

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE**

**LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 3704
TO BE ANSWERED ON 24TH MARCH, 2017**

HEALTHCARE INDUSTRY

3704. SHRI C. MAHENDRAN:

Will the Minister of **HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE** be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the Indian healthcare industry faces lack of basic infrastructure;
- (b) if so, the details thereof;
- (c) whether the budget allocation to health sector in the country is very low when compared to countries like United States of America and United Kingdom where they spend large amounts of money on their healthcare budgets;
- (d) if so, the details thereof;
- (e) whether the skilled medical graduates choose to go abroad or stay in urban areas for better remuneration; and
- (f) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

**THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND
FAMILY WELFARE
(SMT. ANUPRIYA PATEL)**

(a) & (b): As per National Health Profile 2016, published by Central Bureau of Health Intelligence, the detail of health infrastructure in the country is **annexed**.

(c) & (d): As per World Health Organisation, Global Health Expenditure data base, General Government health expenditure as percentage of Government expenditure in India was 5 % in 2014 as compared to United States of America 21% and United Kingdom 17%.

(e) & (f): The Government has taken note that some doctors migrate to other countries for pursuing higher studies and employment. However, no such data is maintained centrally. Medical Council of India (MCI) issues Good Standing Certificate to Indian doctors who wish to serve abroad. It has issued 4701 Good Standing Certificates during 01-04-2013 to 31-03-2016.

Public health being a State subject, the primary responsibility to ensure availability of doctors in public health facilities lies with the State Governments. However, under the National Health Mission (NHM), financial and technical support is provided to States/UTs to strengthen their healthcare systems including support for engagement of doctors on contractual basis, based on the requirements posed by the States/UTs in their Programme Implementation Plans (PIPs) within their overall resource envelope.

Support is also provided to States/UTs for hard area allowance to specialist doctors for serving in rural and remote areas and for their residential quarters so that they find it attractive to serve in public health facilities in such areas.

ANNEXURE

Statement showing detail of health infrastructure in India

S/No	Details	Numbers
1	Medical College	412
2	Dental College (BDS)	308
3	Dental College (MDS)	240
4	Nursing Institutes	2958
5	College for Pharmacy (Diploma)	735
6	Hospitals	19653
7	Hospitals Beds	754724
8	Medical care facilities under AYUSH	
	(i) Dispensary	26325
	(ii) Hospital	3632
9	Sub Centres *	1,55,069
10	Primary Health Centre*	25354
11	Community Health Centres*	5510
12	Sub Divisional Hospital*	1065
13	District Hospital*	773
14	Mobile Medical Unit*	1273
15	Blood Bank	2708
16	CGHS Allopathic Dispensary	275
17	CGHS AYUSH dispensary	85

Source : (i) National Health Profile 2016

(ii) * Rural Health Statistics 2015-16 (Provisional)