GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS

LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.467
TO BE ANSWERED ON DECEMBER 19, 2017

LIVEABILITY INDEX

No.467

SHRI RAM CHARITRA NISHAD:

Will the Minister of HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is true that the Government has launched a liveability index which will rank the country's 116 major cities on the basis of the quality of life they offer and if so, the details thereof;

(b) whether the liveability index is likely to cover cities with population above one million, including the capital cities and if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether the said ranking is likely to be released in 2018?

ANSWER

THE MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE MINISTRY OF HOUSING AND URBAN AFFAIRS

(SHRI HARDEEP SINGH PURI)

(a) : Yes, Madam. It is true that the Government has launched a liveability index which will rank the country's 116 major cities on the basis of the quality of life they offer. The details of the same has been enclosed as Annexure-I.

(b) : City liveability index will cover all Capital cities , 45 Million plus cities and some other cities. The details of the same has been enclosed as Annexure-II.

(c) : Yes Madam. The said ranking is likely to be released in 2018.

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LIVEABILITY STANDARDS IN CITIES

The Government of India along with the various State and Local Governments is implementing several flagship Urban Missions. An overarching goal of the various missions and schemes is to make Indian cities more 'Liveable'. In order to develop a common minimum framework for cities to assess their existing status and chart their pathway towards providing a better quality of life to their citizens, the Ministry of Urban Development has developed a set of 'Liveability Standards in Cities' to generate a Liveability Index and rate cities.

The framework has its genesis in the 24 Smart City features contained in the Smart City Proposals and includes 79 indicators (57 Core Indicators and 22 Supporting Indicators). These indicators are organised in 15 distinct 'Categories', designed for measuring various institutional, social, economic and physical aspects that affect the quality of life of citizens and determine the 'Liveability' of a city. These are given below:

FEATURE CONTAINED IN SCPs	CATEGORY	PILLAR OF COMPREHENSIVE DEVELOPMENT
Citizen Participation IT Connectivity ICT-enabled Government Services	**1. Governance**	**Institutional**
Identity and Culture	**2. Identity and Culture**	**Social**
Education	**3. Education**	
Health	**4. Health**	
Safety and Security	**5. Safety and Security**	
Economy and Employment	**6. Economy and Employment**	**Economic**
Housing and Inclusiveness	**7. Housing and Inclusiveness**	**Physical**
Open Spaces	**8. Public Open Spaces**	
Mixed Land use Compactness	9. **Mixed Land Use and Compactness**	
Energy Supply Underground Electric Wiring Energy Source Energy Efficiency	**10. Power Supply**	
Transportation and Mobility Walkability	**11. Transportation and Mobility**	
Water Supply Water Management	**12. Assured Water Supply**	
Sanitation Waste Water Management	**13. Waste Water Management**	
Waste Management	**14. Solid Waste Management**	
Air Quality	**15. Reduced Pollution** *('Noise Pollution' and 'Pollution of Surface Water Bodies' have also been included)*	

The Liveability Standards framework enables the calculation of sub-indexes for each of the 15 Categories, allowing cities to assess their performance in specific categories and for planning improvements in the gap areas. Such Sub-indexes will be aggregated to a common 'City Liveability Index' for each city on the 79 indicators, based on specific weights assigned to the various Categories depending upon the pillar of comprehensive development.

The Ministry has already initiated process for selecting a professional agency to prepare the liveability index.

List of Cities

Sl. No.	Name of State	Name of City	Population
1	Andaman Nicobar	Port Blair	1,40,572
2	Andhra Pradesh	Kakinada	3,12,538
3	Andhra Pradesh	Visakhapatnam	17,28,128
4	Andhra Pradesh	Tirupati	2,87,482
5	Andhra Pradesh	Amaravati	1,03,000
6	Andhra Pradesh	Vijayawada	10,34,358
7	Arunachal Pradesh	Itanagar	59,490
8	Arunachal Pradesh	Pasighat	24,656
9	Assam	Guwahati	9,57,352
10	Bihar	Bhagalpur	4,10,210
11	Bihar	Muzaffarpur	3,54,462
12	Bihar	Biharsharif	2,97,268
13	Bihar	Patna	16,84,222
14	Chandigarh	Chandigarh	9,61,587
15	Chattishgarh	Bilaspur	3,31,030
16	Chhattisgarh	Naya Raipur	5,60,000
17	Chhattisgarh	Raipur	10,47,389
18	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	Silvassa	98,265
19	Daman & Diu	Diu	23,991
20	Goa	Panaji	40,017
21	Gujarat	Ahmadabad	55,77,940
22	Gujarat	Surat	44,67,797
23	Gujarat	Vadodara	16,70,806
24	Gujarat	Gandhinagar	2,02,776
25	Gujarat	Dahod	96,000
26	Gujarat	Rajkot	12,86,678
27	Haryana	Karnal	2,86,827
28	Haryana	Faridabad	14,14,050
29	Himachal Pradesh	Dharamshala	22,580

