GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1597

TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 25TH JULY, 2017/ SHRAVANA 3, 1939 (SAKA)

SMART POLICING

1597. SHRI DHARAM VIRA:

Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the status of the concept of SMART Policing which was introduced in 2014;

(b) the status of the Supreme Court Directives in 2006 in this regard;

(c) whether the Government has any action plan to reform the police;

(d) if so, the details thereof;

(e) whether the Government is considering to include Police in the Concurrent List; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI HANSRAJ GANGARAM AHIR)

(a): During the 49th annual DGsP/IGsP conference held on 30th November, 2014, Hon'ble Prime Minister introduced the concept of 'SMART' Policing. "SMART" stands for: S-Sensitive and Strict; M- Modern and Mobility; A-Alert and Accountable; R- Reliable and Responsive and T- Trained and Techno-savvy. The Ministry of Home Affairs organized four Regional Workshops to strengthen the concept in the country. In these conferences, many innovative ideas and best practices followed by various States were discussed. Accordingly, a compilation of best SMART Policing initiatives, shortlisted in those conferences, was circulated in the DGsP/IGsP conference held in 2015 for implementation.

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Central Government assists States/UTs in implementation of these initiatives under the Modernisation of Police Forces (MPF) scheme, as per priorities identified by the States/UTs. The implementation of 'SMART policing' is reviewed regularly in the annual DGsP/IGsP conference & other fora.

Bureau of Police Research & Development (BPR&D) has also prepared a road-map for implementation of the concept of SMART policing with certain indicators such as, (i) Enhanced Efficiency through Training; (ii) Technological Intervention to improve performance; (iii) Winning Public Trust and Confidence Building; (iv) Induction of Innovation and Modern Application in Policing; and (v) Improved Investigation through Scientific Aids and Application. The road-map has been uploaded on BPR&D website and has been conveyed to all concerned.

(b): The Hon'ble Supreme Court pronounced seven directives in 2006 in a Writ Petition filed by Prakash Singh & others, on police reforms. The first six directives, concerned with the State Governments/ UT Administrations,

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were forwarded to them for necessary action. As per information available, the status of implementation of various directives given by the Hon'ble Supreme Court by various States/UTs is given in the <u>annexure</u>. The Seventh Directive of Hon'ble Supreme Court was to set up a National Security Commission.The Union Government, initially, set up a Committee on National Security and Central Police Personnel Welfare vide Office Memorandum dated 02.01.2007. Thereafter, Union Government filed an applicationon 12.02.2007, before the Hon'ble Court, stating the difficulties in the implementation of the direction and for modifications/ clarifications in respect of setting up a National Security Commission. The Hon'ble Supreme Court is monitoring implementation of its judgement ibid.

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(c) & (d): The Central Government set up various/ Commissions/Committees on police reforms and reviewed the matter from time to time to make police more efficient, effective, responsive to the needs of the people and accountable to the Rule of Law. The Government has also prepared a draft Model Police Bill, 2015 which has been placed on the website of BPR&D for comments of various stakeholders. Further, all the States/UTs have been requested to identify positive stories/ good work being done at the Police Station level or by any other Police office at the district level or below and put the same in public domain on a website in the office of District SSP/SP and Commissioner of Police, for suitable replication in other States.

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As 'Police' is State subject under the seventh schedule of the Constitution of India, it is the primarily responsibility of the State Governments/UTs administrations, to implement reforms in police administration and its working in order to make law and order of country more effective. The Centre persuades the States from time to time to implement the requisite police reforms.

(e) & (f): At present, there is no such proposal with the Central Government to include Police in the Concurrent list.

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<u>ANNEXURE</u> LS US Q. NO. 1597 FOR 25.7.2016.

Compliance of Supreme Court Six directions in respect of the States/UTs.

Sl.No.	States/Uts	Security Commission on any of the models recommended by the National Human Right Commission, the Reberio Committee or the Sorabjee Committee	three senior-most officers	minimum tenure of two years to the	4. Separate investigating police from law & order police, starting with towns/urban areas having population of ten lakhs or more,	deciding all transfers, postings, promotions and other service related matters of officers of and below the rank of	6.Constitute Police Complaints Authorities at the State and District level for looking into complaints against police officers
1	Andhra Pradesh	No	-	-	-	Yes	No
2	Arunachal Pradesh	No (core group on security exist in place of SSC)	-	-	-	Yes	No
3	Assam	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes
4	Bihar	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes with some modification	Yes *
5	Chhattisgarh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
6	Goa	Yes				Yes	Yes**
7	Gujarat	Yes	Yes with deviation	Yes with deviation	Yes with deviation	Yes	Yes ***
8	Haryana	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Himachal Pradesh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
10	Jammu & Kashmir	Yes	Yes	Yes	a separate crime Detection Cells have been set up in the police Stations in twin cities of Jammu and Srinagar	Yes	Yes

