

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO 99
TO BE ANSWERED ON 15.12.2017

DECLINE IN CHILD SEX RATIO

99. SHRI RAJU SHETTY:

Will the Minister of WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

- (a) whether there is a decline in the Child Sex Ratio (CSR) in the tribal areas and slums of Maharashtra, Andhra Pradesh, Telangana and Karnataka or any other States/UTs of the country and if so, the details thereof;
- (b) the corrective efforts being made by the Government in this regard;
- (c) the funds allocated under the schemes being run for the welfare of the tribal women during the last three years and the current year, State/UT-wise; and
- (d) the steps being taken by the Government to prevent malnutrition in tribal women?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT
(DR. VIRENDRA KUMAR)

- (a) As per the Census 2011, the Child Sex Ratio (CSR) (0-6 years) among Scheduled tribes has declined in all State/UTs, except Arunachal Pradesh, Goa, Karnataka, Mizoram and Odisha. Tribal area wise information on CSR is not available. However State- wise details of Schedule Tribe CSR is at **Annexure I**.
- (b) To address the issue of declining Child Sex Ratio (CSR), in age group of 0-6 years, Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao (BBBP) programme has been launched by Ministry of Women and Child Development. The Scheme is intended to improve Child Sex Ratio across the country with the focussed intervention & Multi-Sectoral Advocacy outreach in gender critical districts including tribal areas.
- (c) The major policies of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs aim to ensure the overall development of both Scheduled Tribe men and women. However, within the Scheduled Tribes, women often suffer from a greater disadvantage. Ministry of Tribal Affairs therefore, while trying to ensure that women benefit equally from general schemes also has some special schemes meant for the benefit of ST women and girls are given at **Annexure II**
- (d) Malnutrition is complex, multi-dimensional and inter-generational in nature, needing convergence of interventions, coordination and concerted action from various sectors. The Government has accorded high priority to the issue of malnutrition and is implementing several schemes and programs like Anganwadi Services under the Umbrella Integrated Child Development Services Scheme, Scheme for Adolescent Girls and Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojna as direct targeted interventions to address the problem of malnutrition in children and women including tribal women in the country. Recently, National Nutrition Mission has been set up to act as an apex body for monitoring and guiding the nutrition related issues of various government schemes.

Annexure referred to in reply to Part (a) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 99 for 15.12.2017 regarding Beti Bachao Beti Padhao.

States/UTs wise Child Sex Ratio

S.N.	State/UTs	ST- Child Sex Ratio	
		Census 2001	Census 2011
1	Andaman & Nicobar	956	955
2	Andhra Pradesh (including Telangana)	972	931
3	Arunachal Pradesh	976	977
4	Assam	962	957
5	Bihar	975	969
6	Chhattisgarh	998	992
7	Dadar & Nagar Havelli	1009	977
8	Daman and Diu	983	925
9	Goa	915	969
10	Gujarat	966	953
11	Himachal Pradesh	955	930
12	Jammu & Kashmir	979	912
13	Jharkhand	979	976
14	Karnataka	961	964
15	Kerala	974	949
16	Madhya Pradesh	979	952
17	Maharashtra	965	955
18	Manipur	959	920
19	Meghalaya	974	973
20	Mizoram	966	971
21	Nagaland	969	942
22	Odisha	979	980
23	Rajasthan	950	921
24	Sikkim	964	961
25	Tamil Nadu	945	918
26	Tripura	981	957
27	Uttar Pradesh	973	944
28	Uttarakhand	955	929
29	Lakshadweep	957	907
30	West Bengal	981	974

Annexure referred to in reply to Part (c) of the Lok Sabha Unstarred Question No. 99 for 15.12.2017 regarding Beti Bachao Beti Padhao.

The funds allocated under the schemes being dealt in this Ministry of Tribal Affairs for the welfare of the tribal women during the last three years and the current years are as under:

The National Scheduled Tribes Finance and Development Corporation (NSTDFC) under the administrative control of the Ministry of Tribal Affairs, has been formulating a scheme exclusively for Tribal Women titled "Adivasi Mahila Sashaktikaran Yojana (AMSY). Under this scheme, Scheduled Tribes women can undertake any income generation activity, Loan upto 90% for scheme costing up Rs.1.00 lakh is provided at a highly concessional rate of interest of 4% p.a. The details of funds disbursed under AMSY during last three years and current year upto 30.11.2017 is given below:

Financial Year	Disbursement
2014-15	23.66
2015-16	2.08
2016-17	23.34
2017-18 (Upto 30.11.2017)	0.12

In addition during 2015-16 and 2016-17 NSTFDC disbursed through streeNidhi Credit Cooperative Federation Ltd. Rs.100 crore to cover 42168 women beneficiaries.
