GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF COMMERCE & INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE)

LOK SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 515 TO BE ANSWERED ON 06th FEBRUARY, 2017

EXPORTS FROM SEZS

515. SHRI DILIP PATEL:

Will the Minister of **COMMERCE & INDUSTRY** (वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग मंत्री) be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the exports from SEZs has declined/got affected during the last three years and if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor along with total exports from SEZs during the said period, State/ UT-wise;
- (b) whether imposition of Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)/Dividend Distribution Tax on SEZs has affected the growth, investments, employment and exports from SEZs and if so, the details thereof along with the reaction of the Government thereto;
- (c) whether the goods manufactured in SEZs when sold in the domestic market are levied an import duty which places them at a disadvantage compared with goods imported through free trade agreements and if so, the details thereof along with its impact on SEZs both domestically and in its exports;
- (d) whether the Government has any proposal to bring down the tariffs and MAT levied on SEZ units that sell goods in the domestic market and if so, the details and the present status thereof;
- (e) whether the Government has given more time to certain developers of SEZs to complete their projects and if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor; and
- (f) the measures taken or being taken by the Government/Export Promotion Council for Export Oriented Units and SEZs to boost exports from SEZs and resolve the issues therein?

ANSWER

वाणिज्य एवं उद्योग राज्य मंत्री (श्रीमती निर्मला सीतारमण) (स्वतंत्र प्रभार)

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) (SMT. NIRMALA SITHARAMAN)

- (a): There was a decline of around 7% in exports in 2014-15 when compared to exports during 2013-14. However, there has been a marginal increase of 0.77% in the exports during 2015-16 when compared to exports during 2014-15. Performance in respect of exports from SEZs has been better as compared to overall exports from the country. Exports have been affected adversely due to general decrease in demand from major export markets. The details of total exports from the Special Economic Zones (SEZs) in various States/UTs of the country during the last three years and current financial year, year-wise are at **Annexure.**
- (b): Ministry of Finance has withdrawn the exemption from Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) to SEZ Developers and Units with effect from 1st April, 2012, and also the exemption of Dividend Distribution Tax (DDT) in the case of SEZ Developers under the Income-tax Act

for dividends declared, distributed or paid after 1st June, 2011. Details of investment made, employment generated and exports from SEZs during the last three years and current financial year are shown below:

Financial Year(s)	Investment*	Employment*	Exports
	(Rs. in crore)	(Persons)	(Rs. in crore)
2013-14	2,96,663	12,83,309	4,94,077
2014-15	3,38,794	14,42,316	4,63,770
2015-16	3,76,494	15,91,381	4,67,337
2016-2017 (April to September, 2016)	4,06,690	16,88,337	2,35,900

^{*} calculated on cumulative basis.

In order to boost exports from SEZs Government periodically reviews the policy and operational framework of SEZs and takes necessary measures so as to facilitate speedy and effective implementation of SEZs. Further, open house meetings with SEZ stakeholders, road shows have been organised in various places of the country to give wide publicity of SEZs.

(c): The goods manufactured in SEZs when sold in the domestic market are treated as imports and hence levied an import duty. SEZs are primarily meant for exports and are deemed to be a territory outside the customs territory of India. No significant impact of FTAs has been observed on SEZs both domestically and in its exports.

(d): No Madam.

- (e): In terms of Rule 6(2)(a) of the Special Economic Zones Rules, 2006, the letter of approval granted to a SEZ developer is valid for a period of three years within which time effective steps are to be taken by the developer to implement the approved proposal. The Board of Approval (BoA) may, on an application by the developer, extend the validity period of the letter of approval. Some SEZs developers have sought extension of validity period of the letter of approval granted to them for the execution of their projects for various reasons including adverse business climate due to global recession, delay in approvals from statutory State Government bodies, delay in environmental clearance, lack of demand for space in SEZs, unstable fiscal incentive regime for SEZs etc. During the last three years and current financial year (upto January, 2017), BoA has granted more time to 143 developers of SEZ across the country to complete their projects.
- (f): The following initiatives have been taken in recent years to boost exports from SEZs and resolve the issues therein:
 - i. Minimum Land Area requirement for setting up of new SEZs has been reduced to 50% for Multi-product and Sector-specific SEZs.

- ii. Sectoral broad-banding has been introduced to encompass similar / related areas under the same Sector.
- iii. A new sector 'agro-based food processing' sector has been introduced to encourage agro-based industries in SEZs.
- iv. Dual use of facilities like Social & Commercial infrastructure by SEZs and non-SEZs entities has been allowed in order to make SEZ operations more viable.
- v. Online processing of various activities relating to SEZ Developers and Units has been introduced for improving ease of doing business

States/UTs-wise details of Exports from SEZs during the last three years and current financial year, year-wise **Exports** (Rs. in Crore) SI. States/UTs 2013-14 2014-15 2015-16 2016-17 No. (as on 30.9.2016) 1 225042 179791.75 135719.65 67191.88 Gujarat 2 Karnataka 51372.88 55197.83 54307.07 23532.64 3 Tamil Nadu 71417 68103.63 79296.62 37970.79 71618.53 Maharashtra 56399.23 62535.90 34739.83 4 6540.2 10386.99 5 Kerala 8003.64 8258.78 Andhra Pradesh 33291.07^{*} 7887.61 10843.94 5973.24 6 7 0 37108 46944.76 25129.55 Telangana Uttar Pradesh 16282.42 16516.77 19756.72 10569.64 8 9872.79 11832.13 9 West Bengal 16204.27 6831.68 10 8740.43 11139.50 15673.53 8110.96 Haryana 4970.05 11 Madhya Pradesh 2984.23 4009.46 3740.70 12 Rajasthan 2036.59 2091.34 2233.9 1199.60 13 Chandigarh 1778.15 2084.24 2561.54 1335.05 1149.70 14 Odisha 386.09 596.66 879.11 15 Punjab 136.72 290.79 312.58 165.64 16 0 Chhattisgarh 1.84 3.19 0.11 **TOTAL** 494077 463770 467337 235900

Including Telangana.