### GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE

### LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2218 TO BE ANSWERED ON 28<sup>TH</sup> JULY, 2017

# NUTRITION REHABILITATION CENTRES

## 2218. SHRIMATI REKHA VERMA: SHRI ARVIND SAWANT:

### Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of rehabilitation centres along with the number of children with severe and acute malnutrition and the total number of children enrolled at these Nutrition Rehabilitation Centres (NRCs) during each of the last three years and the current year, State/UT-wise;

(b) the mechanism put in place by NRCs to identify and improve the condition of severe and acute malnourished children; and

(c) the total number of such cases wherein children admitted in NRCs have successfully recovered?

# ANSWER THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI FAGGAN SINGH KULASTE)

(a)

- There are 965 Nutritional Rehabilitation Centres (NRCs) functional in the country.
- It is estimated that around 93.4 lakhs children are having severe acute malnutrition as per National Family Health Survey (NFHS) 4.
- A total of 1,30,908, 1,72,902 and 1,76,310 children were enrolled at these NRCs in the year 2014-15, 2015-16 and 2016-17 respectively.

State/UT - wise details regarding the number of children enrolled at these NRCs during last three years is placed at annexure I.

(b): Under National Health Mission, Nutrition Rehabilitation Centres (NRCs) have been set up at public health facilities to treat and manage the children with Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) admitted with medical complications.

- Children are admitted as per the defined admission criteria and provided with medical and nutritional therapeutic care.
- The services and care provided for the in-patient management of SAM children include:
- 1. 24 hour care and monitoring of the child
- 2. Treatment of medical complications

- 3. Therapeutic feeding
- 4. Providing sensory stimulation and emotional care
- 5. Social assessment of the family to identify and address contributing factors
- 6. Counseling on appropriate feeding, care and hygiene
- 7. Demonstration and practice by doing on the preparation of energy dense child foods using locally available, culturally acceptable and affordable food items

Follow up of children discharged from the NRCs are also carried out.

(c): During the year 2016-17, 1,01,714 children admitted in these NRCs have successfully recovered.

# Annexure

Sr. No	State/UTs	Children admitted in NRCs		
		2014-15	2015-16	2016-17
	India	1,30,908	1,72,909	1,76,340
1	Bihar	2439	8483	7070
2	Chattisgarh	6336	11789	13293
3	Himachal Pradesh	197	674	672
4	Jammu & Kashmir	82	922	852
5	Jharkhand	1912	6253	6417
6	Madhya Pradesh	82801	79527	77714
7	Odisha	4632	6765	8864
8	Rajasthan	3587	8198	10402
9	Uttar Pradesh	2470	7271	11386
10	Uttarakhand	252	280	172
11	Arunachal Pradesh		6	6
12	Assam	1156	1109	1460
13	Meghalaya	303	270	228
14	Andhra Pradesh	3859	4446	4263
15	Telangana	1677	3529	3565
16	Gujarat	9971	15511	18119
17	Haryana	48	1059	685
18	Karnataka	4137	4694	4424
19	Kerala		121	121
20	Maharashtra	1507	3489	2305
21	Tamil Nadu	146	2971	
22	West Bengal	2095	4375	2946
23	Chandigarh	258	105	97
24	Dadra & Nagar Haveli		30	67
25	Delhi	1043	1032	1212