11	Jharkhand	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Working as State Human Rights Commission	
12	Karnataka	Yes	yes		2012 provides for separation of crime investigation and	Yes	Yes	
13	Kerala	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	
14	Madhya Pradesh	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	
15	Maharashtra	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
16	Manipur	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
17	Meghalaya	Yes	Yes	Yes	Implemented in Shillong and Tura town, though they are not having 10 lakhs population	Yes	Yes	
18	Mizoram	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes ****	
19	Nagaland	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Notified and yet to be implemented	
20	Odisha	No	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	
21	Punjab	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	No (to be established)	
22	Rajasthan	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Partly Yes****	
23	Sikkim	Yes	Yes	Yes	NA	Yes	Yes	
24	Tamil Nadu	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
25	Telengana	No	-	-	-	No	No	
26	Tripura	Yes	Yes	As per Tripura Police Act, 2007, there is a mechanism for minimum tenure for certain levels of officials		Yes	Yes	
27	Uttar Pradesh	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
28	Uttarakhand	No	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	
29	West Bengal	Yes	-	-	-	Yes	Yes	

			Yes	UT administration is	The Recommendation is		
			105		for the cities and town		
				tenure of two years for			
				SHO's. However, the			
				Tsunami affected areas			
				of the territory, the			
				administration has been			
				posting officials for			
				tenure of one year, in			
				view of prevailing hard			
				living condition in view			
				of prevailing hard living			
				condition in these Islands	as the population is only		
				this policy needed to be			
30	A & N Islands	Yes		continued till the	Jurisdiction of many	Yes	Yes
50	A & IN Islands	res		working conditions are	Police Stations. If	res	res
				improved. Further,	separted, one wing may		
				officers/official may be			
					of time in many PSs. As		
				mature transfer on their			
					decided to enhance the		
					strength of Central		
				difficulties.	Crime staion at Port		
				difficulties.	Blair. A proposal for		
					creation of 1 post of Dy.		
					SP, 5 SI, 5 ASI and 10		
					HCs for strengthening		
					the Central Crime		
					Station, Port Blair		
					pending with MHA.		
			Appointment to the post of				
			Chief of Chandigarh Police is				
			made by the GOI/MHA.				
			Necessary provisions in this				
31	Chandigarh	Yes	regard have been made in			Yes	yes
			section 6 of the Punjab Police	Territory, Chandigarh.	Union Territory,		
			Act, 2007 as extended to the		Chandigarh. Full		
			Union Territory, Chandigarh		implementation is under		
					consideration		
			No post of DGP sanctioned to	Pertaining to MHA	Population of Dadra and		
32	D & N Haveli	No	the Union Territory of Dadra	-	Nagar Haveli is recently	Yes	Yes
			and Nagar Haveli.		04 lakhs (approx.)		
			In UT of DD&DNH the senior	No comments	No comments		
			most police officer is of the				
33	Daman & Diu	Yes	rank of IGP/DIGP who is			yes	Yes
55		103	posted by MHA and normal			yes	100
			tenure is of two years.				
	<u> </u>		tenute is of two years.				

34	Delhi	Yes	yes		Delhi Police on the subject matter has informed that Delhi Police has specialized cells for investigation such as EOW, CAW, Special Cell etc.	Yes	Yes
35	Lakshadweep	Yes				Yes	Yes
36	Puducherry	Yes	As it is U.T. is done by MHA.	yes	yes	yes	Yes

* **Bihar** (yes, with some modification) :Section 59 of the Bihar Police Act, 2007 provide the constitution of a "District Accountability Authority" for each District. The goal of the protection of Human Right has also been incorporated in Police Act. Section-26 of the Act provides that the complaint regarding violation of human Rights by Police shall be dealt with as per the procedure prescribed by the protection of Human Rights Acts, 1993 and by the State Human Rights Commission constituted under the Act.

** Goa: constituted a State Level Police Complaint Authority under Chairmanship of rtd. Justice DR. Eurico Santana da Silva.

*** **Gujarat** (yes, with deviation): Provision for State Police Complaint Authority has been made in section 32 F of the Bombay Police (Gujarat Amendment) Act, 2007 and board has been constituted vide Government resolution.

****** Mizoram** (yes but partially): Full compliance of this direction is not possible for want of retired judges in Mizoram. In the State's Affidavit filed in the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Dec/2006, a request was made for permission to constitute one State-level Police complaints Authority with a retired IAS/IPS Officer of appropriate level as its head since retired High Court judges are not available in the State. In Pursuance of this request, PulalhmingthangaColney, retired Chief Secretary of Nagaland was appointed as chairman of the State Level Authority vide notification No. C18018/12/90-HMP(SC) Vol.III dated 3.12.2009 but could not take up the responsibility as chairman of the Police Complaint Authority.

***** **Rajasthan:** As per provision of section 62(1) & 66 of Rajasthan Police Act. The District committee has been constituted for only Udaipur District vide order No. f12(6)H-1/2011-part dated 24.8.2015.