

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, COOPERATION AND FARMERS WELFARE

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.4257
TO BE ANSWERED ON THE 28TH MARCH, 2017

AGRICULTURAL PROFESSION

4257. SHRI A.P. JITHENDER REDDY:
SHRI NAGENDRA KUMAR PRADHAN:
SHRI GOPAL SHETTY:
SHRIMATI POONAMBEN MAADAM:
SHRI P.R. SUNDARAM:
SHRI MD. BADARUDDOZA KHAN:
SHRI JYOTIRADITYA M. SCINDIA:
SHRI B.S. YEDIYURAPPA:
SHRI RAJESH KUMAR DIWAKER:
KUMARI SUSHMITA DEV:
SHRI M.B. RAJESH:
ADV. CHINTAMAN NAVASHA WANAGA:
SHRI MOHD. SALIM:
SHRI RAMA KISHORE SINGH:
SHRIMATI V. SATHYA BAMA:
SHRI PR. SENTHIL NATHAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्री be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the financial condition of farmers is poor in comparison to that of entrepreneurs/ middlemen who do business in foodgrains in the country and if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor along with the steps taken by the Government to ameliorate the condition of farmers;
- (b) whether the Government provides financial assistance/relief to the families of farmers who commit suicide and if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the Government proposes to initiate any process to segregate the farmers into poor, small, marginal and medium on the basis of land holdings and if so, the details thereof;
- (d) whether the farmers in certain parts of the country have declared crop holiday as agriculture has become an unremunerative profession and if so, the details thereof and the remedial steps taken/ proposed to be taken by the Government in this regard; and
- (e) whether the Ministry proposes to collaborate with the Ministry of Health and Family Welfare to address the mental health issues of the farmers so that the rate of farmers suicide be reduced in the country and if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE AND FARMERS WELFARE

कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (SHRI PARSHOTTAM RUPALA)

- (a): The National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) conducted "Situation Assessment Survey (SAS) of Agricultural Households" during NSS 70th round (January 2013- December 2013) in

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the rural areas of the country with reference to the agricultural year July 2012- June 2013. The survey estimated the average monthly income per agricultural household during the agricultural year July 2012-June 2013 at all India level as Rs.6426/-. However, the information on income of entrepreneurs/middlemen who do business in foodgrains is not available from the data collected during the above NSSO survey.

(b): Agriculture, including agricultural indebtedness, being a State subject, the State Governments take appropriate measures for development of agriculture in the State. However, Government of India supplements the efforts of States through appropriate policy measures and budgetary support.

As per information available from the States, the details of relief etc. being provided is as follows:

- State Government of Maharashtra gives Ex-gratia relief of Rs. 1.00 lakh to the heirs of the deceased farmer as per scheme of State Government. The three norms of eligibility for ex-gratia are crop failure, indebtedness and harassment due to inability to pay agriculture related loans.
- The Punjab Government had constituted committee for providing compensation to victims' family to Rs. 3.00 lakh. The Punjab Govt. also introduced "Punjab relief of Agriculture Indebtedness bill" which will provide relief to the farmers from debt trap.
- Government of Andhra Pradesh is providing Rs. 5.00 lakh compensation to the family members of the deceased farmers. Out of which Rs. 1.50 lakh is as one time settlement to wipe off loans/ liabilities and Rs. 3.50 lakh towards rehabilitation of the family members.
- The Government of Telangana has enhanced the Ex-gratia from Rs. 1.00 lakh to Rs. 5.00 lakh to the family of the deceased farmer towards rehabilitation of the family and enhance loan settlement ceiling limit from Rs. 50 thousand to Rs. 1.00 lakh to the persons entitled as one time settlement and to wipe off all the liabilities on the part of deceased families of farmers.
- In Karnataka an amount of Rs. 1.00 lakh has been given to each of the deceased family from 2003-04 to 2014-15. From 01.04.2015 an amount of Rs. 5.00 lakh relief is provided to each of the deceased family and the children of the deceased will get free education up to post graduation including hostel facilities.

(c): The Agriculture Census in the country is conducted at an interval of five years to collect data on operational holdings. In Agriculture Census, farmers are not classified as poor and rich. However, according to the size of the holding, the operational holdings are categorized in various size groups as per the following criteria:

Size Groups	Size of holding (in hectare)
Marginal	Below 1.00 ha.
Small	1.00- below 2.00 ha.
Semi-Medium	2.00- below 4.00 ha.
Medium	4.00-below 10.00 ha.
Large	10.00 ha. & above

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(d): Agriculture is a State subject and the State Governments have primary responsibility for the promotion and development of agriculture. However, the approach of the Government of India for improving farmers' welfare rests on making farming viable by way of reducing cost of cultivation, increasing production and productivity and providing remunerative prices to the farmers for their produce. To meet this objective, Government is implementing various schemes/ programmes viz., Soil Health Card, promotion of Neem Coated Urea, Paramparagat Krishi Vikas Yojana, National Agriculture Market, Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bima Yojana, etc.

Besides above, short term crop loan upto Rs.3.00 lakh is provided to farmers at an interest rate of 7% per annum with interest subvention of 3% for timely payment. In order to discourage distress sale by farmers and to encourage them to store their produce in warehouse against receipts, the benefit of interest subvention scheme has been extended to small and marginal farmers having Kisan Credit Card for a further period of six months post harvest on the same rate as available on crop loan. Further to ensure remunerative price to farmers, the Government has also increased Minimum Support Prices (MSPs) of different crops for 2016-17.

In addition, to incentivize farmers for production of pulses and oilseeds, a bonus of Rs.425/- per quintal of Arhar, Moong and Urad, Rs.200/- per quintal for Sesamum and Gram, Rs.150/- per quintal of Masur and Rs.100/- per quintal for Groundnut, Soyabean, Sunflower, Nigerseed, Rapeseed/Mustard and Safflower has also been announced.

(e): Ministry of Health and Family Welfare is currently providing mental healthcare in 339 districts in the country under the District Mental Health Programme (DMHP). The components of suicide prevention services, work place stress management, life skills training and counselling in schools and colleges are part of the activities under DMHP. These services are available free of cost to all, including farmers.
