

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4186
TO BE ANSWERED ON 11TH AUGUST, 2017**

MALARIA CONTROL SCHEMES IN JHARKHAND

4186. SHRI VIJAY KUMAR HANSDAK:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of the schemes rolled out by the Government in Jharkhand especially in the districts of Sahibganj, Pakur, Godda and Dumka to control malaria;
- (b) the extent to which the Government has achieved success in controlling malaria especially in the above districts of Jharkhand under such schemes;
- (c) whether the Malaria control work has been reviewed in the said districts; and
- (d) if so, the outcome of the review?

**ANSWER
THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SHRI FAGGAN SINGH KULASTE)**

(a): The National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme, under the overarching umbrella of National Health Mission, implements programme for prevention and control of Vector Borne Diseases including Malaria based on the requirement posed by States(including Jharkhand) in their annual Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs).

(b) to (d): The Government has achieved success in controlling malaria in Jharkhand in terms of surveillance and detection of the cases and treatment of Malaria cases. The control work is being reviewed every month at District and Community Health Centre (CHC) level and quarterly at State level. As a result of these reviews the Annual Blood Examination Rate (ABER) has increased in Jharkhand in 2016 (8.02%) as compared to 2015(5.83%) and also these districts(Dumka-6.42% from 3.46%, Godda-9.95% from 8.53%, Pakur 10.15% from 4.95% and Sahibganj-4.49% from 2.73%). Thus, detection of cases has also increased with free treatment of malaria as per Government of India (GOI) guidelines.

.....