Sl. No.	Name of State	Name of City	Population
30	Himachal Pradesh	Shimla	1,69,578
31	Jammu & Kashmir	Jammu	5,02,197
32	Jammu & Kashmir	Srinagar	11,80,570
33	Jharkhand	Ranchi	10,73,427
34	Jharkhand	Dhanbad	11,62,472
35	Karnataka	Davanagere	4,34,971
36	Karnataka	Belagavi	4,88,157
37	Karnataka	Hubbali-Dharwad	9,43,788
38	Karnataka	Mangaluru	4,88,968
39	Karnataka	Shivamogga	3,22,505
40	Karnataka	Tumakuru	3,02,143
41	Karnataka	Bangalore	84,43,675
42	Kerala	Kochi	6,02,046
43	Kerala	Thiruvananthapuram	7,43,691
44	Lakshadweep	Kavaratti	11,120
45	Madhya Pradesh	Indore	19,64,086
46	Madhya Pradesh	Bhopal	17,98,218
47	Madhya Pradesh	Ujjain	5,15,215
48	Madhya Pradesh	Satna	2,80,222
49	Madhya Pradesh	Sagar	2,73,296
50	Madhya Pradesh	Jabalpur	10,55,525
51	Madhya Pradesh	Gwalior	10,69,276
52	Maharashtra	Solapur	9,51,558
53	Maharashtra	Pune	50,57,709
54	Maharashtra	Aurangabad	11,75,116
55	Maharashtra	Kalyan-Dombivali	12,47,327
56	Maharashtra	Nagpur	24,05,665
57	Maharashtra	Amravati	6,47,057
58	Maharashtra	Nashik	14,86,053
59	Maharashtra	Thane	18,41,488
60	Maharashtra	Greater Mumbai	1,24,42,373
61	Maharashtra	Navi Mumbai	11,20,547
62	Maharashtra	Pimpri Chinchwad	17,27,692
63	Maharashtra	Vasai-Virar City	12,22,390

Sl. No.	Name of State	Name of City	Population
64	Manipur	Imphal	2,68,243
65	Meghalaya	Shillong	1,43,229
66	Mizoram	Aizawl	2,93,416
67	Nagaland	Kohima	99,039
68	NCT of Delhi	NDMC	2,57,803
69	Odisha	Bhubaneswar	8,40,834
70	Odisha	Rourkela	3,20,000
71	Puducherry	Puducherry	2,44,377
72	Punjab	Jalandhar	8,62,886
73	Punjab	Ludhiana	16,18,879
74	Punjab	Amritsar	11,32,383
75	Rajasthan	Udaipur	4,51,100
76	Rajasthan	Ajmer	5,42,321
77	Rajasthan	Jaipur	30,46,163
78	Rajasthan	Kota	10,01,694
79	Rajasthan	Jodhpur	10,33,756
80	Sikkim	Namchi	12,194
81	Sikkim	Gangtok	1,00,286
82	Tamil Nadu	Salem	8,29,267
83	Tamil Nadu	Thanjavur	2,22,943
84	Tamil Nadu	Vellore	1,85,803
85	Tamil Nadu	Dindigul	2,07,327
86	Tamil Nadu	Erode	1,57,101
87	Tamil Nadu	Tiruchirappalli	8,47,387
88	Tamil Nadu	Thoothukkudi	2,37,830
89	Tamil Nadu	Tiruppur	4,44,352
90	Tamil Nadu	Tirunelveli	4,73,637
91	Tamil Nadu	Chennai	46,46,732
92	Tamil Nadu	Coimbatore	10,50,721
93	Tamil Nadu	Madurai	10,17,865
94	Telengana	Warangal	8,19,406
95	Telengana	Hyderabad	67,31,790
96	Telangana	Karim Nagar	2,89,821
97	Tripura	Agartala	4,00,004

Sl. No.	Name of State	Name of City	Population
98	Uttar Pradesh	Lucknow	28,17,105
99	Uttar Pradesh	Agra	15,85,704
100	Uttar Pradesh	Moradabad	8,87,871
101	Uttar Pradesh	Aligarh	8,74,408
102	Uttar Pradesh	Rampur	3,25,313
103	Uttar Pradesh	Rae Bareli	1,91,316
104	Uttar Pradesh	Bareilly	9,03,668
105	Uttar Pradesh	Jhansi	5,05,693
106	Uttar Pradesh	Saharanpur	7,05,478
107	Uttar Pradesh	Kanpur	27,65,348
108	Uttar Pradesh	Varanasi	11,98,491
109	Uttar Pradesh	Ghaziabad	16,48,643
110	Uttar Pradesh	Meerut	13,05,429
111	Uttar Pradesh	Allahabad	11,12,544
112	Uttarakhand	Dehradun	5,69,578
113	West Bengal	New Town Kolkata	36,541
114	West Bengal	Durgapur	5,66,517
115	West Bengal	Kolkata	44,96,694
116	West Bengal	Howrah	10,77,075