 29 | 29 | 22 | 2 | 22 | | | |
| 14 | Kerala | 4 | 5 | 11 | | 15 | 2 | | 1 |
| 15 | Madhya Pradesh | 16 | 39 | 50 | 8 | 42 | 16 | | |
| 16 | Maharashtra | 20 | 17 | 30 | | 20 | 19 | | |
| 17 | Manipur | | | | 2 | 1 | | | |
| 18 | Meghalaya | | | | | 3 | | | |
| 19 | Nagaland | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 20 | Odisha | 7 | 25 | 28 | 1 | 21 | | | 1 |
| 21 | Punjab | 9 | 19 | 20 | 10 | 9 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| 22 | Rajasthan | 30 | 33 | 33 | 1 | 33 | 4 | | |
| 23 | Tamil Nadu | 23 | 19 | 27 | 9 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 5 |
| 24 | Telangana | 7 | 9 | 10 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 25 | Tripura | | | | | 4 | _ | | |
| 26 | Uttar Pradesh | 9 | 30 | 46 | 29 | 15 | 10 | 2 | 4 |
| 27 | Uttarakhand | | | 3 | | | _ | | |
| 28 | West Bengal | 4 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 15 | 6 | 2 | 2 |
| | UT s | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Andaman & | | | | | 1 | | | |
| 1 | Nicobar | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Chandigarh | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Dadra & Nagar Haveli | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Daman & Diu | | | | 1 | | _ | | |
| 4 f/dcg | Pondicherry | | | | 1 | | | | |
| Trueg | TOTAL | 212 | 335 | 386 | 153 | 301 | 93 | 24 | 30 |
| | No of State /UT | 15 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 26 | 14 | 9 | 10 |
| | No of Districts | 212 | 335 | 386 | 153 | 301 | 93 | 24 | 30 |
| | 1 to of Districts | 212 | 555 | 500 | 155 | 501 | 95 | 24 | 50 |