GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT OF HIGHER EDUCATION

LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. †380 TO BE ANSWERED ON 05.02.2018

Number of Students going Abroad

†380. SHRI HARI MANJHI:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Government is aware that the number of students going abroad for higher education has increased during the last three years;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government has analysed the reasons behind this tendency; and
- (d) if so, the details thereof alongwith the action taken by the Government in this regard?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (DR. SATYA PAL SINGH)

(a) and (b): Studies abroad is a matter of individual will and choice. Even though Ministry of Human Resource Development is not maintaining the information regarding the number of Indian students going abroad, Ministry of External Affairs (MEA) has informed that around 5,86,183 (estimated) Indian students are currently studying in different foreign countries as on 28th December, 2017. The year-wise break-up of number of students studying in foreign countries is not available. However, country-wise break-up of number of Indian students studying in 91 foreign countries as has been prepared by MEA on the basis of information collected and collated from different Indian Missions and Posts is **annexed**.

(c) and (d): There are no restrictions on Cross-Border Students Mobility and such mobility can be owing to variety of reasons such as affordability, access to bank loans,

exposure to foreign societies, aptitude for particular branch of studies, inability to gain admission to top Indian Institutes due to capacity limitations etc.

The Central Government, University Grants Commission (UGC) and All India Council of Technical Education (AICTE) are taking various initiatives to improve quality of higher education in the country. One of the latest initiatives is the declaration of Educational Institutions as Institutions of Eminence (IoE) to provide world class education to the Indian Students within the country. The Government has approved the Regulatory Architecture in the form of UGC(Declaration of Government Institutions as Institutions of Eminence) Guidelines, 2017 for public Institutions and UGC (Institutions of Eminence Deemed to be Universities) Regulations, 2017 for private Institutions for setting up / upgrading of 20 Institutions (10 from public sector & 10 from private sector) as world class teaching and research institutions known as Institutions of Eminence for which applications have been received. These Institutions will provide world class education to Indian Students at an affordable rate, which may bring down the number of students going abroad.

Annexure referred to in reply to part (a) & (b) of Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. †380 for answer on 05.02.2018 regarding Number of Students going Abroad asked by SHRI HARI MANJHI, Hon'ble Member of Lok Sabha

Sr. No.	Indian Students abroad List of estimated Indian students pursuing s	tudies in foreign Universitie
	(based on inputs received from Indian M	lissions/Posts abroad as o
	28.12.2017)	
1	Antigua & Barbuda	40
2	Armenia	1100
3	Australia	84010
4	Austria	300
5	Azerbaijan	15
6	Bahrain	27200
7	Bangladesh	3610
8	Belarus	461
9	Barbados	116
10	Belgium	603
11	Bosnia Herzegovina	2
12	Brazil	24
13	Brunei Darussalam	25
14	Bulgaria	297
15	Canada	100000
16	Chile	40
17	China	18171
18	Cuba (Dominican Republic)	7
19	Curacao	279
20	Cyprus	2790
21	Czech Republic	400
22	Denmark	274
23	Egypt	150
24	Estonia	138
25	Finland	779
26	France	6000
27	France (Reunion Is.)	3
28	Georgia	3000
29	Germany	13740
30	Greece	1
31	Guyana	170
32	Hong Kong	350
33	Hungary	650
34	Iceland	10
35	Indonesia	17
36	Iran	1000
37	Ireland	2300
38	Israel	550
39	Italy	2000
40	Japan	1015
41	Jordan	11
42	Kazakhstan	3350
43	Korea (Republic of)	1183
44	Kuwait	79
45	Kyrgyzstan	7000

Sr. No.	List of estimated Indian students pursuing st		
	(based on inputs received from Indian Missions/Posts abroad as on		
	28.12.2017)		
46	Latvia	1850	
47	Lebanon	4	
48	Libya	9	
49	Lithuania	850	
50	Malaysia	1900	
51	Mauritius	500	
52	Mexico	100	
53	Moldova	104	
54	Mongolia	1	
55	Nepal	2000	
56	Netherlands	2500	
57	New Zealand	30000	
58	Niger	5	
59	Norway	250	
60	Oman	3000	
61	Panama (Costa Rica, Nicaragua, & Columbia)	22	
62	Philippines	8500	
63	Poland	2500	
<u> </u>	Portugal	75	
65	Romania	220	
66	Russian Federation	6500	
67			
	Rwanda	20	
68	Saudi Arabia (Kingdom of)	810	
69	Serbia	1	
70	Slovenia	42	
71	Singapore	2435	
72	Slovakia	25	
73	South Africa	180	
74	Spain	650	
75	Sri Lanka	16	
76	St. Lucia	231	
77	St. Kitts & Nevis	10	
78	Sudan	15	
79	South Sudan	268	
80	Sweden	3200	
81	Switzerland	1555	
82	Tajikistan	850	
83	Tanzania	2	
84	Thailand	297	
85	Turkey	57	
86	Ukraine	9000	
87	United Arab Emirates (Dubai)	500	
88	United Kingdom (2015-16)	14830	
89	United State of America	206708	
90	Uzbekistan	50	
91	Venezuala (including in Curacao, Sint Maartin and Aruba)	281	
	Total	586183	