GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4121

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 20TH MARCH, 2018/ PHALGUNA 29, 1939 (SAKA)

ILLEGAL IMMIGRANTS

4121. SHRI TEJ PRATAP SINGH YADAV:
SHRI VIJAY KUMAR HANSDAK:
SHRI MANSUKHBHAI DHANJIBHAI VASAVA:
SHRI B. SRIRAMULU:
SHRIMATI ANJU BALA:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

- (a) the number of cases regarding illegal immigrants reported in the country and the reaction of Government thereto;
- (b) the number of Pakistani and Bangladeshi citizens repatriated to their respective countries after due process of identification during the last three years;
- (c) whether the citizens of Bangladesh numbering in lakhs are illegally residing in the country and are involved in criminal activities as well as instrumental in enhancing terrorist activities in the country;
- (d) if so, the details thereof along with the number of cases reported during the said period, State-wise;
- (e) the corrective steps taken by the Government in this regard;
- (f) whether the National Register of Citizens is facing several issues like delay in updation, error in enrolment and linkage with Aadhaar etc.; and
- (g) if so, the reasons therefor and the corrective steps taken thereon by the Government?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI KIREN RIJIJU)

(a): Central Government is vested with powers to deport a foreign national under section 3(2)(c) of the Foreigners Act, 1946. These powers to identify and deport illegally staying foreign nationals have also been

delegated to the State Governments/ Union Territory Administrations and the Bureau of Immigration under the Foreigners Act, 1946. Detection and deportation of such illegal immigrants is a continuous process. Statistical data of cases regarding illegal immigrants is not centrally maintained.

- (b): As per available information, approximately 330 Pakistani and approximately 1770 Bangladeshi nationals have been repatriated during the last three years.
- (c) & (d): Illegal migrants enter into the country in clandestine and surreptitious manner. Therefore, accurate estimate of such illegal migrants is not available. Some instances of violation of the law and involvement in illegal activities by foreign nationals have been reported. Statistical data of this nature is not centrally maintained.
- (e): Central Government is vested with powers to deport a foreign national under section 3(2)(c) of the Foreigners Act, 1946. These powers to identify and deport illegally staying foreign nationals have also been delegated to the State Governments/ Union Territory Administrations and the Bureau of Immigration under the Foreigners Act, 1946. Detection and deportation of such illegal immigrants is a continuous process. A revised procedure for detection and deportation of illegal Bangladeshi immigrants was communicated to the State Governments/UT Administrations in November, 2009, which was partially modified in February, 2011 and further modified in February, 2013.

Law enforcement agencies also maintain a strict vigil on the activities of foreigners in the country and take appropriate action in cases of any illegal activities.

(f) & (g): The National Register of Citizen is being updated in a fair, objective and transparent manner as per the Citizenship (Registration of Citizens and issue of National Identity Cards) Rules, 2003. The first part of Draft National Register of Citizen (NRC) covering 1.90 crore applicants out of 3.29 crore applicants has been published on the expiry of the midnight of 31st December, 2017 including names of those applicants in respect of whom the entire process of verification has been completed. The remaining applicants are under various stages of scrutiny and after their verification is completed, another draft NRC will be published. After publication of complete draft NRC, every individual would get an opportunity to file claims or objections, if any, and only after disposal of such claims and objections final NRC will be published.
