GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT OF SCHOOL EDUCATION & LITERACY

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3723 TO BE ANSWERED ON 19TH MARCH, 2018

Goals of SSA

3723. SHRI DILIP PATEL:

Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether bridging gender and social category gaps in elementary education is one of the goals of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA) and if so, the details thereof;
- (b) the extent to which this gap has been narrowed so far;
- (c) whether SSA has identified Special Focus Districts and if so, the districts identified in the country State/UT-wise including Gujarat; and
- (d) the steps taken so far to improve the position of education for girls and children belonging to disadvantaged groups?

ANSWER MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI UPENDRA KUSHWAHA)

(a) and (b): Bridging gender and social category gaps in elementary education is one of the major goals of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (SSA). Consequently, SSA attempts to reach out to girls and children belonging to Scheduled Caste (SC), Scheduled Tribes (ST), Muslims and other marginalised communities. SSA has also given attention to urban deprived children, children affected by periodic migration, and children living in remote and scattered habitations.

Under the SSA, the districts with high concentration of population of SCs, STs and Muslims have been identified as Special Focus Districts (SFDs). The criteria for identifying the SFDs in case of SCs and STs is a population of 25% and above, while for Muslims, it is 20% and above population. SFDs also include 121 districts identified by Ministry of Minority Affairs to monitor implementation of SSA as part of Prime Minister's 15 Point Programme and 88 districts identified by Ministry of Home Affairs as districts affected with Left Wing Extremism (LWE).

Through the interventions made under SSA in SFDs, at the national level the enrolment share of SC children as per Unified District Information System for Education (UDISE), 2015-16, at primary and upper primary level is 19.94% and 19.49% respectively, whereas their share in population is 16.6% (as per Census 2011). Similarly, the enrolment share of ST children at primary and upper primary level as per UDISE 2015-16, is 10.64% and 9.81% respectively, whereas their share in population is 8.6% (as per Census 2011). The enrolment of girls also shows considerable improvement over the years and it increased to 48.21% in 2015-16 from 47.79% in 2005-06 at primary level and at upper primary level it increased to 48.63% in 2015-16 from 48.20% in 2005-06. As per the findings of National Achievement Surveys conducted by the National Council of Educational Research & Training, the SC/ST children have performed better than the national average in Language, Maths, Science and Social Science, in many of the States.

- (c): A total of 323 districts under one or more of the above categories have been identified as SFDs under SSA. State/UT-wise details are at Annexure.
- (d): Universal enrolment at elementary level is the primary goal of SSA. It has provided 2.04 lakh primary and 1.59 lakh upper primary schools for ensuring universal provisioning of schooling facilities. Preference for opening of school is given to tribal areas, and areas with high concentration of SC, ST and minority population.

Besides, Kasturba Gandhi Balika Vidyalayas (KGBVs), which are upper primary residential schools for girls belonging predominantly to the SC, ST, Other Backward Caste and minorities, have played an important role in furthering the goal of girls' education in educationally backward blocks of the country. Under the SSA, provisions have also been made for residential schools/hostels for children living in sparsely populated areas, children living in areas where schools cannot be opened due to unavailability of land and children in need of care and protection.

ANNEXURE REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO PART (c) OF LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3723 ASKED BY SHRI DILIP PATEL, TO BE ANSWERED ON 19.03.2018 REGARDING "GOALS OF SSA"

Sl. No.	State/UT	SFDs	Total
1.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	Andaman, Nicobar	2
2.	Andhra Pradesh	East Godavari, Srikakulam, Visakhapatnam, Vizianagaram	4
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	Anjaw, Changlang, East Kameng, East Siang, Lower Subansiri, Papum Pare, Tawang, Tirap, Upper Siang, Upper Subansiri, West Kameng, West Siang	12
4.	Assam	Barpeta, Bongaigaon, Cachar, Darrang, Dhubri, Goalpara, Hailkandi, Kamrup, Karbi Anglong, Karimganj, Kokrajhar, Morigaon, Nagaon, Nalbari, North Cachar Hills	15
5.	Bihar	Araria, Arwal, Aurangabad, Darbhanga, East Champaran, Gaya, Jamui, Jehanabad, Kaimur, Katihar, Kishanganj, Munger, Nawada, Purnea, Rohtas, Sitamarhi, West Champaran	17
6.	Chhattisgarh	Balrampur, Bastar, Bijapur, Bilaspur, Dantewara, Gariaband, Jashpur, Kanker, Kondagaon, Korba, Koriya, Kowardha, Narayanpur, Rajnandgao, Sarguja, Sukma	16
7.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1
8.	Delhi	Central Delhi, North East	2
9.	Goa	South Goa	1
10.	Gujarat	Bharuch, Dahod, Dangs, Kachchh, Narmada, Panchmahals, Vadodara, Valsad	8
11.	Haryana	Ambala, Fatehabad, Mewat (Gurgaon), Sirsa	4
12.	Himachal Pradesh	Bilaspur, Kinnaur, Kullu, Lahaul & Spiti, Mandi, Shimla, Sirmour, Una	8
13.	Jammu & Kashmir	Anantnag, Baramullah, Budgam, Doda, Kargil, Kupwara, Leh (Laddakh), Palwama, Poonch, Rajouri, Srinagar, Udhampur	12
14.	Jharkhand	Bokaro, Chatra, Dumka, East Singhbhum, Garhwa, Giridih, Godda, Gumla, Hazaribag, Kodarma, Khunti, Latehar, Lohardagga, Pakur, Palamau, Ramgarh, Ranchi, Sahebganj, Saraikela, Simdega, West Singhbhum	21
15.	Karnataka	Bidar, Dakshin Kannad, Gulbarga, Kolar	4
16.	Kerala	Allappuzzha, Ernakulam, Iddukki, Kannur, Kasargod, Kollam, Kottayam, Kozhikode, Mallapuram, Palakkad, Patthanamthitta, Thiruvananthapuram, Thrissur, Wayanad	14
17.	Lakshadweep	Lakshadweep	1

