### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF ANIMAL HUSBANDRY, DAIRYING & FISHERIES LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2833

TO BE ANSWERED ON 13th MARCH 2018

## **Productive and Non-Productive Cows and Bullocks**

2833. SHRI G.M. SIDDESHWARA:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE कृषि और किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that 99.19 per cent of cows and 99 per cent of bullocks in the country are productive;

(b) if so, the average value of production from them and the expenditure incurred thereon;

(c) the agency which has collected the data and the time when it was done; and

(d) the basis of categorisation of productive and non-productive cows and bullocks?

#### ANSWER

# THE MINISTER OF STATE AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

#### (SMT KRISHNA RAJ)

- (a) No. As per the 19<sup>th</sup> Livestock Census-2012, out of total no. of 122.98 million cows, 43.95 million cows are in-milk production (35.74%) and 46.88 million male cattle (69.03%) out of total population of 67.92 million are used for breeding and draught purposes.
- (b) and (c) As per the results of Integrated Sample Survey conducted by the respective State/UT Animal Husbandry Departments with the support of Union Government, the total production of milk during 2016-17 was 165.4 million tonnes. The total expenditure for Dairy Development programmes by the Central Government during 2014-15 to 2016-17 is Rs.1573.58 crores.
- (d) As per the definition adopted for 19<sup>th</sup> Livestock Census-2012, the animals in milk production are described as animals 'in-milk'. The categorisation of male cattle was done according to their uses such as "Used for breeding", "Used for draught" and "Used for both draught and breeding".

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