		Total	323
		Parganas, Uttar Dinajpur	
34.	West Bengal	Jalpaiguri, Kolkatta, Kooch Bihar, Malda, Murshidabad, Nadia, North 24 Parganas, Paschim Medinipur, Purulia, South 24	
		Bankura, Bardhaman, Birbhum, Dakshin Dinajpur, Howrah,	16
		Nagar, Sitapur, Sonbhadra, Unnao	
		Moradabad, Muzaffarnagar, Pillibhit, Rae Bareilly, Rampur, Saharanpur, Sant Kabir Nagar, Shahjahanpur, Shrawasti, Sidharth	
33.	Uttar Pradesh	Kaushambi, Khiri, Lucknow, Mahoba, Meerut, Mirzapur,	
		Fatehpur, Ghaziabad, Hardoi, Hathras, J.P. Nagar, Jalaun, Jhansi,	
		Barabanki, Bareilly, Bijnaur, Bulandahahar, Chitrakoot, Chandauli,	20
32.	Ottarakilaliu	Auraiya, Azamgarh, Badaun, Baghpat, Bahraich, Balrampur,	38
32.	Uttarakhand	Bageshwar, Haridwar (Roorkee), Udham Singh Nagar	3
30.	Telangana Tripura	Adilabad, Hyderabad, Khammam, Karimnagar, Warangal Dhalai	5 1
29.	Tamil Nadu	Perambalur, The Nilgiris, Thiruvarur, Villupuram	
		Cuddalore, Kancheepuram, Kannayakumari, Nagapattinam,	8
28.	Sikkim	Sawai Madhopur, Udaipur East Sikkim, West Sikkim, North Sikkim, South Sikkim	Λ
27.	Rajasthan	Banswara, Dungarpur, Ganganagar, Hanumangarh, Jaiselmer,	7
26.	Puducherry	Mahe	1
25.	Punjab	Amritsar, Bathinda, Faridkot, Fatehgarh Sahib, Hoshiarpur, Jalandhar, Kapurthala, Mansa, Moga, Muktsar, Nawanshahar, Sangrur	12
24.	Odhisa	Keonjhar, Koraput, Jajpur, Malkangiri, Mayurbhanj, Nawarangpur, Nuapada, Nayagarh, Rayagada, Sambalpur, Sonapur, Sundergarh	
23.	Nagaland	Phek, Tuensang, Wokha, Zunheboto Bolangir, Debgarh, Gajapati, Ganjam, Kalahandi, Kandhamal,	18
		(chhimtuipui), Serchhip Dimapur, Kiphire, Kohima, Longleng, Mokokchung, Mon, Peren,	11
22.	Mizoram	Aizawal, Champhai, Kolasib, Lawngtlai , Lunglei , Mamit, Saiha	8
21.	Meghalaya	East Garo Hills, East Khasi Hills, Jaintia Hills, Ri Bhoi, South Garo Hills, West Garo Hills, West Khasi Hills	7
20.	Manipur	Chandel, Churachandpur, Senapati (Excl. 3 sub divisions), Tamenglong, Thoubal, Ukhrul	6
19.	Maharashtra	Akola, Amravati, Aurangabad, Bhandara, Buldana, Chandrapur, Dhule, Gadchiroli, Gondiya, Hingoli, Mumbai, Mumbai (Suburban), Nandurbar, Parbhani, Washim	15
18.	Pradesh	Seoni, Shahdol, Sheopur, Sidhi, Singrauli, Umaria, Vidisha, West Nimer (Khargone)	1.5
	Madhya	Anoop Pur, Balaghat, Barwani, Betul, Bhopal, Chhindwara, Dhar, Dindori, East Nimar (Khandawa), Harda, Jhabua, Mandla, Ratlam,	21